

CARPENTARIA SHIRE

Outback by the Sea

BUSINESS PAPER

20 APRIL, 2022



NOTICE OF MEETING

COUNCILLORS:

Mayor Jack Bawden

Chairperson

Cr Ashley Gallagher

Cr Bradley Hawkins

Cr Andrew Murphy

Cr Craig Young

Cr Amanda Scott

Cr Douglas Thomas

Please find attached the Agenda for the Ordinary Council Meeting to be held in the Les Wilson Barramundi Discovery Centre, Karumba commencing at 9:00am.

Mark Crawley
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

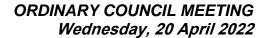


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- 1 OPENING OF MEETING
- 2 RECORD OF ATTENDANCE
- 3 CONDOLENCES
- 4 CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES FROM PREVIOUS MEETINGS

RECOMMENDATION

That the Minutes of the Ordinary Council Meeting held 16 March 2022 be confirmed.

- 5 BUSINESS ARISING FROM PREVIOUS MEETINGS
- 6 RECEPTION OF PETITIONS & DEPUTATIONS
- 7 MAYORAL MINUTES



8 CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS – ADJOURNMENT INTO CLOSED SESSION

In accordance with the *Local Government Act 2009*, and the *Local Government Regulation 2012*, in the opinion of the General manager, the following business is of a kind as referred to in clause 275(1) of the Regulation, and should be dealt with in a Confidential Session of the Council meeting closed to the press and public.

RECOMMENDATION

That Council adjourn into Closed Session and members of the press and public be excluded from the meeting of the Closed Session, and access to the correspondence and reports relating to the items considered during the course of the Closed Session be withheld unless declassified by separate resolution. This action is taken in accordance with clause 275(1) of the Local Government Regulation 2012 as the items listed come within the following provisions

8.1 Auditor General - Report to Parliament

This item is classified CONFIDENTIAL under the provisions of clause 275(1)(i) of the Local Government Regulation 2012, which permits the meeting to be closed to the public for business relating to a matter the local government is required to keep confidential under a law of, or formal arrangment with, the Commonwealth or a State.:



9 REPORTS FROM THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

9.1 CEO REPORT

Attachments: NIL

Author: Mark Crawley - Chief Executive Officer

Date: 12 April 2022

Key Outcome: Day to day management of activities within the Office of the CEO

Key Strategy: As per the Departmental Plan for the Office of the CEO

Executive Summary:

This report provides information and updates to Council on various activities and programs that are facilitated within the Chief Executive Officer's portfolio.

RECOMMENDATION:

That Council:

- 1. receive and note the Chief Executive Officer's report; and
- 2. that those matters not covered by resolution be noted.

MEETINGS SCHEDULE

Date	Time	Event	Location
Council			
20 April 2022	9:00am	Ordinary Meeting of Council	Karumba
21 April 2022	8:30am	Workshop – Councillors, CEO, Directors and Managers	Boardroom
18 May 2022	9:00am	Ordinary Meeting of Council	Boardroom
19 May 2022	8:30am	Workshop – Councillors, CEO, Directors and Managers	Boardroom
NWQROC and L	.GAQ		
5-6 May		NWQROC Meeting	Georgetown
7-8 July		NWQROC Meeting	Cloncurry
26-28 July		Bush Councils Convention	Barcaldine
6-7 October		NWQROC Meeting	Julia Creek
17-19 October		LGAQ Annual Conference	Cairns
8-9 December		NWQROC Meeting	Hughenden



Date	Time	Event	Location
Local Governm	ent Profes	sionals Australia	
2 nd half of 2022		Local Government Professionals Aust – National Congress	Queensland or N.T. (TBC)
6-8 September		Local Government Managers Australia – State Conference	Gladstone

FINANCIAL REPORT

Governance Income and Expenditure to 31 March 2022

Row Labels	Sum of Original Budget	Sum of Order Value	Sum of YTD Actual	Sum of Total Actual
☐ Operating Expenditure				
Communications	50,000	4,484	62,380	66,864
Community Recovery	0	3,021	17,429	20,451
Disaster Events	0	0	71,050	71,050
Disaster Preparedness	7,000	8,873	52,246	61,119
Elected Members	548,207	3,801	352,459	356,260
Emergency Response	110,000	270	25,741	26,011
Governance	1,185,337	27,273	733,181	760,454
Operational Plan	145,000	43,886	0	43,886
Regional Economic Developmen	t 0	0	3,500	3,500
Operating Expenditure Total	2,045,544	91,609	1,317,987	1,409,596
☐ Operating Income				
Communications	0	0	-6,601	-6,601
Disaster Preparedness	-7,000	0	-73,904	-73,904
Emergency Response	-18,000	0	-17,059	-17,059
Governance	0	0	-250	-250
Operational Plan	-10,000	0	0	0
Operating Income Total	-35,000	0	-97,814	-97,814
Grand Total	2,010,544	91,609	1,220,173	1,311,782



Tourism Budget – LWBDC Centre Manager Discovery Centre and Hatchery

Row Labels	▼ Sum of Original Budget	Sum of Order Value	Sum of YTD Actual	Sum of Total Actual
☐ Operating Expenditure				
Hatchery	399,565	548	295,716	296,264
Les Wilson Barramundi Discovery Centre	709,747	9,607	564,185	573,792
Visitor Information	265,901	1,883	125,265	127,148
Operating Expenditure Total	1,375,213	12,038	985,166	997,204
□ Operating Income				
Hatchery	-13,000	0	-35,234	-35,234
Les Wilson Barramundi Discovery Centre	-316,500	0	-323,976	-323,976
Visitor Information	-10,000	0	-5,228	-5,228
Operating Income Total	-339,500	0	-364,439	-364,439
Grand Total	1,035,713	12,038	620,727	632,766

Tourism

Row Labels	▼ Sum of Original Budget	Sum of Order Value	Sum of YTD Actual	Sum of Total Actual
□ Operating Expenditure				
Tourism Events	120,000	31,003	90,254	121,257
Operating Expenditure Total	al 120,000	31,003	90,254	121,257
□Operating Income				
Tourism Events	-10,000	0	-8,000	-8,000
Operating Income Total	-10,000	0	-8,000	-8,000
Grand Total	110,000	31,003	82,254	113,257



ACTIONS OUTSTANDING FROM PREVIOUS MEETINGS

Date:	Ref:	Action	Status	Comment
October 20	012	Concessions not granted. Upgrade the signage to provide passcode to airside traffic.	Part complete	Signage yet to be arranged. Someone scratched code on gate post.
February 21	023	approve the request subject to the conditions outlined in the Subordinate Local Law No. 1.2 Commercial use of LG controlled areas and roads	Progressing	Initial letter advising of Council support for use as requested. Follow up to be provided in relation to Local Law conditions
May 21	007	Recommence the process to finalise the Water Supply Easements in negotiation with Landholders and finalise all agreements for the water supply at Glenore.	Progressing (see below)	Met with Preston Law on 10/2/2022 to progress.
August 21	009	Advisory Committee Policy and Terms of Reference for Advisory Committees adopted	Progressing	Drafts underway for the various Advisory Committees of Council
August 21	GB	Pipeline Easement	Progressing in conjunction with Item from May Meeting	Contact made with Dean Patchett to progress the inclusion of the northern section of the easement/road in our asset register
December 21	GB	Promotional Material – development of a booklet for new residents	Progressing	Have engaged the consultant working on the Get-Ready works to prepare a booklet for Council for distribution to new residents and will also have other content for the website.
March 22	009	Preparation of new planning scheme – advise to Department	Complete	A purchase order has been issued for the development of the new Planning Scheme and the Department advised as to the commencement of the process
March 22	GB	Attendance at Gulf Academy Workshop - Cairns	Complete	Attended the workshop on behalf of Council at the weekend workshop for the Gulf Academy



MATTERS FOR COUNCIL CONSIDERATION

1. Covered in separate reports

A separate Report will be provided for all matters for Council consideration.

Recommendation: NIL

MATTERS FOR COUNCIL INFORMATION

2. Outback by the Sea Festival

Planning is progressing for the festival, and this will be covered separately in the Tourism Champions Report.

Does the Council wish to have new shirts arranged for the 2022 festival?

Recommendation: For feedback

3. QTC/UQ Training

I trust that Councillors found the recent training provided through QTC by University of Queensland of value. If there are other training sessions that the Councillors would like arranged, please advise and I will obtain a course content and pricing proposal.

Also, the LGAQ are planning the Elected Member Updates (EMU) for 2022 and the 25th August has been proposed as the date for Carpentaria Shire Council. Could you please advise if there is a specific topic that you would like further information on so I can provide the feedback to LGAQ for inclusion in the EMU. It is anticipated that the session will be morning/lunch only between 9:00am and 1:00pm (depending on Council needs).

Recommendation: For feedback

4. RFDS Charity Ball

The Chairman of RFDS Queensland Mr. Russell Postle has indicated that he will attend the Ball in August. This will be an excellent opportunity for the RFDS to provide a firsthand update of the vital service the RFDS provides to rural and remote Australia.

The RFDS has provided the following response when we advised them that we were wanting to raise funds from the Ball and provide these towards the RFDS Queensland Operations – "Thank you so much for thinking of the RFDS in planning this event"

Recommendation: For information



5. Carpentaria Shire Regional Priorities and Opportunities

The recently adopted document has been distributed to Regional Development Australia – Townsville North West for their information and inclusion of our projects into their Regional documents.

The document is also uploaded to the Council website and can be found at the following link: - https://www.carpentaria.qld.gov.au/community/economic-development-strategy

Recommendation: For information

6. Queensland Flood Appeal

Council contacted the LGAQ to ascertain the best Council for the use of the Bobcat and Tipper. Brisbane City Council CEO Mr. Colin Jensen requested that his thanks be passed onto Council for the offer of support. In early discussions with LGAQ, Logan City was likely to be the Council requiring assistance. In a further follow up we were advised that the offer for additional assistance was no longer required as the Council had got on top of the recovery, again thanks was to be passed onto Council for the offer of plant.

A cheque has been prepared for \$5,000.00 and distributed to Givit as part of the Premier's Flood Appeal.

Recommendation: For information

7. COVID Active Cases - Update

Information in relation to active COVID cases and the statistics for each of the Regions and Local Government areas can be found at the link below.

Queensland COVID-19 statistics | Health and wellbeing | Queensland Government (www.qld.qov.au).

Recommendation: For information

8. Staff Newsletters

The Office of the CEO staff Newsletters continue to be distributed to the _All_Staff, which I understand includes the Councillors. If you are not receiving these please let me know and I will ensure you receive a copy.

The latest copy included an update for staff on the Lilyvale development.

Recommendation: For information



Tourism Champions Update

Prepared by: Julie Cullen Date: 11/03/22

Destination Marketing Activity

Social Media

Matilda Way

Regular posting on the Matilda Way Facebook page recommenced in January 2022 after a new posting calendar was shared between the various tourism organisations along the route. Due to some regions not posting on their scheduled days Discover Carpentaria enjoys a good share of voice.

• 8 posts have so far enjoyed a reach of 11,453 and 899 engagements

Discover Carpentaria

Using organic posts only has seen Facebook followers increasing across the month however as would expected a high percentage of these are from the region. This profile is expected to change, and followers grow at an increased rate once the Outback by the Sea paid advertising commences.

The results below shows the reach for each platform for the six-month period Sep -March 2022.

@Discover Carpentaria





NB: The peaks in the Facebook graphs coincide with sunset and aerial images of the destination.

Advertising

Advertisements for LWBDC were renewed in two key travel and trade publications:

- Caravanning Australia
- Drive North Queensland Map

The advertisement for LWBDC in the <u>Outback Queensland Travellers Guide</u> was published this month with an accompanying media release to support distribution of the magazine throughout the industry networks.

RTO Memberships

Awaiting feedback on recommendation in February's report: that LWBDC maintains membership with both OQTA and TTNQ to leverage maximum benefit and value. Depending on timing of the membership renewal period it may now be sensible to enact any changes in FY23



Gulf Savannah Development

Awaiting update on the progression of the LTO and then can determine how best to leverage the opportunities provided.

Influencers in Region

Well progressed with \$20,000 funding fully secured through TTNQ and the agreement signed with Sabio Agency to approach a list of identified influencers that attracts our target market.

The list has been approved and the influencers are now being approached for interest.

Industry Development

Discussions with the Communities Officer suggest there is an opportunity to increase Indigenous participation in the tourism industry and enhance the profile of existing Indigenous product. This is a recommended activity for FY22/23 while there is still significant funding for this type of activity.

Experience and Event Development

The 2022 OBTSF

All musical acts for the festival concert have been confirmed with Adam Harvey, Raechel Whitchurch, Neil Murray and Camille Trail in the line-up. Concert tickets are now on sale on the LWBDC website. These are capped at 300 to comply with Building Code regulations.

The concert poster has been created and this will now be used for the promotion of ticket sales.

The weeklong Festival Program is being compiled and I have confidence we will have a solid range of activities by the end of April that we can then use to promote the broader event.

The OBTSF 2023

A decision on the outcome of the dates for 2023 is welcomed.

It is noted that while K150 are promoting their event and accommodation bookings during the same week as proposed for the festival there could be difficulties in securing accommodation for the festival artists and attendees.



9.2 SOUTHERN GULF NRM WEED PROJECT - CSC

Attachments:	 9.2.1. Karumba Township Folia Treatment 9.2.2. Normanton Township Folia Treatment 9.2.3. Normanton Karumba Belly Ache Bust Treatment 9.2.4. Norman River Catchment Water Hyacinth Project 9.2.5. Karumba Township Dry Season Basal Bark Project 9.2.6. Normanton Township Dry Season Basal Bark Project
Author:	Mark Crawley - Chief Executive Officer
Date:	7 April 2022
Key Outcome:	The region's environmental assets including natural areas and resources, open spaces, and agricultural land, are conserved and enhanced for future generations
Key Strategy:	Implement the recommendations contained with the Biosecurity Plan - Pest animals and plants

Executive Summary:

The DRFA funded Stage 1 and 2 – Carpentaria Shire Weeds Program is now complete and the Southern Gulf NRM Land Protection Officer has submitted his reports in relation to the projects undertaken.

RECOMMENDATION:

That Council acknowledge the reports provided by the Southern Gulf NRM Land Protection Officer in relation to the Carpentaria Shire Weeds Program funded under the DRFA for Stage 1 and 2.

Background:

The background information below has been provided by the Southern Gulf NRM Land Protection Officer Mr Scott Middleton, who undertook the projects within the Carpentaria Shire.

As you would be aware, the DRFA Stage 1 and Stage 2 - Carpentaria Shire Weeds Program is now complete. This was the largest weeds investment CSC has ever received from an NRM group and the largest weeds funding investment the shire has received since the Blueprint for the Bush program. It's a real shame to see this funding and Gulf Savannah NRMs position in our community come to an end.

Gulf Savannah have achieved some significant economic, environmental and industry outcomes across the Carpentaria Shire LGA including:

- Over \$600,00 of funding has been delivered to invasive pest plant programs within the Carpentaria Shire LGA (including >150,000ha of aerial and on ground surveillance and treatment across the Saxby, Flinders, Norman River Junction Flood Plains).
- Carpentaria Shire Council received \$80,000 for four 1080 programs.
- Approximately \$80,000 of funding was spent on invasive pest plant programs on Council lands.
- >\$120,000 was provided to the CLCAC for aerial pig control.



- One full time position and two part time positions filled within the local community.
- Water hyacinth is now confirmed to be absent from the Norman River Catchment.
- All isolated, new or emerging invasive pest plants of significance (bellyache bush etc) have been surveyed, mapped and treated throughout the Shire.
- Project plans and reporting standards provide asset management / good business decision making tools.

See attached final reports (x3 emails / x6 reports)

- 1. 2021 Wet Season foliar application programs (x 4 reports attached)
- 2. 2021 Dry Season basal bark/graslan application programs (x 2 reports attached) Scott expressed his thanks to Council for our support during the project.

Consultation (Internal/External):

- Southern Gulf NRM Scott Middleton Land Protection Officer
- Mayor Jack Bawden
- Director Corporate Services Julianne Meier

Legal Implications:

N/A

Financial and Resource Implications:

N/A

Risk Management Implications:

- Workplace Health and Safety Risk is assessed as low
- Financial Risk is assessed as low
- Public Perception and Reputation Risk is assessed as low

Disaster Recovery Funding Arrangements

DRFA - Carpentaria Shire Weeds Programs Gulf Savannah NRM

Normanton and Karumba Peri Urban Flood Plains Program

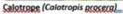
Karumba **Invasive Pest Plants Project**

















Rubber vine (Cryptostegia graniflora)

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Figure 2: Normanton Invasive Pest Plants Project – Foliar Treatment Area 2021 Map 2
3.0 Normanton Invasive Pest Plants Project – Photo Monitoring Points (2021 Wet Season Foliar Applications)9

1.0 Karumba Invasive Pest Plants Project - Overview (2021 Wet Season Foliar Applications)

spread of various weed communities Weed communities in Karumba are exacerbated by severe flood events creating ongoing seed spread and deposition events contributing to the ongoing incremental Karumba is located at the mouth of the Norman River catchment and subsequently has significantly more weed issues than the Normanton surrounds at flood level

species of national significance (linking fresh, saline and hypersaline environments dissected by elevated lands) coastal wetlands and linking habitats of national significance. Peri urban wetland areas were identified for their diverse, critical habitats to local and migratory The aim of the DRFA Karumba Invasive Pest Plants Project was to target weed communities and weed seed deposition areas posing risk or adverse impacts to

during the 2020 survey and basal bark treatment program This project, wet season foliar applications targeted widespread weed communities within ephemeral wetlands, adjacent to saline areas and clean areas established

unique areas within the nationally significant wetlands surrounding the Karumba township The aim of this project, wet season foliar applications was to remove the contained weed communities contributing to localised seed sources and expand clean and

The 2021 wet season foliar applications program was segmented and implemented across (x4) four environmentally sensitive and nationally significant habitats

- Fielding St wetlands: this site contains ephemeral brackish wetlands dissected by elevated ridges, linking tidal wetlands and mangrove areas all of which are consumed by widespread weed communities, all of which are critical for local and migratory waterbird species
- 2 Karumba Point Envirowalk: This site begins at fielding street and continues south-east to the pedestrian bridge where widespread weed communities are consuming elevated lands (typically marine couch areas) adjacent to tidal areas (saline and hypersaline wetland habitats) critical for local and migratory waterbird species
- ω Karumba Point Road Wetlands: This site is south of the Kba Pt Road where scattered weed communities are rapidly spreading across elevated lands (marine
- 4. Karumba Point primary costal dune: This site predominantly contains Neem regrowth from 2020 basal bark programs along sensitive coastal habitats.

1.1 Surveillance Outcomes

bark program. Karumba point road wetlands), although additional surveillance/inspections were also implemented across sites previously identified during the DRFA 2020 basal Wet season surveillance/treatment areas focused on (x4) four target areas (Fielding St wetlands, Karumba point Envirowalk, Karumba point primary costal dune and

- Various weed communities were observed across each of the (x4) target areas with densities ranging from common to abundant. Karumba point primary costal dune (Neem with scattered Calotrope)
- o Fielding St wetlands (Rubber vine, Barleria, Neem and Chine apple with scattered Bellyache bush, Calotrope, Athel pine, Senna alata and obtusifolia) o Karumba point Envirowalk (Rubber vine with scattered Chinee apple, Neem and Calotrope)

Karumba point road wetlands (Rubber vine, Chinee apple and Calotrope)

- Additional surveillance/inspections surrounding sites previously identified during the DRFA 2020 basal bark program resulted in collection of several new weed incursions of national, regional or local significance
- Three (x3) new/previously undiscovered weeds of concern were recorded across multiple sites during surveillance (Mesquite, Prickly acacia and Sicklepod –
- Bellyache bush, Mesquite and P.acacia were not treated under this program (treated under separate programs)

Restricted invasive biosecurity matter under the Act)

 Total area of surveillance/treatment was 20ha as illustrated in figures 1 and 2, although not all wet season surveillance routes outside the target treatment areas were included.

1.2 Treatment Outcomes

due to suitability for wet season foliar applications. point Envirowalk, Karumba point primary costal dune and Karumba point road wetlands), which were identified and contained during the 2020 basal bark program Wet season foliar applications targeted Rubber vine, Chinee apple, Neem, Barleria and Senna alata across the (x4) four target areas (Fielding St wetlands, Karumba

- Foliar applications were applied using a vehicle mounted 360ltr high volume spray unit, quad bike/100ltr spot sprayer unit and by handheld knapsacks Contractor 4x4 ATV with 400ltr high volume spray unit was also made available for short periods during the wet season program
- Treatments implemented consisted of foliar applications using a mixture of Grazon Extra (Triclopyr and Picloram) @ 350-500ml/100ltr and Brushof (Metsulfuron Methy) @1.5gm/100ltr with suitable (non-ionic or organosilicone) wetting agent to create a residual effect for seedling / germination mitigation.
- Multiple treatments were required at Fielding St wetlands, Karumba point Envirowalk to "open up" and allow sufficient access to dense weed communities Foliar application rates were adjusted to suit the target site and spp.
- Bellyache bush, Mesquite, Athel Pine and P.acacia were not treated under this program
- Contractor (4x4 ATV, spray unit etc) and staff availability accompanied by wet weather hindered planning, site access and general delivery of wet season
- The four areas targeted during the 2021 wet season foliar applications program were all 90-100% complete. The Karumba point coastal dune regrowth from Envirowalk would have also benefit from an additional application 2020 basal bark program was not entirely complete due to the stoppage and unavailability of preferred/selective herbicides. Both the Karumba point rd and
- The presence of Rubber vine rust in Karumba, including the variation in plant health among species across each site contributed to a significant variation in foliar although mortality rates observed across the x4 target areas appears to vary considerably. application outcomes i.e. mortality rates (discussed further in 1.4 Project Conclusion). Foliar applications were highly efficient in opening up dense areas
- A total of 5,060ltrs of herbicide was applied during 58.5hrs of treatment over an area of 20ha area

1.3 Project In-kind Contribution

applications program. Carpentaria Shire Council have agreed to contribute to the Karumba weeds program which included the protection of the DRFA investment Carpentaria Shire Council are the owners or trustees over the vast majority of lands in which has been surveyed and treated under this 2021 wet season foliar

control measures across 200acres of additional widespread Neem, Chinee apple, Rubber vine, Calotrope etc. Council have also begun to implement wet season follow up, herbicide treatments targeting seedlings and regrowth Carpentaria Shire Council have contributed significant in-kind resources (\$150,000+) to the Karumba Weeds Program through the implementation of mechanica

Project Conclusio

likely provide additional support to these programs. distribution, density, spread risk and impacts posed to nationally significant wetlands surrounding the Karumba area. The 2021 - treatment 3 basal bark program will Invasive pest plant communities surveyed and treated during both DRFA programs (2020 - treatment 1 and 2021 - treatment 2) have significantly reduced the

- This project, wet season foliar applications treated all invasive plants within the defined target areas surrounding Karumba Point (see figure 1 and 2).
- Mortality rates from foliar applications appeared to vary with species, site conditions and plant health (i.e. water stress, plant leaf v stem size, rust / leaf damage, growing in trees, dense flowering/seeding etc). Although treatments were still highly efficient (comparative to other treatment methods) in opening up dense areas which will support the efficiency of future integrated fire programs and/or follow up treatments.
- Mortality rates varied considerably between sites using herbicides and rates described above in 1.2 Treatments
- Foliar applications to a Rubber vine community with the presence of rust is not recommended as the presence of rust has proven to reduce mortality. Rust is present from low to high levels throughout all Rubber vine communities surrounding Karumba
- Follow up treatments should rely on basal bark and only apply foliar treatments for "opening up" with consideration to use of fire and more selective herbicides within the integrated process for regrowth treatments
- A weed/seed/hazard reduction burn is strongly recommended to reduce fuel loads, weed seed and mitigate seedling recruitment throughout the project area. Adjacent areas to project sites (areas east of the cemetery) which were not treated, contained high levels of rust and fuel loads highly suitable for an effective weed/seed burn. The potential for enhancing efficiency with fire should be a serious consideration
- Weed Alert: Three (x3) new/previously unrecorded weeds of concern were recorded across multiple sites during surveillance (Mesquite, Prickly acacia and roadside. Sicklepod is at risk of being spread further by slashing and other machinery (i.e. grader, dozer etc). Sicklepod seed can last for up to ten years and can Sicklepod – Restricted invasive biosecurity matter under the Act). Sicklepod (Senna obtusifolia) was observed near the waste facility and karumba point form dense, spreading monocultures over a short period of time.

2.0 Karumba Invasive Pest Plants Project - Treatment Data (2021 Wet Season Foliar Applications)

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20ha	5,060ltr	ТВС	(Graz) 22.95ltr (Mets) 801.50gm (Wet) 5.05ltr (Dye) 3.1ltr	58.5hrs	ТВС	Totals						
0	0	0	0	5:00	0	(1) 5:00	and Reporting	Monitoring	Data Collation, Mapping, Monitoring and Reporting	Data		
ТВС	ТВС	TBC	TBC	ТВС	твс	0	le, dense weed e apple, Neem & if \$150,000+.	g of large scal r vine, Chined total value o	Mechanical clearing of large scale, dense weed communities (Rubber vine, Chinee apple, Neem & Calotrope) to the total value of \$150,000+.	05/08/21 to 05/10/21	Karumba to Karumba Point secondary dunal system	
ТВС	ТВС	ТВС	твс	ТВС	ТВС	0	s Rangers ram e, Neem	ncil funded indigenous Ran 5-day basal bark program ober vine, Chinee apple, No and Calotrope)	Council funded indigenous Rangers 5-day basal bark program (Rubber vine, Chinee apple, Neem and Calotrope)	03/05/21 to 07/05/21	Karumba (east) Enviro Walk	
	720	0	(Graz) 2.70ltr (Mets) 90gm	12:00	0	(1) 6:00 (3) 6:00	2	4	Rubber vine, Chinee apple, Neem and Calotrope	05/05/21	Fielding st Wetlands, Kba Pt Coastal Dune and Kba Pt Rd Wetlands	
	900	0	(Graz) 4.05ltr (Mets) 135gm	6:00	0	(1) 6:00			Calotrope	06/04/21		
20	790	0	Graz) 3.60ltr (Mets) 150gm (Wet) 0.80ltr	10:30	0	(1) 5:15 (3) 5:15	2	2 & 3	Rubber vine, Chinee apple,	17/03/21	Kba Pt Enviro Walk	
	600	0	(Graz) 2.70ltr (Mets) 90gm (Wet) 0.70ltr (Dye) 0.60ltr	6:30	0	(1) 1:00 (2) 3:00 (3) 2:30	\$,	Calotrope	16/03/21	Wetlands	Carpentaria Shire Council Lands
	2050	0	(Graz) 9.75ltr (Mets) 330gm (Wet) 3.55ltr (Dye) 2.50	18:45	0	(1) 6:15 (2) 6:15 (3) 6:15	1 8 2	_	Rubber vine, Chinee	15/03/21	Fielding st	
Treatment Area (ha)	Total 1 Herbicide Mix Itr	In Kind Herbicide Itr	DRFA Herbicide ltr	Total Labour	In kind Labour	DRFA Operator(s) Labour	no.	Monitoring Sites	Pest	Date	Site Name	Property Name
Total		Herbicide			hrs:mins		S	Photo				





pg. 8



PMP 1 - After (4 months after treatment)



pg. 9

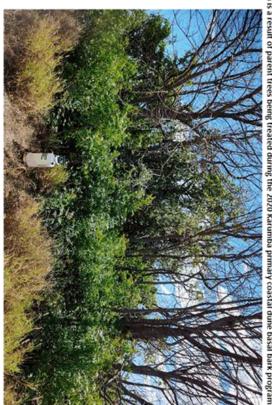


PMP 4.1 – Before

PMP 4.2 - Before *Neem tree regrowth is a result of parent trees being treated during the 2020 Karumba







All coastal natives were left unharmed (see pic above).

Disaster Recovery Funding Arrangements

DRFA - Carpentaria Shire Weeds Programs Gulf Savannah NRM

Normanton and Karumba Peri Urban Flood Plains Program

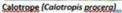
Normanton Invasive Pest Plants Project













Chinee apple (Ziziphus mguritiana)



Neem Tree (Azadirachta indica)



Rubber vine (Cryptostegia graniflora)

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1.0 Normanton Invasive Pest Plants Project - Overview (2021 Wet Season Foliar Applications)

wetlands containing mixed weed communities of varying distribution and densities flood level 6m – 7m). This area consists of flood prone, weed seed deposition areas with linking sub catchments, ephemeral springs and nationally significant The Normanton invasive pest plant project targets land (mixed tenure) between the Norman River (0m flood level) to the peri urban outskirts of Normanton (2019

treatment program and were contained in preparation for more suitable, wet season foliar treatments. 7m) 2019 high water flood area. These weed communities are located upstream or adjacent to clean areas established during the 2020 survey and basal bark This project "2021 Wet Season Foliar Applications" targeted remaining isolated, dense, actively growing annual and perennial weed communities within the (6m -

areas within nationally significant wetlands and locally important ephemeral springs to the high-water flood level (6m-7m) surrounding the Normanton township The aim of the wet season foliar application is to remove the remaining (contained) weed communities contributing to localised seed sources and expand clean

1.1 Surveillance Outcomes

- Surveillance focused on (x3) three broad target areas located within the 6m-7m flood level which were identified and contained during the 2020 survey and School dam sub catchment (Figure 2 - PMP2 & PMP3), basal bark treatments. The (x3) three target areas which included the western town common and Zahner creek spring (Figure 1 – PMP1 & PMP4), and the
- Each of the (x3) three target areas contained, mixed weed communities with common to abundant densities Zahner creek spring (Neem, Senna alata and Bellyache bush with small areas of Rubber vine)
- Western town common (Rubber vine and Neem with scattered Chinee apple and Calotrope) School dam sub catchment (Rubber vine, Neem, with scattered Bellyache bush and small areas of dense Senna alata and obtusifolia)
- Bellyache bush was not mapped or treated under this program (surveyed and treated under a separate program)
- One (x1) new previously undiscovered weed of concern was identified during surveillance (Sicklepod Restricted invasive biosecurity matter under the Biosecurity Act 2014) which was mapped and treated (see figure 2)
- Total area of surveillance/treatment was 15ha as illustrated in figures 1 and 2, although not all wet season surveillance routes outside the target treatment area were included.

1.2 Treatment Outcomes

Wet season foliar applications targeted Rubber vine, Chinee apple, Neem and Senna alata across the (x3) three broad target areas identified and contained during School dam sub catchment). the 2020 survey and basal bark treatments program as all being suitable for wet season foliar applications (western town common, Zahner creek spring and the

- Foliar applications were applied using a vehicle mounted 360ltr high volume spray unit, quad bike/100ltr spot sprayer unit and by handheld knapsacks. Contractor 4x4 ATV with 400ltr high volume spray unit was also made available for short periods during the wet season program
- Treatments implemented consisted of foliar applications using a mixture of Grazon Extra (Triclopyr and Picloram) @ 350-500ml/100ltr and Brushoff adjusted to suit the target site and spp (Metsulfuron Methyl with suitable wetting agent) @15gm/100ltr to create a residual effect for seedling / germination mitigation. Foliar application rates were
- Multiple treatments were required at Zahner ck and to a lesser extent, the school dam sub catchment to "open up" dense areas of mixed weed communities.
- Bellyache bush was not treated under this program
- Contractor (4x4 ATV, spray unit etc) and staff availability accompanied by wet weather hindered planning, site access and general delivery of wet season
- The (x3) three areas targeted during the 2021 wet season foliar applications program were all 95-100% complete, although Zahner creek would have benefited from an additional clean up application targeting remaining patches of senna alata.
- Mortality rates varied considerably across all sites
- Mortality rates appeared to vary with species, site conditions and plant health (i.e. water stress, plant leaf v stem size, rust / leaf damage, growing in trees, dense flowering/seeding etc) although treatments were highly efficient (comparative to other treatment methods) in opening up these dense areas for additional, future integrated control measures i.e. fire
- A total of 3,330ltrs of herbicide was applied during 42.50hrs of treatment over an area of 15ha

1.3 Project In-kind Contribution

applications program Carpentaria Shire Council are the owners or trustees over the vast majority of lands in which has been surveyed and treated under this 2021 wet season foliar

Karumba (\$150,000+). have allocated significant resources to the Normanton and Karumba weed programs thus far, although to date the majority of council funding has been allocated to Carpentaria Shire Council have agreed to contribute to the Normanton and Karumba weed programs which included the protection of the DRFA investment. Counci

1.4 DRFA Project Conclusion

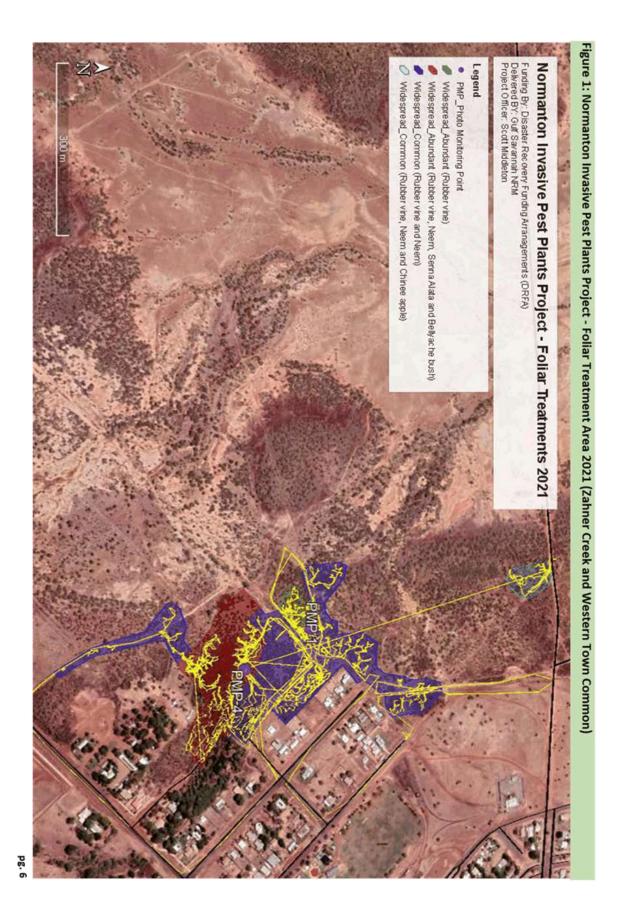
posed on nationally significant wetlands and linking ephemeral springs surrounding the Normanton township flood area (6m-7m) Both the 2020 DRFA basal bark programs and 2021 DRFA foliar application programs have significantly reduced the distribution, density, spread risk and impacts

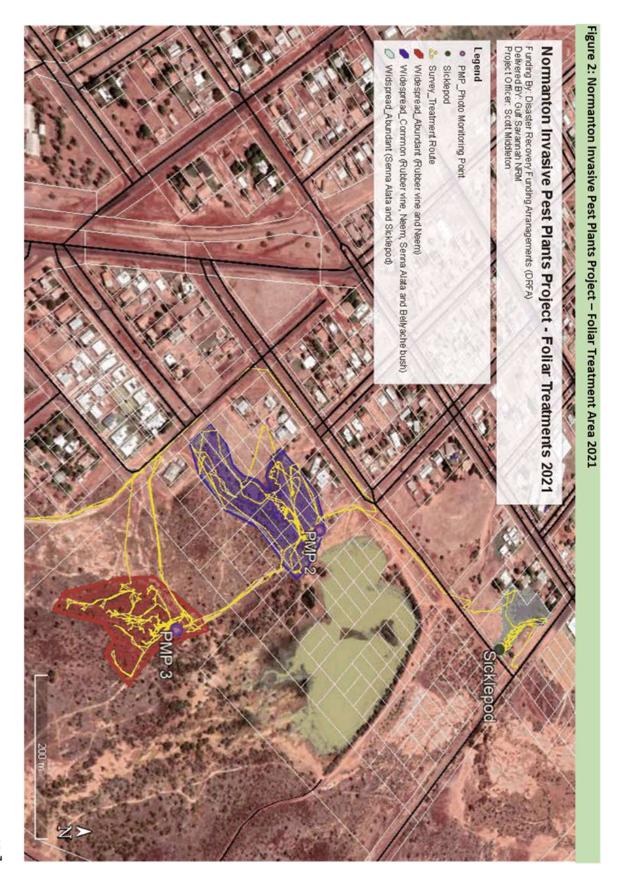
DRFA funding has also provided substantial leverage and direction among landholders to support and commit to ongoing control of targeted weed communities.

- This project, wet season foliar applications treated all remaining, contained weed communities (6-7m) inclusive of dense Rubber vine, Neem and Senna communities posing spread risk to adjacent or below weed free areas
- Wet season foliar application mortality results are known to vary with water stress, heat stress, plant leaf v stem size, rust / leaf damage, dense selective herbicides and fire within the integrated process for treating regrowth flowering/seeding etc. Follow up treatments should rely on basal bark and only apply foliar treatments for "opening up" with consideration to use of more
- Target areas now consist of high fuel loads containing both native and invasive plant material which will soon be subject to wet season, weed seed germination events. Fire is strongly recommended to reduce fuel loads (mitigate wildfires) and seedling recruitment throughout the Normanton peri urban area accompanied by follow up by even minimal weed treatment programs
- Weed Alert: a new weed, Sicklepod (Senna obtusifolia) has been recorded adjacent to the Normanton school dam reserve (see figure 2) within the high water sites) which are all at risk of being spread further by slashing and other machinery (i.e. grader). Sicklepod seed can last for up to ten years and can form dense Sicklepod has also been recorded at the Normanton Waste Facility, Karumba (x5+ sites), Burke Dev Road south of Normanton (x10+ sites) and Iffley Road (x5+ flood level where it is now being spread further by the town slasher which poses a significant risk of widespread seed distribution during and postflood events spreading monocultures within riparian areas over a short period of time.

2.0 Normanton Invasive Pest Plants Project - Treatment Data (2021 Wet Season Foliar Applications)

15ha	3,330ltr	0	(Graz) 14.26ltr (Mets) 464.50gm	42:30hrs	0	Totals						
	0	0	0	4:00	0	(1) 10:00	eporting	nitoring and Re	Data Collation, Mapping, Monitoring and Reporting	Data Colla		
	250	0	(Graz) 1.00ltr (Mets) 35gm	4:00	0	(1) 4:00	N A	PMP 5	Rubber vine & Neem	NA	Caroline Street (Excess herbicide treatment area)	
	250	0	(Graz) 1.00ltr (Mets) 35gm	3:00	0	(1) 1:00 (3) 2:00		PMP 1	Rubber vine, Yellow candle	19/05/21	Zahner Creek	
	200	0	(Graz) 0.80ltr (Mets) 30gm	1:00	0	(3) 1:00		PMP 1	Yellow candle	12/05/21	Zahner Creek	
	400	0	(Graz) 1.8.ltr (Mets) 45gm	3:15	0	(1) 3:15		PMP 4	Rubber vine & Neem	09/04/21	Town Common West	
15			mScz (ciaixi)					PMP 3	Rubber vine, Neem		School dam sub catchment	Lands
	500	0	(Graz) 2.255ltr	4:15	0	(1) 4:15	2	PMP 1	Rubber vine, Neem, Yellow candle	09/04/21	Zahner Creek	Carpentaria Shire Council
	700	0	(Graz) 3.15ltr (Mets) 90gm	5:30	0	(1) 5:30		PMP 1 & 4	Rubber vine, Yellow candle	01/04/21	Zahner Creek and Town Common West	
	600	0	(Graz) 2.40ltr (Mets) 90gm	9:00	0	(3) 4:30		PMP 1 & 4	Rubber vine, Neem, Yellow candle	03/03/21	Zahner Creek and Town Common West	
							_	NA	Yellow candle		Bullant Ridge	
	430	0	(Graz) 1.86ltr (Mets) 64.5gm	8:30	0	(1) 4:15 (3) 4:15		PMP 2	Rubber vine, Neem, Sickle pod, Yellow candle	02/03/21	School dam sub catchment	
Treatment Area (ha)	Total Herbicide Mix Itr	In Kind Herbicide Itr	DRFA Herbicide ltr	Total Labour	In kind Labour	DRFA Operator(s) Labour	S E	Monitoring Sites	Pest	Date	Site Name	Name
Total		Herbicide			Labour hrs:mins		3	Photo				Property





PMP 1 - After

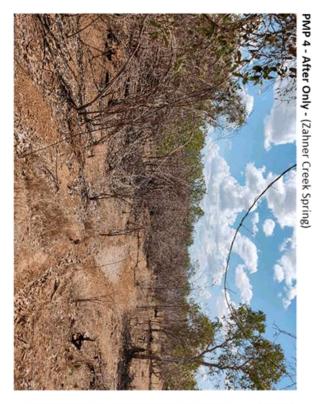


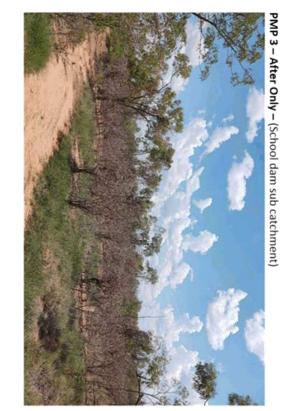


pg. 8











Disaster Recovery Funding Arrangements Gulf Savannah NRM

DRFA - Carpentaria Shire Weeds Programs

Norman River Catchment Bellyache Bush (Jatropha gossypiifolia) Project Normanton and Karumba









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1.0 Normanton and Karumba Bellyache Bush Project - Overview (2021 Wet Season Foliar Applications)

adverse impacts to surrounding wetlands of national significance (Southern Gulf Wetland Aggregation) Bellyache bush is located within the peri urban wetland areas surrounding Normanton and Karumba. Continued flood related spread poses a significant risk of

Carpentaria Weeds Program. impacts to the local coastal wetlands of national significance. All sites identified during survey programs have been mapped and treated under the DRFA The aim of the Norman River catchment Bellyache Bush Project (Normanton and Karumba) was to target communities posing significant risk of spread and adverse

sites (Karumba x3 sites and Normanton x 12 sites) This project 2021 wet season, Normanton and Karumba Bellyache Bush Project contributed to (2) two treatment applications across a total of fifteen (15 +) project

and densities (risk and adverse impacts) of all known Bellyache bush communities in the Norman River catchment to scattered seedlings and remaining seed banks

The DRFA Norman River catchment Bellyache Bush Project - Normanton and Karumba 2020/2021 treatment programs have significantly reduced the distribution

Karumba

- Total Surveillance/Treatment area was 8ha as illustrated in figure 1, although not all wet season surveillance routes were included i.e. missing contractor routes, post treatment inspections/additional mediation treatments etc.
- A total of 315ltrs of herbicide was applied during 19.5hrs of treatment over an area of 8ha

Normanton

- Total Surveillance/Treatment area was 70ha as illustrated in figure 2, although not all wet season surveillance routes were included i.e. missing contractor routes, post treatment inspections/additional mediation treatments etc.
- A total of 3,216ltrs of herbicide was applied during 80:30hrs of treatment over an area of 70ha

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1.1 Surveillance Outcomes Overview

20 April 2022

due to ideal growing conditions during the wet season of 2020/2021, outlying Bellyache bush seedlings were observed (and treated) within previously No new Bellyache bush communities were observed during 2021 surveillance across either Normanton or Karumba peri urban wetlands or adjacent areas. Although surveyed/absent areas.

1.11 Surveillance Outcomes 2021 – Karumba:

- All known Bellyache bush sites (and beyond) were surveyed.
- Two (2) surveillance / treatments were applied across all three (3) Karumba Bellyache bush sites during the 2021 wet season program. Surveillance outcomes (post 2020 treatments and also post 2021 treatments) across the three (3) Karumba Bellyache bush sites has been described below:
- 1. Wells Yard During the 1st 2021 survey (pre 2021 treatment 1), individual Bellyache bush plants were observed scattered adjacent to wells yard south-west along the storm water drain. The distribution of Bellyache bush appeared to remain unchanged post 2020 treatments although densities increased consisting of seedling recruitment. During the 2nd 2021 survey (post 2021 treatment 1), only a few individual Bellyache bush seedlings were observed and
- Fielding Street During the 1st 2021 survey (pre 2021 treatment 1), individual Bellyache bush plants were observed scattered from the corner of fielding densities increased consisting of seedling recruitment. During the 2nd 2021 survey (post 2021 treatment 1), only a few individual Bellyache bush seedlings street south along the topside of the stormwater drain. The distribution of Bellyache bush appeared to remain unchanged post 2020 treatments although were observed and treated
- Karumba Dump Wetland A large dense Bellyache bush community (50mx20m) was recorded scattered (outliers to <50m) amongst a dense Chinee apple mortality. During the 2^{na} 2021 survey (post 2021 treatment 1), mortality of the core community was recorded at 100% with only a few individual Bellyache remained unchanged although outlier densities reduced considerably. Mature plants within the core community appeared to have resisted 2020 treatment ridge, on the edge of the wetland, approximately 250m south-west of the Karumba dump. During the 1st 2021 survey (pre 2021 treatment 1), distribution bush seedlings observed and treated throughout the site post 2021 treatment.

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1.12 Surveillance Outcomes 2021 – Normanton:

All known Bellyache bush sites (and beyond) were surveyed

- Additional surveillance has been undertaken across areas not previously surveyed during 2020, although further surveillance and delimitation is still required across these areas including:
- Scouller energy and Lillyvale
- Areas between the new dump and old dump sites
- Areas surrounding the golf club
- All twelve (12) sites were surveyed and treated at least once. Two (2+) applications were applied across three (3+) of the twelve (12) Normanton Bellyache bush Surveillance outcomes (post 2020 treatments and post 2021 treatments) across each site are described below: sites, although the remaining sites also received inspection and minor mediation treatments (hand removal or basal barking) during the 2021 wet season program
- Golf Club During the 1st 2021 survey (pre 2021 treatment 1), the distribution of the two (2) isolated communities remained unchanged and densities dense community). During the 2^{nd} 2021 survey (post 2021 treatment 1), only a few scattered, unhealthy seedlings were observed increase although only containing seedling recruitment as a result of 2020 treatments (Site 1 originally contained <50 plants and Site 2 consisted of a small
- 2 Bullant Ridge - During the 1st 2021 survey (pre 2021 treatment 1), the distribution of the BAB community reduced marginally and a clear reduction in the density of established communities was observed as a result of 2020 treatments (originally contained widespread and dense communities). During the 2nd inspection revealed only a few scattered seedlings present, some areas were hand removed. This area contains ideal conditions to maintain an extensive 2021 survey (post 2021 treatment 1), the distribution and density had noticeably reduced to scattered seedlings with isolated seedling patches. A final
- New Dump During the 1st 2021 survey (pre 2021 treatment 1), the distribution of all three (3) sites remained unchanged and although the density had clearly reduced post 2020 treatments, communities of dense seedling recruitment remained (originally contained widespread, dense communities). During been mechanically cleared and or filled dense seedlings were observed and treated at site three (3). Some parts of the project site along the dump outskirts (riparian areas -sites 2 and 3) have since the 2nd 2021 survey (post 2021 treatment 1), whilst distribution and density had reduced (significantly) to scattered seedlings at sites two (1) and three (2),
- Old Dump During the 1st 2021 survey (pre 2021 treatment 1), the distribution had reduced only marginally, although the density had reduced significantly contained within a bunged wall with isolated outlier communities). During the 2nd 2021 survey (post 2021 treatment 1), whilst distribution and density had across the site, with mostly minor seedling recruitment observed from 2020 treatments (originally contained a large, widespread, dense community reduced significantly, seedlings were observed, although not able to be treated due to plant health.
- Horse Paddock 1 During the 1st 2021 survey (pre 2021 treatment 1), the distribution had reduced only marginally, although the density had reduced significantly across the site, with mostly dense seedling recruitment observed from 2020 treatments (originally contained a large, widespread, dense density had reduced significantly, scattered seedlings were observed, although not able to be treated due to plant health community contained within a bunged wall with isolated outlier communities). During the 2nd 2021 survey (post 2021 treatment 1), whilst distribution and

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- Horse Paddock 2 During the 1st 2021 survey (pre 2021 treatment 1), the distribution had reduced only marginally, although the density had reduced or communities). During the 2nd 2021 survey (post 2021 treatment 1), whilst distribution and density had reduced significantly, only a few dozen scattered significantly across the several small sites, with mostly scattered seedling recruitment observed from 2020 treatments (originally contained localised plants seedlings were observed and hand removed
- Horse Paddock 3 During the 1st 2021 survey (pre 2021 treatment 1), the distribution and density had reduced significantly to scattered, plants or patches of distribution and density had reduced significantly, only a few scattered seedlings were observed and hand removed seedlings as a result of 2020 treatments (originally contained widespread plants and communities). During the 2nd 2021 survey (post 2021 treatment 1),
- œ Zahner Creek During the 1st 2021 survey (pre 2021 treatment 1), the distribution and density had reduced significantly, although a number of scattered, widespread, dense established communities). During the 2nd 2021 survey (post 2021 treatment 1), whilst distribution and density had reduced significantly, site was reduced to a few areas of scattered seedlings and scattered outlier seedlings, which were also treated using access and diesel (no data available). established patches remained and widespread dense seedlings were also observed across the entire site as a result of 2020 treatments (originally contained scattered seedling patches were still observed in some areas (high extensive seed load sites) and required additional treatment. Post 2021 treatment 2, the
- 9 **Town common** During the 1^{st} 2021 survey (pre 2021 treatment 1), the distribution and density had reduced significantly to scattered seedlings as a result of had reduced significantly to a few scattered seedlings which were hand removed 2020 treatments (originally contained scattered plants and small communities). During the 2nd 2021 survey (post 2021 treatment 1), distribution and density
- 10. Gulf Concrete (DNRW) During the 1st 2021 survey (pre 2021 treatment 1), the core distribution had reduced only marginally, although the density of the increased because of the better season, and not as a result of 2020 treatments (originally contained a large dense core with scattered outlier communities core area had reduced significantly to scattered, plants or seedling patches. The distribution and density of plants leading down the adjoining creek dozen, scattered seedlings were observed although were not able to be treated due to poor plant health leading down an adjoining creek line). During the 2nd 2021 survey (post 2021 treatment 1), distribution and density had reduced significantly, only a few
- 11. Hospital hill During the 1st 2021 survey (pre 2021 treatment 1), the core distribution and density had reduced only marginally, with scattered seedling During the 2nd 2021 survey (post 2021 treatment 1), distribution and density had reduced significantly, only a few scattered seedlings were observed and patches remaining as a result of 2020 treatments (originally contained a small dense core with scattered outlier communities around the disturbed areas)
- School Dam catchment During the 1st 2021 survey (pre 2021 treatment 1), the core distribution and density had reduced only marginally, with scattered drainage line). During the 2nd 2021 survey (post 2021 treatment 1), distribution and density had reduced significantly, only a few scattered seedlings were seedling patches remaining as a result of 2020 treatments (originally contained a small dense core with scattered outlier communities along the stormwater observed and treated using access and diesel (no data available)

1.20 Treatment Outcomes Overview

drainage lines and significant wetland areas This project (Normanton and Karumba Bellyache Bush Project) consisted of wet season foliar applications for treatment of Bellyache bush within or adjacent to

- Foliar applications were applied using a vehicle mounted 360ltr high volume spray unit, quad bike/100ltr spot sprayer unit and by handheld knapsacks. On occasions we had access to an ATV mounted 400ltr high volume spray unit
- Contractor (4x4 ATV, spray unit etc) and staff unavailability including wet weather during peak growing periods hindered planning, site access and general delivery of the wet season foliar applications. Therefore, this program relied on whatever equipment and labour was available for what site could be accessed during the peak growing period.
- Foliar applications contained a mixture of Starane (Fluroxypur) @ 350ml/100ltr and Brushoff (Metsulfuron Methyl with suitable wetting agent) @15gm/100ltr to create a residual effect for seedling / germination mitigation
- The combination of Starane, Metsulfuron and a suitable wetting agent (*Pulse) provided a critical residual effect which not only enhanced the effectiveness of treatments (increased mortality rate) it <u>significantly</u> reduced seedling germination events, regrowth, and recruitment
- Treatments were implemented during peak growing periods resulted in high mortality rates (100%) across all Normanton and Karumba project sites, post 2021 treatment applications 1 and 2.
- This program covered 100% of the three (3) Karumba sites and 95% overall from the twelve (12+) Normanton project sites

1.21 Treatment Outcomes 2021 – Karumba:

- The 2021 wet season program covered 100% of all three (3) Karumba project sites
- Wells Yard, Fielding Street and Karumba Dump Wetland all received two (2+) treatments during the 2021 wet season program
- 2021 treatments 1 and 2 achieved 100% mortality, with no seedlings observed after the final inspection. Although there is a seedbank that will exist for some time
- A total of 315ltrs of herbicide was applied during 19:15hrs of treatment over an area of 8ha.

(pending soil, soil moisture, etc.)

*Not including additional surveillance between programs, inspections, photo monitoring, and late season treatments (hand removal / basal barking with access and diesel

..22 Treatment Outcomes 2021– Normanton:

- The 2021 wet season program covered 95% of the twelve (12) Normanton project sites as a section of Horse paddock 3 (airport/roadside drainage community) was not suitable for treatment under this program. Horse paddock 3 (drainage area) community requires dry season basal bark applications (Access and Diesel)
- Project sites thirteen (13) Scouller energy lands and fourteen (14) Lilly vale communities (all leading from the Bullant ridge, New dump drainage line) were not surveyed or treated during this 2021 program due to agreement concerns, access, timing and strategic value
- Bullant Ridge, Zahner Creek and School Dam catchment all received two (2+) treatments, the Golf Club, Horse Paddock 1 each received two (2) treatments only 2021 wet season program whilst Horse Paddock 2 & 3, New Dump, Old Dump, Town common, Gulf Concrete (DNRW) and Hospital hill all received the single (1+) treatment(s) during the
- 2021 treatments 1 and 2+ achieved 100% mortality, with no seedlings observed after the final inspection. Although there is a seedbank that will exist for some time (pending soil, soil moisture, etc.)
- A total of 3,216ltrs of herbicide was applied during 80:30hrs of treatment over an area of 70ha
- *Not including additional surveillance between programs, inspections, photo monitoring and late season treatments (hand removal / basal barking with accesss

1.3 Project In-kind Contribution

applications program. Carpentaria Shire Council have agreed to contribute to the Normanton and Karumba Bellyache bush program which included the protection of the DRFA investment Carpentaria Shire Council are the owners or trustees over the vast majority of lands in which has been surveyed and treated under this 2021 wet season foliar

begun to engage staff to implement wet season follow up herbicide treatments targeting seedlings and regrowth as a result of mechanical works. Council remainss widespread Neem, Chinee apple, Rubber vine, Calotrope etc. This clearing included the Karumba Dump Wetland Bellyache bush community. Council have also committed to 2022 weed control budgets for Normanton and Karumba programs. Carpentaria Shire Council have contributed significant in-kind resources (\$150,000+) to the Karumba Weeds Program through mechanical control of 200acres + of

1.4 Project Conclusion

wet season foliar application program foliar program to open up the project sites, kill shallow seed, seedlings and peak out the seedbank to enhance seedbank germination in preparation for an intensive remains. This seedbank is expected to germinate over the 2022 wet season and beyond (7-10 years). Fire is recommended in preparation of a future wet season All fifteen (15) Bellyache bush project sites across Normanton and Karumba have been reduced to near eradication (100% mortality) with only the seedbank which

and density of the existing community). Water based foliar treatments (Starane and/or Metsulfuron Methyl with a suitable wetting agent i.e. Pulse) should be applied multiple times (x3) to treat regrowth throughout the wet season (i.e. Dec-April when plants are actively growing) and each treatment should be applied before flowering/seeding. Timing of future wet season applications will be critical to the success of this project (i.e. restricting reproductivity, leading to an ongoing reduction in distribution

Project sites Scouller energy lands and Lilly vale communities (all leading from the Bullant ridge, New dump drainage line) require further survey or treatment.

2.0 Normanton and Karumba Bellyache Bush Project - Treatment Data (2021 Wet Season)

*Note: total labour reflects spray time only. Total labour does not include travel to, from or between sites, risk assessments, toolbox talks, lunch breaks, site establishment or washdowns.
*Note: data from the third inspection/surveillance/treatment is not included.
*Note: Maps does not include some missing contractor routes.

8ha	315	0	(Star) 1.15ltr (Mets) 49gm (Wet) 0.30ltr	19:15	Totals							
	0	0	NA	4:00	0	(1) 4:00	Reporting	onitoring and I	Data Collation, Mapping, Monitoring and Reporting	Data Col		
	15	c	(Mets) 2gm	2:00	c	(3) 1:00			венуаспе виsn	17/00/00	Kba dump wettand	
		,	(Star) 0.050	3	>	(1) 1:00				ar iar iar		Control
8ha	t		(Mets) 2gm	2.20		(4)			acityaciie ausii	11/00/21	inciding of	Council
	15	0	(Star) 0.050	2-15	0	21.5 (1)	-	2	Balluacha Buch	17/03/31	Eleiding St	Shire
		٠	(Wet) 0.300			(3) 3:45					wetland	Carpentaria
	300	>	(Mets) 45gm	11:00	0	(2) 3:00			Bellyache Bush	16/03/21	and Kba dump	
		0	(Star) 1.050			(1) 4:15					Wells, Fielding St	
Area (ha)	Mix ltr	İtr	द	Total Labour	Labour	Labour		Sanc				
Treatment	Total Herbicide	In Kind	DRFA Herbicide		In kind	DRFA	no.	Monitoring	Pest	Date	Site Name	Name
Total		Herbicide			Labour hrs:mins		3	Photo				Property
											Karumba Treatment Data	rumba Tre

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			(iviets) 240.5gm									
70ha	3,216ltr	0	(Star) 15.08ltr	80:30	Totals							
	0	0	NA	10:00	0	(1) 10:00	Reporting	onitoring and F	Data Collation, Mapping, Monitoring and Reporting	Data Coll		
	212	0	(Star) 0.70ltr	8:00	0	(1) 5:00 (3) 3:00	NA	NA	Bellyache Bush	19/05/21	Zahner Creek, Bullant Ridge and New Dump	
	12	0	(Star) 0.07ltr (Mets) 3gm	1:00	0	(1) 1:00	4	2	Bellyache Bush	12/05/21	Zahner Creek	
	52	0	(Star) 1.80ltr (Mets) 7.5gm	3:00	0	(1) 1:30 (3) 1:30	NA	0	Bellyache Bush	02/03/21	Horse Paddock 3 and School Yard	
	70	0	(Star) 2.45ltr (Mets) 10.5gm	4:00	0	(1) 2:00 (3) 2:00	S	-	Bellyache Bush	26/02/21	Gulf Concrete	
	6	0	(Star) 0.021ltr (Mets) 1gm	1:30	0	(1) 0:45 (3) 0:45	4	0	Bellyache Bush	26/02/21	Town Common	
	9	0	(Star) 0.031ltr (Mets) 1.5gm	1:30	0	(1) 0:45 (3) 0:45	NA	0	Bellyache Bush	25/02/21	School Dam	
	10	0	(Star) 0.035ltr (Mets) 1.5gm	3:00	0	(1) 1:30	NA	0	Bellyache Bush	11/02/21	Hospital Hill	
	645	0	(Star) 2.25ltr (Mets) 96gm	15:00	0	(1) 5:00 (2) 5:00 (3) 5:00	4	2	Bellyache Bush	11/02/21	Zahner Creek	5
70ha	250	0	(Star) 0.875ltr (Mets) 37.5gm	4:30	0	(1) 2:15 (2) 2:15			Bellyache Bush	09/02/21		Council
	100	0	(Star) 0.35ltr (Mets) 15gm	2:00	0	(1) 2:00	3	1	Bellyache Bush	09/02/21	Horse Paddock 2	Carpentaria
	350	۰	(Mets) 52gm	6:00	0	(3) 1:00			Bellyache Bush	09/02/21		
		>	(Star) 1.225ltr		>	(1) 2:30	2	2	Bellyache Bush	2000/24	Old Dump	
	200	0	(Star) 0.70ltr (Gras) 300gm	2:00	0	(1) 1:00 (2) 1:00			Bellyache Bush Bellyache Bush	05/02/21		
	565	0	(Star) 1.98	6:00	0	(1) 3:00 (2) 3:00	w	2	Bellyache Bush	05/02/21	Horse Paddock 1	
	35	0	(Star) 0.12	2:30	0	(1) 1:00	,	1	Bellyache Bush	05/02/21	New Dump	
	288	0	(Star) 1.01	3:00	0	(1) 1:30 (2) 1:30	3	u	Bellyache Bush	04/02/21	New Dump	
	22	0	(Star) 0.08	1:00	0	(1) 0:30 (2) 0:30		2	Bellyache Bush	04/02/21	Golf Club	
	40	0	(Star) 0.14	1:30	0	(1) 0:30 (2) 1:00	ş	,	Bellyache Bush	04/02/21	Bullant Ridge	
	350	0	(Star) 1.225	5:00	0	(1) 2:30 (2) 2:30		,	Bellyache Bush	03/02/21	Bullant Ridge	
Treatment Area (ha)	Total Herbicide Mix Itr	In Kind Herbicide Itr	DRFA Herbicide	Total Labour	In kind Labour	DRFA Operator(s) Labour	7 5	Monitoring Sites	Pest	Date	Site Name	Name
Total		Herbicide			Labour hrs:mins		S	Photo				Property
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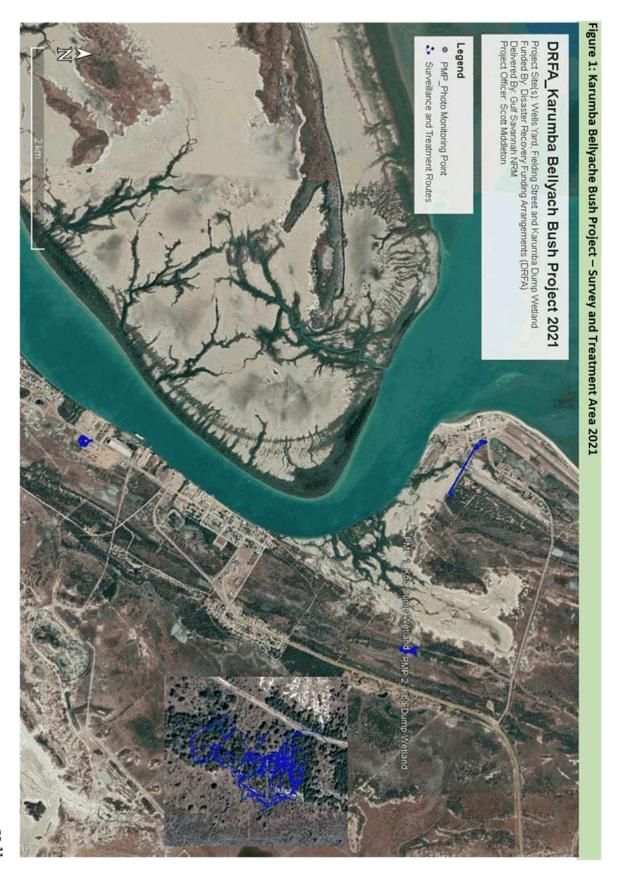
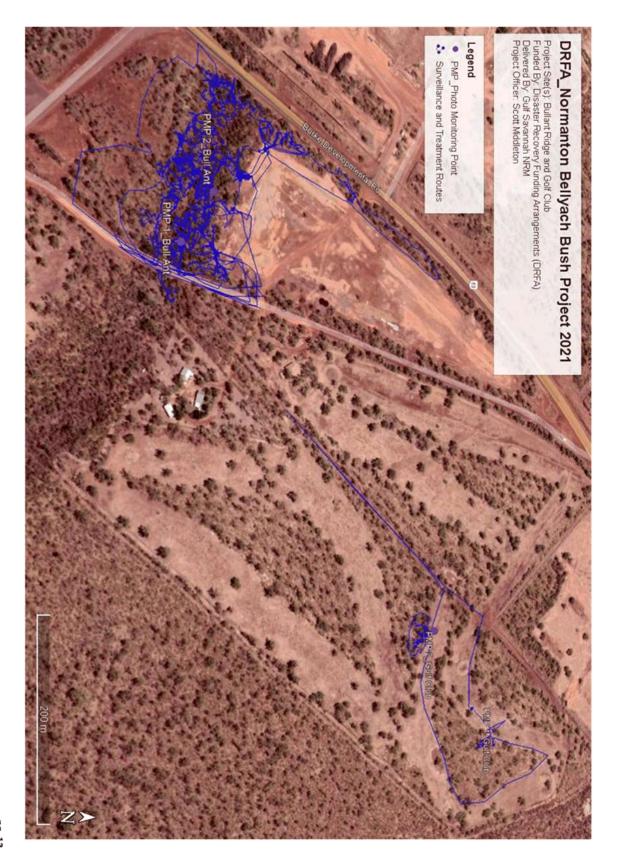
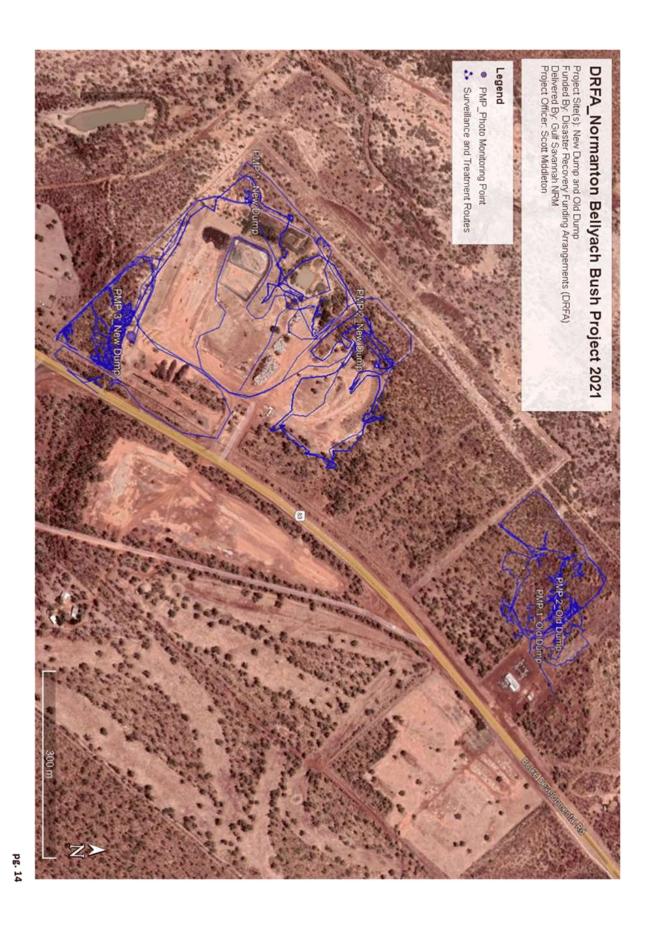
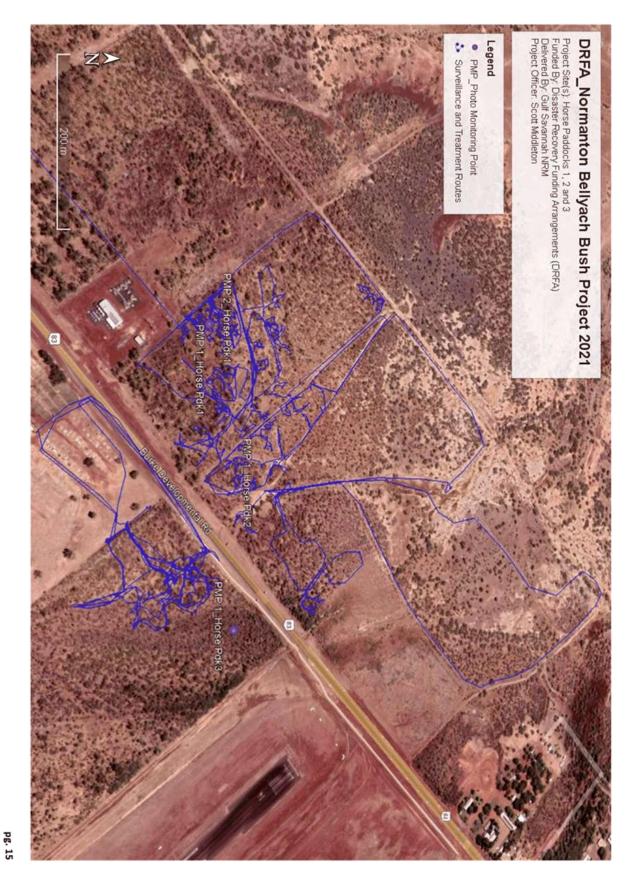


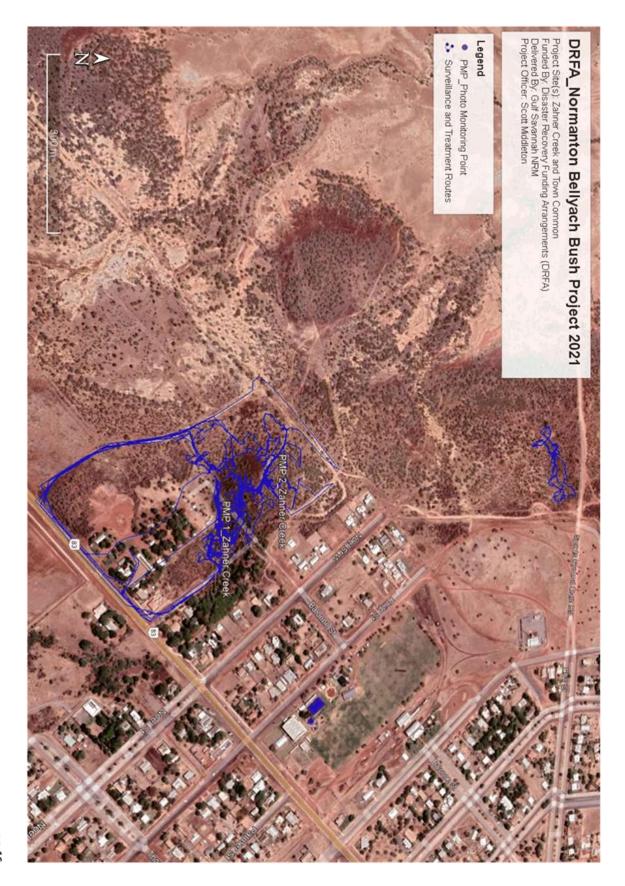
Figure 2: Normanton Bellyache Bush Project – Survey and Treatment Area 2021



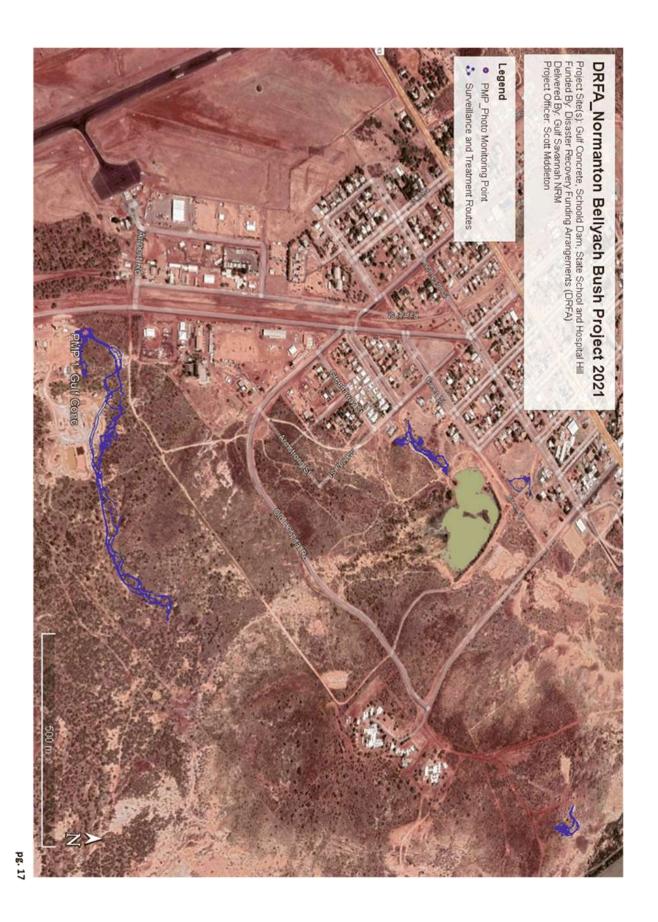
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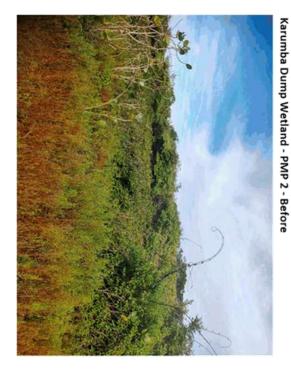






pg. 16





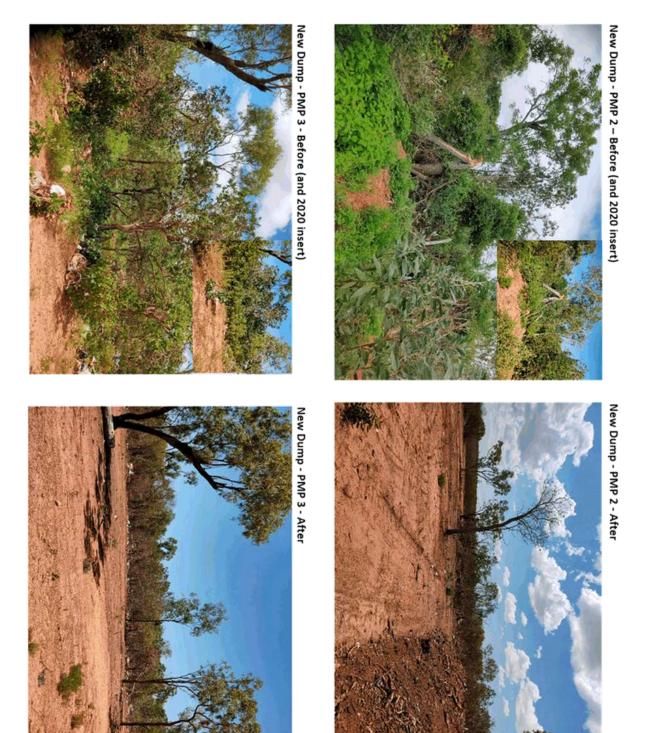




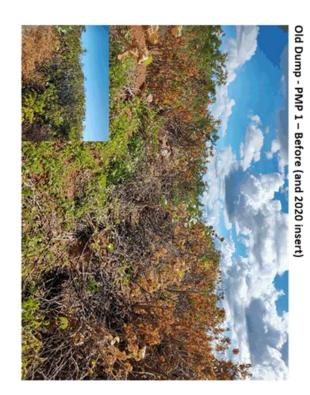






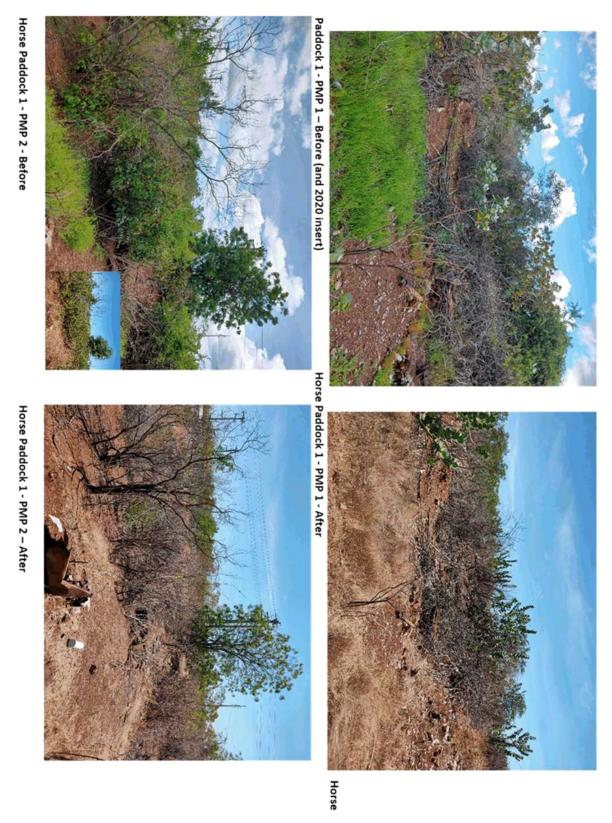


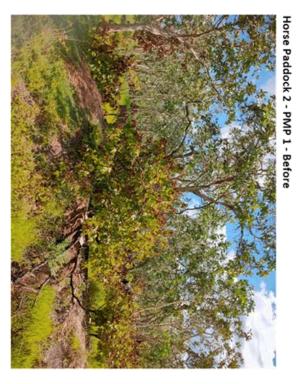
Old Dump - PMP 2 - Before



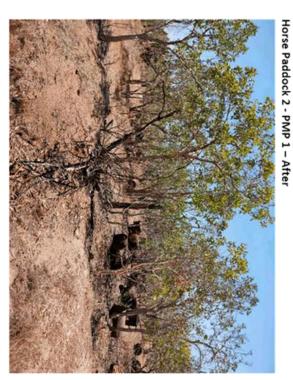
Old Dump - PMP 2 – After

























Disaster Recovery Funding Arrangements

DRFA - Carpentaria Shire Weeds Programs Gulf Savannah NRM

Norman River Catchment Water Hyacinth Project









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Figure 1: Norman Diver Catchment Water Hyscinth Project 2021 — Sunveillance Area

1.0 Norman River Catchment Water Hyacinth Project 2021 - Overview

The Norman Catchment Water Hyacinth Project included multiple sites across (x4) four landholdings within the Norman catchment area

aquatic environments within the Noman River catchment This project focused on wet season surveillance to locate, record and treat reported Water hyacinth communities posing a significant risk to Nationally significant

1.1 Surveillance Outcomes

Surveillance was implemented across all known, reported and suspected sites on each of the four previously identified landholdings. Surveillance across all sites resulted in no Water hyacinth being observed

Native species Monochoria cyanea is often confused for Water Hyacinth in north Queensland and was recorded within aquatic fringes at all target sites

tides during late 2020. This could explain the mortality of seed banks The target site which had previously contained two confirmed incursions were also surveyed. No Water hyacinth communities were observed at these sites either. The only explanation for the absence of previously identified Water hyacinth communities was due to the inundation of salt water associated with higher than usual

No Water hyacinth communities were observed within the Norman River catchment.

1.2 Treatment Outcomes

No Water hyacinth communities were treated

1.3 Project In-kind Contribution

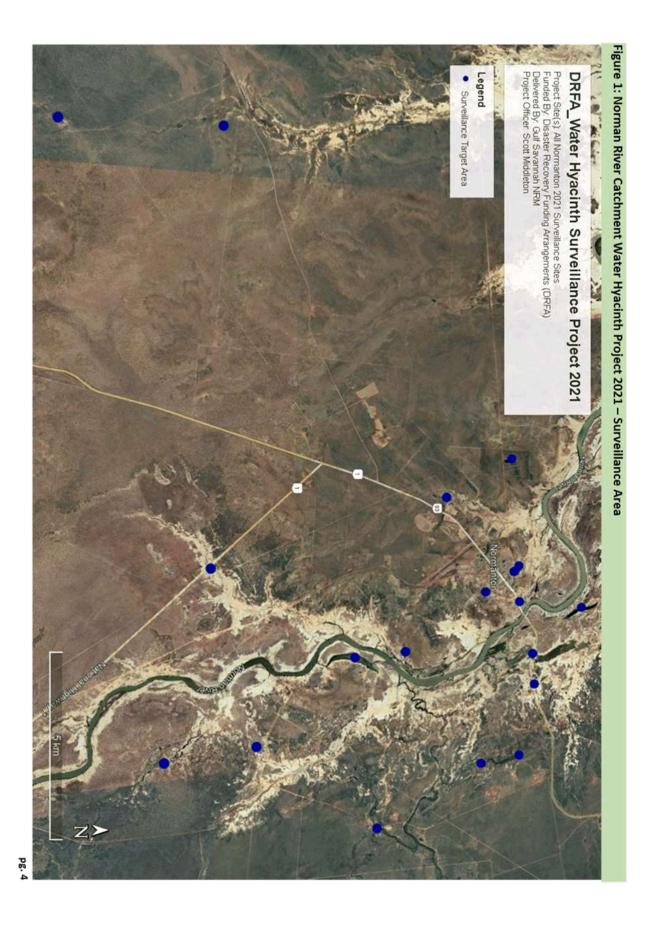
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1.4 DRFA Project Conclusion

No Water hyacinth communities were observed within the Norman River catchment.

2.0 Norman River Catchment Water Hyacinth Project 2021 – Survey and Treatment Data

20+ sites	Oltr	0	Oltr	17:00	Totals							
	0	0	NA	2:00	0	(1) 2:00	eporting	onitoring and R	Data Collation, Mapping, Monitoring and Reporting	Data Coll		
								NA	Water hyacinth	06/05/21	Fools lagoon, Dunstans dam	Magowra Station
sites								NA	Water hyacinth	06/05/21	Gun club waterhole	Woodveiw Station
20+	0	0	0	15:00	0	(1) 7:30 (3) 7:30	pue	NA	Water hyacinth	06/05/21	Six-mile waterhole	Shady Lagoons Station
								NA	Water hyacinth	06/05/21	School dam Wetlands Goose lagoon	Council
& Treatment Area (ha)	Total Herbicide Mix ltr	In Kind Herbicide Itr	DRFA Herbicide ltr	Total Labour	In kind Labour	DRFA Operator(s) Labour	70.	Monitoring Sites	Pest	Date	Site Name	Name
Total Surveillance		Herbicide			hrs:mins		Man.	Photo				Property



Disaster Recovery Funding Arrangements

DRFA - Carpentaria Shire Weeds Programs Gulf Savannah NRM

Normanton and Karumba Invasive Pest Plants Program

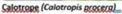
Karumba Invasive Pest Plants Project

















Neem Tree (Azadirachta indica)



Rubber vine (Cryptostegia graniflora)

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2.0 Karumba Invasiva Past Plants Project - Photo Monitoring Points (2021 Rasal Rark Applications)

1.0 Karumba Invasive Pest Plants Project - Overview (2021 Dry Season Basal Bark Applications)

Karumba is located at the mouth of the Norman River catchment and subsequently has significantly more weed issues than the Normanton surrounds at flood level. Weed communities in Karumba are exacerbated by severe flood events creating ongoing seed spread and deposition events contributing to the ongoing incrementa

species of national significance (linking fresh, saline and hypersaline environments dissected by elevated lands) coastal wetlands and linking habitats of national significance. Peri urban wetland areas were identified for their diverse, critical habitats to local and migratory The aim of the DRFA Karumba Invasive Pest Plants Project was to target weed communities and weed seed deposition areas posing risk or adverse impacts to

previously treated areas (2020 and 2021 basal bark and foliar applications) to maintain and expand clean areas within nationally significant wetlands surrounding the Karumba township. This project "Karumba invasive pest plant project – Dry Season basal bark program" aims to effectively remove remaining, isolated plants and seedlings across

1.1 Surveillance Outcomes

- Surveillance targeted all four (4) previously surveyed and treated project sites and was implemented by foot, not atv vehicles
- All plants treated during 2020 and 2021 basal bark programs achieved 100% mortality (Rubber vine, Chinee apple, Neem, Calotrope etc) although folia applications achieved considerably mixed results across all project sites
- All sites have now been reduced to existing seedbanks and seedling recruitment, apart from the coastal Neem regrowth within the previously treated primary coastal dune and the Karumba Point road which were not 100% complete due to time constraints.
- Three (x3) recently discovered weeds of concern were recorded (Mesquite, Prickly acacia and Sicklepod Restricted invasive biosecurity matter under the Act) Athel Pine was also recorded across a number of sites and treated within each target area, including a high risk area with multiple seedlings along Yappar street
- Total area of surveillance/treatment was 35ha as illustrated in figures 1 and 2, although not all wet season surveillance routes outside the target treatment areas were included

1.2 Treatment Outcomes

- Treatments were applied to all invasive pest plants across all previously surveyed and treated project sites (see figure 1 and 2).
- This project was 95% complete. A section of Neem regrowth within the previously treated primary coastal dune and the Karumba point road site were not 100% complete
- All plants treated during 2020 and 2021 basal bark programs achieved 100% mortality.
- Treatments consisted predominantly of bark applications using access and diesel via knapsacks, although Graslan was used as a trial, at sites where foliar cause of reduced or patchy mortality applications had little effect, yet were too extensive for basal bark treatments. These sites achieved 80%+ mortality, with ineffective distribution being the
- Bellyache bush, Mesquite, Athel Pine and P.acacia were not treated under this program. Prickly acacia was managed separately and Council clearing has removed the Mequite.
- A total of 368ltrs of herbicide was applied during 60hrs of treatment over an area of 35ha area

Ordinary Council Meeting Item: 9.2 - Attachment: 5:

1.3 Project In-kind Contribution

applications program. Carpentaria Shire Council have agreed to contribute to the Karumba weeds program which included the protection of the DRFA investment. Carpentaria Shire Council are the owners or trustees over the vast majority of lands in which has been surveyed and treated under this 2021 wet season foliar

control measures across 200acres of additional widespread Neem, Chinee apple, Rubber vine, Calotrope etc. Council have also begun to implement wet season Carpentaria Shire Council have contributed significant in-kind resources (\$200,000+) to the Karumba Weeds Program through the implementation of mechanical follow up, herbicide treatments targeting seedlings and regrowth

1.4 Project Conclusion

Both the 2020/21 DRFA programs have significantly reduced the distribution, density, spread risk and impacts posed to nationally significant wetlands surrounding the Karumba area

- A number of sites surrounding Karumba point are now free from invasive pest plants or reduced to seedling recruitment. These are feasible and achievable environmentally significant areas which could and should be maintained with minimal budgets to protect the DRFA investments and environmental values
- Mortality rates were 100% using herbicides and rates described above in 1.2 Treatments
- Follow up treatments should rely on basal bark and only apply foliar treatments for "opening up" with consideration to use of fire and more selective herbicides within the integrated process for regrowth treatments
- A weed/seed/hazard reduction burn is strongly recommended to reduce fuel loads, weed seed and mitigate seedling recruitment throughout the project area. Adjacent areas to project sites (areas east of the cemetery) which were not treated, contained high levels of rust and fuel loads highly suitable for an effective weed/seed burn. The potential for enhancing efficiency with fire should be a serious consideration
- Weed Alert: Three (x3) new/previously unrecorded weeds of concern were recorded across multiple sites during surveillance (Mesquite, Prickly acadia and form dense, spreading monocultures over a short period of time roadside. Sicklepod is at risk of being spread further by slashing and other machinery (i.e. grader, dozer etc). Sicklepod seed can last for up to ten years and can Sicklepod – Restricted invasive biosecurity matter under the Act). Sicklepod (Senna obtusifolia) was observed near the waste facility and karumba point

*Note: total labor and surveillance/treatment areas does not include site inspections, monitoring or additional (DRFA or In-kind) surveillance or minor treatments between projects.

2.0 Karumba Invasive Pest Plants Project - Treatment Data (2021 Dry Season Basal Bark Applications)

35ha	368ltr	0	(Acc 7.80) (Dies 360) (Gras 30.0kg)	60hrs	Totals							
0	0	0	0	4.00	0	(1) 4:00	d Reporting	Monitoring an	Data Collation, Mapping, Monitoring and Reporting	Dat		
	82.2	0	(Acc 2.2) (Dies 80)	12.5	0	(1) 6:15 (3) 6:15		PMP S PMP 1 PMP 2	Neem, Rubber vine, Chinee	25/11/2021	Kba Weeds - kba point coastal dune and Fielding st wetland	
	81.6	0	(Acc 1.6) (Dies 80)	12.5	0	(1) 6:15 (3) 6:15		PMP 5	Neem	23/11/2021	Kba Weeds - kba point coastal dune	state lands
35	81.6	0	(Acc 1.6) (Dies 80)	10	0	(1) 5:00 (3) 5:00	>	PMP 4 PMP 5	Rubber vine, Chinee, Calotrope, Neem	11/11/2021	Kba Weeds - Fielding street and kba point coastal dune	Council, DNRME and other
	81.6	0	(Acc 1.6) (Dies 80) (Gras 20kg)	12	0	(1) 6:00 (3) 6:00		PMP 3 PMP 4	Rubber vine, Chinee, Calotrope, Neem	4/11/2021	Kba Weeds – Fielding street, enviro walk wetland	Carpentaria Shire
	40.8	0	(Acc 0.8) (Dies 40) (Gras 10kg)	9	0	(1) 4:30 (3) 4:30		PMP 1 PMP 2	Rubber vine, Chinee, Calotrope	3/11/2021	Kba Weeds Kba point road	
Treatment Area (ha)	Total Herbicide Mix Itr	In Kind Herbicide Itr	DRFA Herbicide ltr	Total Labour	In kind Labour	DRFA Operator(s) Labour	no.	Monitoring Sites	Pest	Date	Site Name	Property Name
Total		Herbicide			Labour hrs:mins		S.	Photo				

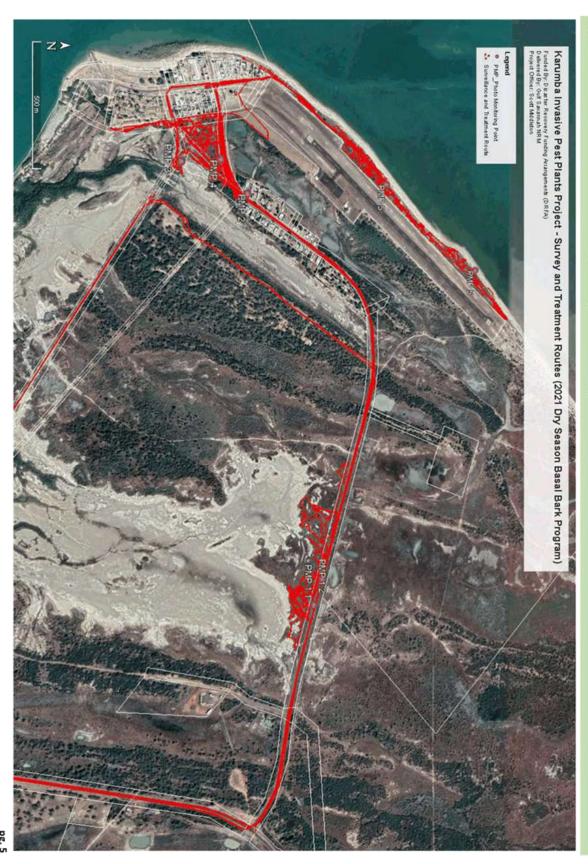


Figure 1: Karumba Invasive Pest Plants Project - Dry Season, Survey and Basal Bark Treatment Routes 2021



pg. 6



Figure 3: Karumba Invasive Pest Plants Project –2021 Survey and Treatment Routes (Isolated, Priority Pests - not all records are shown)



PMP 1.1 – Before Karumba Point Road Wetlands - Rubber vine, Chinee apple and Calotrope





pg. 8









pg. 9

PMP 2









pg. 1

PMP 5 – After

PMP 3 - Before

Karumba Point, Fielding Street Enviro walk wetlands. After the 2020 basal bark and 2021 foliar programs, yet Before the 2021 dry season basal bark program (Calotrope and Rubber vine).





PMP 4 – Before

Karumba Point Road, Karumba Point – Rubber vine seedling recruitment grown over the dry season after the 2021 wet season foliar treatments. Treated during 2021 dry season program using Graslan.



pg. 11







Karumba Point, primary coastal dune – *Calotrope (pic1&2), Rubber vine, *Neem (pic3) and Chinee apple

Disaster Recovery Funding Arrangements

DRFA - Carpentaria Shire Weeds Programs Gulf Savannah NRM

Normanton and Karumba Invasive Pest Plants Program

Normanton Invasive Pest Plants Project



















Rubber vine (Cryptostegia graniflora)

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1.0 Normanton Invasive Pest Plants Project - Overview (2021 Dry Season Basal Bark Applications)

efficiency from available resources. This report details the final, dry season (2021) basal bark survey and treatment project. The Normanton and Karumba invasive pest plant program has integrated seasonal best practice control measures (foliar and basal bark applications) to maximise

wetlands containing mixed weed communities of varying distribution and densities. flood level 6m – 7m). This area consists of flood prone, weed seed deposition areas with linking sub catchments, ephemeral springs and nationally significant The Normanton invasive pest plant project targets land (mixed tenure) between the Norman River (0m flood level) to the peri urban outskirts of Normanton (2019

important ephemeral springs to the high-water flood level (6m-7m) surrounding the Normanton township. previously treated areas (2020 and 2021 basal bark and foliar applications) to maintain and expand clean areas within nationally significant wetlands and locally This project "Normanton invasive pest plant project – Dry Season basal bark program" aims to effectively remove remaining, isolated plants and seedlings across

1.1 Surveillance Outcomes

- Surveillance targeted all previously surveyed and treated project sites and was implemented by foot, not atv vehicles
- All plants treated during 2020 and 2021 basal bark programs achieved 100% mortality (Rubber vine, Chinee apple, Neem, Calotrope etc)
- All sites have now been reduced to existing seedbanks and seedling recruitment.
- Other than previously discovered Sickle pod communities, no new invasive pest plants of significance were observed, although caltrop (goats head burr) has now entered the shire and is spreading radially throughout the community (Ntn and Kba)
- Total area of surveillance/treatment was 105ha as illustrated in figures 1 and 2, although not all wet season surveillance routes outside the target treatment area were included

1.2 Treatment Outcomes

- Treatments were applied to all invasive pest plants across all previously surveyed and treated project sites (see figure 1 and 2).
- This project was 95% complete (Zahner creek and upper school dam will require additional treatments and ongoing management)
- All plants treated during 2020 and 2021 basal bark programs achieved 100% mortality
- Treatments consisted of bark applications using access and diesel via knapsacks
- A total of 435itrs of herbicide was applied during 80hrs of treatment over an area of 105ha

1.3 Project In-kind Contribution

Carpentaria Shire Council are the owners or trustees over the vast majority of lands in which has been surveyed and treated under this program

Karumba (\$200,000+). have allocated significant resources to the Normanton and Karumba weed program thus far, although to date the majority of council funding has been allocated to Carpentaria Shire Council have agreed to contribute to the Normanton and Karumba weed programs which included the protection of the DRFA investment. Council

1.4 DRFA Project Conclusion

ephemeral springs surrounding the Normanton township flood area (6m-7m) Both the 2020/21 DRFA programs have significantly reduced the distribution, density, spread risk and impacts posed on nationally significant wetlands and linking

Zahner creek and upper school dam will require additional treatments and ongoing management Nearly all lands (regardless of tenure) between the river and surrounding Normanton urban district targeted under this program are now free of invasive pest plants

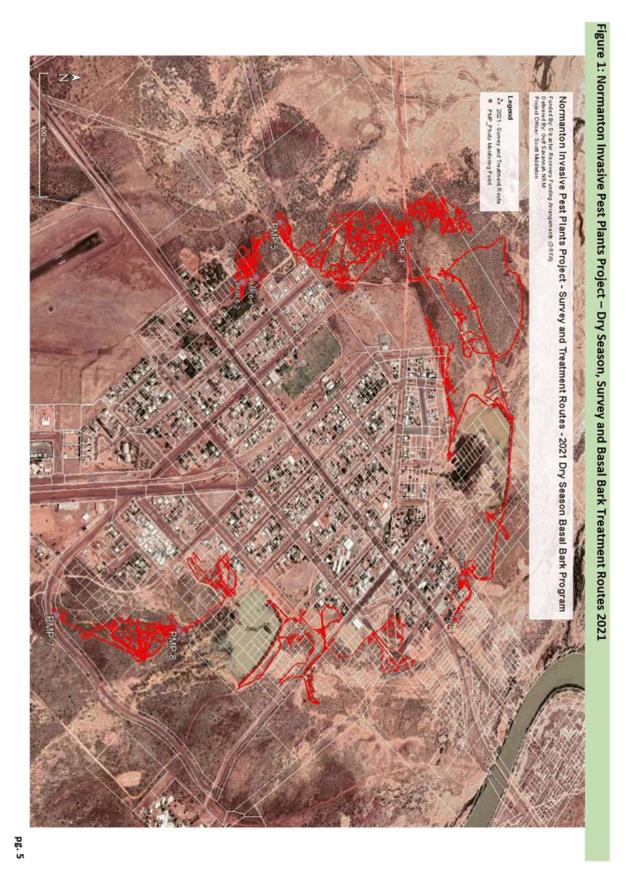
follow up by even minimal weed treatment programs events. Fire is strongly recommended to reduce fuel loads (mitigate wildfires) and seedling recruitment throughout the Normanton peri urban area, accompanied by Target areas now consist of high fuel loads containing both native and invasive plant material which will soon be subject to wet season, weed seed germination

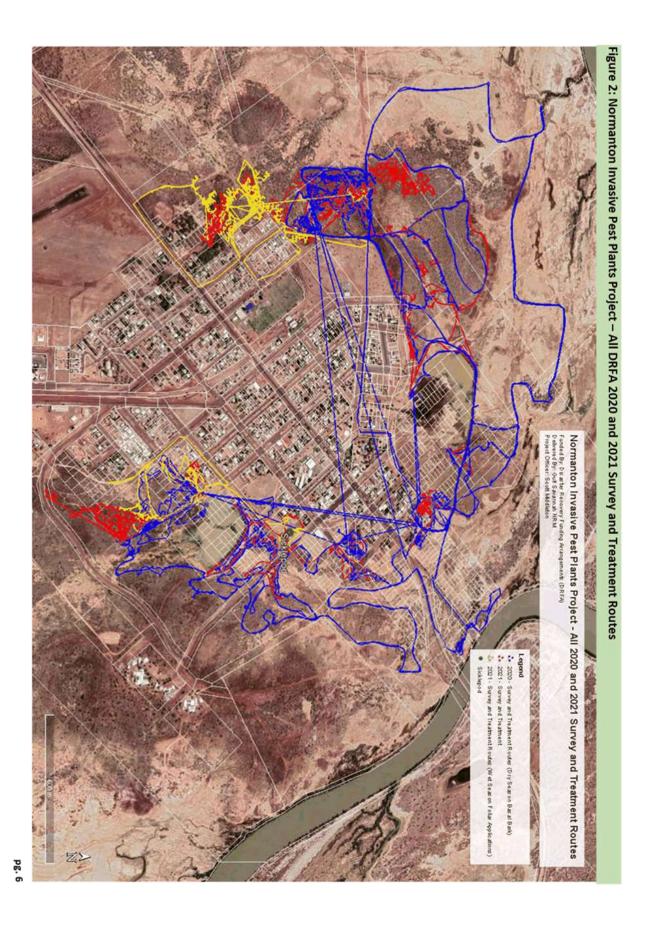
spread further by the town slasher which poses a significant risk of widespread seed distribution during and post flood events. Weed Alert: Sicklepod (Senna obtusifolia) has been recorded adjacent to the Normanton school dam reserve within the high water flood level where it is now being

2.0 Normanton Invasive Pest Plants Project - Treatment Data (2021 Dry Season Basal Bark Applications)

	. 11.11											
105ha	435ltr	ТВС	(Acc 9.76) (Dies 425) (Gras 10.0kg)	80hrs	Totals							
	0	0	0	8.5	0	(1) 8:30	eporting	nitoring and R	Data Collation, Mapping, Monitoring and Reporting	Data Colla		
	51.00	0	(Acc 1.0) (Dies 50) (Gras 4.0kg)	6.5	0	(1) 3:15 (3) 3:15		PMP 6.1 PMP 6.2	Rubber vine and Neem	28/10/20	Ntn weeds - Zahner creek	
	61.20	0	(Acc 1.2) (Dies 60) (Gras 6.0kg)	10	0	(1) 5:00 (3) 5:00		PMP 7	Rubber vine and Neem	27/10/20	Ntn Weeds - Town common Upper school dam to hospital road	
	40.80	0	(Acc 0.80) (Dies 40)	9	0	(1) 4:30 (3) 4:30		PMP 8	Rubber vine and Neem	26/10/20	Ntn Weeds - Town common East of Burns Philp building around to the albion, past the school dam to the hospital road	
	40.80	0	(Acc 0.80) (Dies 40)	7	0	(1) 3:30 (3) 3:30		8 dMd	Rubber vine and Neem	20/10/20	Ntn Weeds - Town common School dam	
105ha	40.80	0	(Acc 0.80) (Dies 40)	7	0	(1) 3:30 (3) 3:30		PMP S	Rubber vine and Neem	19/10/20	Ntn Weeds - Town Common Noels st, Western common	
	40.80	0	(Acc 0.80) (Dies 40)	7	0	(1) 3:30 (3) 3:30		PMP 5	Rubber vine and Neem	13/10/20	Ntn Weeds - Town Common South of pipeline rd	Carpentaria Shire Council, DNRME and other state lands
	33.66	0	(Acc 0.66) (Dies 33)	3	0	(1) 1:30 (3) 1:30		PMP 6.1 PMP 6.2	Rubber vine and Neem	16/09/20 21	Ntn weeds - Zahner creek	
	43.5	0	(Acc 1.5) (Dies 42)	6	0	(1) 3:00		PMP 4	Rubber vine and Neem	16/09/20	Ntn weeds - Town common North side of Pipeline Rd	
	41.1	0	(Acc 1.1) (Dies 40)	9	0	(1) 4:30 (3) 4:30		PMP 2 PMP 3	Chinee, Neem, Rain tree	15/09/20	Ntn weeds - Town common North of pipeline rd	
	41.1	0	(Acc 1.1) (Dies 40)	7	0	(1) 3:30 (3) 3:30		1 dWd	Rubber vine, Neem, Rain tree	8/9/21	Ntn weeds - Town common Burns philp/Kba rd west into town common	
Treatment Area (ha)	Total Herbicide Mix Itr	In Kind Herbicide Itr	DRFA Herbicide ltr	Total Labour	In kind Labour	DRFA Operator(s) Labour	No Sign	Monitoring Sites	Pest	Date	Site Name	Name
Total		Herbicide			Labour hrs:mins		Š	Photo				

*Note total labour reflects surveillance/spray time only. Total labour does not include travel to, from or between sites, risk assessments, toolbox talks, lunch breaks, site establishment or washdowns. *Note: total labor and surveillance/treatment areas does not include site inspections, monitoring or additional (DRFA or In-kind) surveillance or minor treatments between projects.







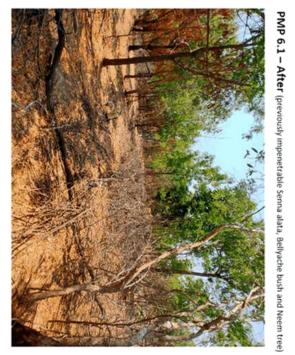














pg. 8











PMP 6.2 - After (previously impenetrable Neem tree)



BUSINESS PAPERS

9.3 GRANT MANAGEMENT PROPOSAL

Author: Mark Crawley - Chief Executive Officer

Date: 13 April 2022

Key Outcome: Day to day management of activities within the Office of the CEO

Key Strategy: As per the Departmental Plan for the Office of the CEO

Executive Summary:

The grant management services provided by Peak Services are due to come to an end on 30 June 2022 and Council has been provided with a proposal to extend the service for a further 12 months.

RECOMMENDATION:

That Council extend the Grant Management Services provided by Peak Services for a further 12-month period from 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023.

Background:

The grant writing service provided by Peak Services over the past 10 months has proved very successful in Council being able to lodge quality grants and receive funding for the applications submitted.

Peak Services have been committed to assisting Council in obtaining grants and committed to preparing an application over the Christmas - New Year period in conjunction with the CEO for the Federal Government PACP funding application.

All of the Executive Leadership Team have access to the grant writers, and we receive regular emails in relation to the availability of the various grants as they become available for the projects that we have identified.

Consultation (Internal/External):

Peak Services

Legal Implications:

N/A

Financial and Resource Implications:

Costs are \$775 per week (ex GST) in accordance with proposal

Risk Management Implications:

- Workplace Health and Safety Risk is assessed as low
- Financial Risk is assessed as low
- Public Perception and Reputation Risk is assessed as low

Mark Crawley Chief Executive Officer Carpentaria Shire Council 29-33 Haig Street NORMANTON OLD 4890

5 April 2022

Dear Mark

GM7386 - Grant Program Management (Renewal)

For almost 12 months now, Peak and Carpentaria Shire Council have worked together to secure grant funding for the community of Carpentaria Shire.

Our current contract to provide these services expires on 30 June 2022. We would be pleased to continue providing our support services to you for a further twelve months. To ensure the continuation of the service please confirm your acceptance of the proposed renewal by signing the Form of Agreement below and sending it back to either myself or the Peak tenders inbox (Tenders@wearepeak.com.au).

Our service fees have been increased slightly in line with inflation by \$5/hour (3.33%) to \$155/hour. This ensures we can continue to provide the best possible service for you and carry over any unused hours to the new financial year.

Peak is a Pre-Qualified Local Buy Supplier for **Grant Management and Writing.** If you would like to procure our services through a Local Buy panel, please tick the box on the Form of Agreement. Our supplier prequalification status and formal quality assurance certification provide assurance in your procurement with us and offer you confidence in the quality of service we will deliver to you.

If you have any further queries regarding the service we provide to you, we are more than happy to discuss. Thank you for your continued partnership with us,

Yours sincerely,

Zoe Dark

Grant Program Office Leader

m 0427 139 988 e zdark@wearepeak.com.au

PROPOSAL

Fees And Charges

Part 1 - Grant Program Management Services

Peak's fixed fees (excluding GST) are outlined below.

Inclusions	Description	Fixed Weekly Fee
 Grant administration Assessment of grant eligibility requirements against priority project list. Grant sourcing and matching of projects to grants for Council review. Managing the timeline of grant funding rounds against council's project schedule. Council staff capacity building grant and funding support. Develop and maintain an agreed priority project list. Recommendations on how to mature projects to get them investment ready. Review of grant applications and supporting documentation against current grant guidelines and published assessment criteria. Acting as the liaison between council and government e.g., funding agreements / fund eligibility. 	5 hours per week @ \$155 per hour*	\$775 (ex GST)

^{*}This Fixed Retainer service attracts heavily discounted hourly rates for Senior and Intermediate level Grant Program Office team members. This fee increase aligns with changes in market conditions, including relating to price increases and underlying CPL

Peak will only perform works necessary to support Councils' grants program, as agreed. Council will have access to Peak's team of expert grant writers, economists, project planners and strategy developers on pre-agreed discounted rates.

- Unused hours can be carried over to the following month (to a maximum of 2 months) within the life of the contract.
- All hours should be used within the life of the contract. Unused hours can be carried over to a
 following month at end of the contract (to a maximum of 2 months) if a new contract is in place.
- Hours can be brought forward from future months to respond to peaks in demand.
- Additional hours can be included at the same rate.

Part 2 - Grant Writing Support

Peak's estimated fees (excluding GST) per grant application will be assessed on a case-by-case basis in consultation with Council. The below table identifies the applicable hourly rate for key roles and skills necessary for grant development. Peak will seek Council's agreement on the number of hours for each skill necessary, depending on the type of work required from Peak's team, maturity of the project and any other grant application parameters via completion of the Work Order Form.

Activity	Estimated Hours Per Week	Role	Hourly Rate (Ex GST)	Fee Basis
Grant Writing Applications	To be determined and agreed (via Works Order Form)	Grants Specialists - Criteria Writer, Project Plans	\$155*	
	Typically, 10-30 hours per application depending on grant funding application and funding agreement	Economic Specialist - Cost Benefit Analysis	\$210*	Estimated (As agreed **)
	requirements.	Director - Quality Assurance / Control	\$235*	

^{*}This variable Grant Writing Support service attracts heavily discounted hourly rates for Senior and Intermediate level Grant Program Office team members. This fee increase aligns with changes in market conditions, including relating to price increases and underlying CPL

Peak will only perform works necessary to support Councils' grants program office, as agreed. Should the project change significantly and/or new supporting reports be required to strengthen the application, we will seek your approval prior to incurring additional time and costs. Any work delivered in addition to the hours listed above will be charged at the hourly rates above. Should any travel on this assignment be required, travel costs will be in addition to the fees above. All travel costs can either be booked directly by Council or by Peak and invoiced back accordingly, including a 10% service fee.

^{**} Peak's Work Order Form.

20 April 2022

FORM OF AGREEMENT

Project Name: Grant Program Management (Renewal)

Date of Proposal: 5 April 2022 Project Ref: GM7386

Basis of Fee Agreement: Weekly Fixed Fee Start Date: 1 July 2022 End Date: 30 June 2023

Payment Terms: Invoices will be issued monthly - 30 day payment term.

Contract Terms: The Parties hereby agree to the contract defined in the following

documents, in order of precedence:

This proposal

PEAK Terms and Conditions

The correspondence between the parties

You may confirm your acceptance of this proposal in any of the Acceptance:

following ways:

Sign and return this document where indicated to tenders@wearepeak.com.au or myself; or

provide us written instructions after receiving our offer; or

by email acceptance of our offer.

EXECUTED BY THE CLIENT

SIGNED for and on behalf of Carpentaria Shire Council by its authorised representative:

EXECUTION BY THE CONSULTANT

SIGNED for and on behalf of Peak Services by its authorised representative:

Signature of authorised representative Signature of authorised representative Brent Reeman - Managing Director Name of authorised representative Name of authorised representative Date: 5/04/2022 Date: Please confirm if this product/service is being purchased under a Local Buy Panel Arrangement

Yes

GM7386 - Grants Program Management (Renewal)

Terms and Conditions

Technical Advisory Services



OFFER VALIDITY

The offer for provision of professional services encompassed in the proposal document remains valid for a period of **60** days, unless otherwise stated in the proposal document or agreed by Peak.

THE PARTIES

The Client means the organisation identified as the addressee in the attached proposal document. The Client's representative, unless otherwise advised by the Client, is the addressee identified in the attached proposal document.

The Consultant means: Peak Services Pty Ltd ACN 115 959 021 25 Evelyn St, Newstead, Qld 4006.

Peak Services is the business name of Peak Services Pty Ltd.

GENERAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

- All work undertaken by Peak Services is subject to the terms and conditions here set out.
- These Terms and Conditions cannot be varied or waived, unless in writing and signed by an executive of Peak Services Pty Ltd.
- The general conditions of contract shall be the Australian Standard General Conditions of Contract for Consultants (AS 4122 - 2010)
- In the event of conflict or inconsistency between the provisions
 of the Australian Standard General Conditions of Contract for
 Consultants (AS 4122 2010) and the Peak Services Terms and
 Conditions, the Peak Services Terms and Conditions shall take
 precedence.
- If the services are being procured under a Local Buy LGA Arrangement, the relevant Local Buy Purchaser Conditions take precedence over all other Terms and Conditions.
- Documents that comprise the contract, in order of precedence, are:
 - The Form of Agreement
 - Peak Terms and Conditions
 - AS4122-2010 General Conditions of Contract for Consultants
 - The correspondence between the parties

PEAK SERVICES INSURANCES

- Peak Services holds, and shall maintain for a period of at least 12 months following completion of the services, the following minimum insurance levels:
 - Public Liability: \$20 million
 - Products Liability: \$20 million in the aggregate
 - Professional Indemnity: \$20 million in the aggregate

FEES

- Peak Services fees are payable in accordance with the following provisions.
- 9. The fee for this assignment is outlined in the proposal above.
- 10. Unless otherwise stated as Fixed Price the fee for the assignment is based on the estimated time expected to be required for the project. Should the expected time change significantly, Client approval will be sought prior to incurring additional time or costs.
- A Fixed Price client engagement refers to a fixed price based on a fixed scope as define in the Proposal.
- 12. For non-fixed fee client engagements the Hourly or Day Rates specified in the Agreement remain fixed for a period of 12 months from the date of the proposal. Peak Services may, at the conclusion of the 12-month period, increase the Hourly or Day Rates by providing written notice to the Client
- 13. Work required to be conducted outside of normal office hours will be calculated at the "out of hours" rate and requires client approval. Out of Hours rate is calculated at 1.5 times the standard hours rate for the role.
- 14. Peak Services reserves the right to charge interest on overdue payments at the rate of 1% per month, calculated on a pro-rata daily basis.

TERM

15. The Term of the Agreement shall commence from the Start Date and cease after a period of twelve months, or as alternatively defined in the 'Form of Agreement'.

EXTENSION TO TERM

 The Agreement can be extended for further terms or continue to apply with no fixed term (no specific end dates) with agreement from both parties.

ANNUAL FEE INCREASE

 Where the Agreement has been in effect for a duration of longer than 12 months since the initial start date, Fees will automatically increase by 3% on 1 July each year. Any other variation to fees must be agreed in writing.

FORCE MAJEURE AND DELAYS

- 18. A party shall not be liable for any failure or delay in the performance of this agreement where the failure or delay is caused by circumstances or events:
 - a) beyond the party's reasonable control
 - which materially affect the performance of any of its obligations under this agreement.

KEY PERSONNEL

- The services will be completed by the key personnel identified in the consultancy Proposal – Key Staff.
- Peak may, at its absolute discretion, substitute members of the key personnel with suitably qualified persons should the need arise.

HOURLY RATES

21. In the event that Peak is requested by the Client to perform additional services then, in the absence of a specific fee agreement for that additional work, the Client agrees to pay Peak for those services on an hourly rate basis, with the fee being calculated using the hourly rates listed below:

Peak Position	Hourly Rate (excl. GST)
Director	\$280
Manager / Principal Advisor	\$235
Economic Advisory Specialist	\$235
Senior Advisor	\$210
Intermediate Advisor	\$180
Advisor	\$160
Project Administrator	\$120

CANCELLATION

- Unless otherwise defined in the 'Proposal', thirty days' notice of termination may be provided at any time by either Party to cease the agreement.
- 23. In the event that a Client cancels an assignment placed with Peak Services for any reason where Peak Services has undertaken work and incurred expenses in relation thereto then, even though project is not complete, the Client is liable for the fees and expenses of the percentage of the completed work to date.

OUTLAYS AND OUT-OF-POCKET EXPENSES

- 24. Client may elect to make travel bookings directly itself.
- Any travel arrangements booked by Peak Services (including airfares, taxis, accommodation, meals, etc.) will be billed to Client during the month they are incurred and will have a 10% service fee added.

LIMITED LIABILITY

26. Peak Services is not liable for any loss, damage, injury, costs (including legal), claims or expenses sustained by the Client or its employees, agents or customers, arising directly or indirectly from or connected with this assignment, except for where Peak Services has been deemed to be negligent in the services provided.

GM7386 - Grants Program Management (Renewal)

Terms and Conditions

Technical Advisory Services



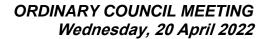
COPYRIGHT AND OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

- Peak Services owns and maintains all intellectual property rights in the deliverables produced and grants a limited license to the Client to use the deliverables for the purpose of the Client's business.
- The Client grants Peak Services a license to use any Client supplied information for the purposes of completing the services contemplated by this agreement.

 The Client shall advise Peak Services in writing if any Client supplied documents or information are to be treated as confidential.

ASSIGNMENT

30. Peak Services may assign, novate, subcontract or otherwise transfer all or any part of its rights or liabilities under this arrangement without the consent of Client, The Client must execute any document reasonably required by the Peak Services to give effect to the assignment, novation or transfer.





BUSINESS PAPERS

9.4 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION - FENCING REQUEST

Author: Mark Crawley - Chief Executive Officer

Date: 13 April 2022

Key Outcome: Day to day management of activities within the Office of the CEO

Key Strategy: As per the Departmental Plan for the Office of the CEO

Executive Summary:

Request has been received for the installation of Type 1 Security Fencing at teachers' residence in Thompson Street, Normanton.

RECOMMENDATION:

That Council provide direction on the acceptance, or otherwise, in relation to this type of security fencing in the residential areas.

Background:

The Department of Education (DoE) is proposing to install Type 1 security fencing in Normanton, this has been selected as part of the Housing Improvement Program for Rural and Remote DoE owned teacher housing. Type 1 fencing has already been installed throughout parts of Queensland State Schools and the Department of Education owned teacher accommodation and is part of a continuous program:

Please see below a couple of dot points with some additional information:

- The fencing referred to by DoE as Type 1 security fencing is a standardised product used throughout the state at schools and DoE occupied housing. It has been adopted as the standard for new school site builds, and is a common product used for remedial fencing works at DoE facilities.
- The height, post, rail and picket dimensions are all outlined in the DoE specification for security fencing and are consistent for all installations.
- While referred to as security fencing, the product is also intended to provide a standardised perimeter boundary at department facilities that will last 10+ years. It has been shown that chain link and welded mesh fencing often suffers severe wear and tear in areas close to the ocean.
- The fencing uses the concept of invisible design, with pickets as opposed to solid panels etc, and allows for a good natural surveillance.
- The design allows for raked panels and stepping around trees and other landmarks to enhance the aesthetic appearance.

There are some current installations of type 1 security fencing in Normanton and Karumba. In Normanton the fencing can be found at the Containers for Change business on Landsborough Street and at the Karumba Point Holiday and Tourist Park in Karumba. At the business in Normanton the fencing is panel fencing where it is adjacent to the adjoining landowner (residence).



BUSINESS PAPERS



Type 1 Security Fencing: Fencing constructed from panels comprised of black spear-top steel pickets and rails, manufactured of galvanised steel tube, used predominantly for areas where the boundary line is accessible from a public space such as a foot path or road. Type 1 Security Fencing is typically 2100mm in height.

Consultation (Internal/External):

- Damien Smith Department of Energy and Public Works (QBuild)
- Chris Limpus Department of Energy and Public Works (QBuild)
- Mayor Jack Bawden

Legal Implications:

- Building Codes and licensing for fencing contractors
- Neighbourhood Disputes (Dividing Fences and Trees) Act 2011

Financial and Resource Implications:

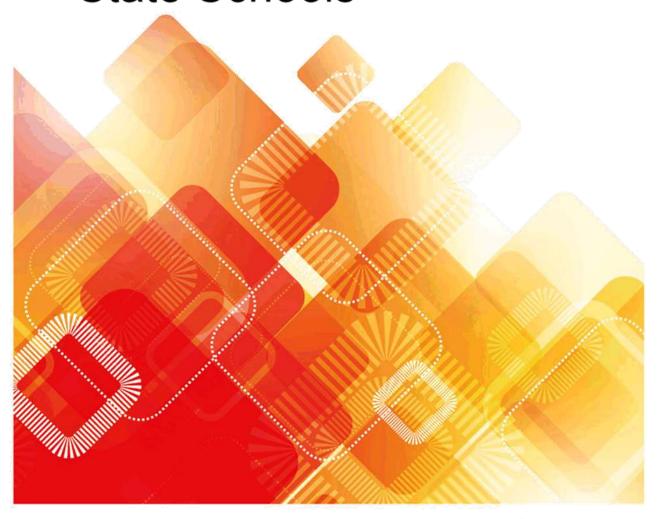
No financial or resource implications as this work will be carried out by QBuild

Risk Management Implications:

- Workplace Health and Safety Risk is assessed as low
- Financial Risk is assessed as low
- Public Perception and Reputation Risk is assessed as medium

Emergency & School Security

Specification for Security Fencing in State Schools



Version 4 January 2019 19/44530



Department of Education

Emergency and School Security



was correct at the time of publishing. Any references to legislation are not an interpretation of the law. They are to be used as a guide only. The

Queensland accepts no responsibility for decisions or actions taken as a result of any data, information, statement or advice, expressed or implied, contained within. To the best of our knowledge, the content

information in this publication is general and does not take into account individual circumstances or situations.

Department of Education

Emergency and School Security

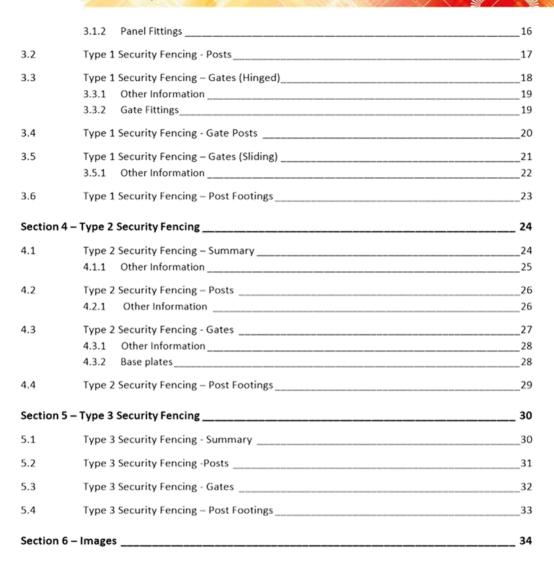
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Ordinary Council Meeting

Item: 9.4 - Attachment: 1:

Emergency and School Security



Emergency and School Security

Section 1 - General Information

1.1 Definitions

Security Fencing: Fencing installed for the identified purpose of providing a physical security barrier for the protection of school students, staff, visitors and assets.

Project Coordinator: School Security Advisor from the Department of Education Emergency & School Security Unit, or other representative assigned to manage the fencing project.

Materials: The raw materials later used in the construction of a fence. This includes metal tubing used for posts, rails, uprights, wooden posts, wooden rails, palings, screws, nails, welding rods. Materials can also include protective coatings such as galvanising, powder coating, stains and paint.

Products: The items cut or constructed to form fencing products including posts, capping, fencing panels, hinges, latches. This includes joining methods such as pressing, welding, riveting, adhesion, nailing to complete the product. Products also include concrete for posts and surface barriers.

Galvanised Steel: Steel manufactured in accordance with AS 1450 and AS1163, in a protective coating obtained by dipping (immersing) prepared steel in a bath of molten zinc of purity not less than 98%.

Fencing: The combination of products designed and constructed so as to form a fence.

Blending: The procedure for ensuring post construction modifications or enhancements to the final product are finished in the same colour and finish as the original material.

Rail: Horizontal form of fencing panels (primarily used in a Type 1 Security Fence).

Picket: Vertical upright forming fencing panels (primarily used in a Type 1 Security Fence).

Shroud: Steel coupling attached to the top and bottom of fence posts to accommodate the rails of Type 1 Security Fencing panels.

DoE: Queensland Department of Education.

NATA: National Association of Testing Authorities of Australia.

Emergency and School Security

1.2 Introduction

This specification outlines the specific requirements for projects delivered by the Department of Education Emergency & School Security Unit, for construction and installation of school Security Fencing. Security Fencing is fencing installed for the identified purpose of providing a physical security barrier to a school premise. This specification may also be considered for requirements of fencing materials, installation and project management practices in the application of other fencing, such as pool fences, internal safety fences and department owned residential fences.

The specification is based on Australian Standards related to the construction and installation of relevant materials and products for Security Fencing. A summary of Australian Standards referenced in this specification is listed below:

Electrogalvanized (zinc) coatings on ferrous hollow and open sections
Cold-formed structural steel hollow sections
Continuous hot-dip metallic coated steel sheet and strip - Coatings of zinc
and zinc alloyed with aluminium and magnesium
Chain link fabric fencing - Security fences and gates - General
requirements
Coated Steel Wire Fencing Products for Terrestrial, Aquatic and General
Use
Hot-dip galvanized (zinc) coatings on ferrous hollow sections, applied by
a continuous or a specialized process
Metal finishing - Thermoset powder coatings
Steel tubes for mechanical purposes
Hot-dip galvanized (zinc) coatings on fabricated ferrous articles
Structural Steel Welding
Atmospheric Corrosivity Zones in Australia
Manual of uniform traffic control devices - Local area traffic management
Masonry Structures
Structural Design Actions – Wind actions
Residential Slabs and Footings

Australian Standards may be resourced via the DoE intranet Library Services: https://www.saiglobal.com/online/

As noted in Sections 3, 4 and 5 of this specification, Type 1 and Type 3 Security Fencing panels and gates are to be black in colour. Type 2 Security Fencing is to be galvanised steel or black. As the identified purpose for Security Fencing at state schools is providing a physical measure for security, having a fence in a colour that may be more attractive to vandals is not considered best practice.

The scope of this specification does not include advice for legislative requirements of those schools which have, or are intending to have, swimming pools installed. Principals must seek to identify the legislation and/or council bylaws which govern pool fencing in their respective school precincts. School principals are responsible for the safety of staff, students and all visitors to the school under the Work Place Health & Safety Act 2011.

Emergency and School Security

1.3 Types of Security Fencing

There are three types of fencing endorsed by DoE as Security Fencing:



Type 1 Security Fencing: Fencing constructed from panels comprised of black spear-top steel pickets and rails, manufactured of galvanised steel tube, used predominantly for areas where the boundary line is accessible from a public space such as a foot path or road. Type 1 Security Fencing is typically 2100mm in height.



Type 2 Security Fencing: Fencing constructed from chain-link fabric, used predominantly (but not exclusive to) for areas where the school shares a boundary line with private property. Type 2 Security Fencing is typically 2100mm-2400mm in height.



Type 3 Security Fencing: Fencing constructed from welded wire mesh, used predominantly (but not exclusive to) for areas not visible to the general public, for example near creeks or in rural areas, including sporting and agricultural areas. Type 3 Security Fencing is typically 2100mm-2400mm in height.

Emergency and School Security

1.4 Security Fencing - Preliminary Requirements

- The contractor is required to submit all quotations in accordance with the Department of Education (DoE) tender process.
- DoE Project Co-ordinators may have fencing material tested at random by NATA registered company to ensure that all materials and treatments meet these specifications.
- Security Fencing projects are to be managed in accordance with DoE School Managed Facility Project practices. All works carried out in the School Security Fencing Program must conform to the Workplace Health & Safety Code of Practice 2011
- Aluminium materials, or any materials other than those noted in this document must not be used with DoE fencing projects without pre-approval from the Project Coordinator.
- This specification is to be read in conjunction with the Department of Education Standing Offer Arrangement for Security Fencing of the nominated contractor for the particular project.

1.5 Site Specific Requirements

1.5.1 Site Survey and Soil Test

- The contractor is to arrange for a Registered Surveyor to survey the school in cases where a clearly defined property boundary is not evident and/or a dispute exists about the location of a property boundary.
- Where there is uncertainty about the integrity of the soil at the location of a proposed installation of Security Fencing, the contractor is to obtain a soil test report prior to commencement of the project, and supply relevant reports to determine if further works may be involved.
- The Project Coordinator will confirm if a site survey or soil test is required.

1.5.2 Location of Services

- The contractor is to determine, prior to commencing work, the location of all
 underground services such as water, gas, electricity and communication pipes or lines by
 engaging an authorised service locator, at the contractor's expense.
- Prior to the installation of any fencing within one (1) metre of underground electrical or communication lines, consent of the applicable service provider must be obtained.
- The contractor is to ensure any services, surfaces and finishing damaged during course of construction are reinstated as part of the project, at the contractor's expense.

1.5.3 Removal of Existing Fencing

- The contractor is responsible for the removal and disposal of the existing fence and to make good as necessary, unless advised otherwise by the Project Coordinator.
- Existing fence posts are not to be re-sleeved unless requested or approved by the Project Coordinator.
- The Project Coordinator is to be notified of any posts unable to be removed. Posts unable to be removed are to be cut level to the ground, and filled with concrete to create an even path.

Emergency and School Security

1.5.4 Light Poles, Signs and/or Sub-stations

The contractor is to redirect the fence as required to allow at least one (1) metre of clearance around any power pole, sign or sub-station or other item identified by the Project Coordinator.

1.5.5 Shrubs and Foliage

- The contractor must remove or trim trees and shrubs which could obstruct erection of the fence, or enable climbing access over the proposed fence prior to the installation of the new fence at the school. Any garden beds, grass areas or other parts of the grounds damaged by machinery without reasonable cause is to be reinstated to previous condition by the contractor at their cost.
- Replacement of plants and gardens is to be in line with the principles of Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (the Project Coordinator is to be consulted for further information regarding this).

1.5.6 Removal of all Rubbish

- Rubbish and unwanted materials are to be stored in a secure area until disposed of. Items must be disposed of at a minimum of once per week.
- Any collected rubbish that is causing a disruption to school operations is to be removed as soon as possible.

1.5.7 **Emergency access points**

Contractor to liaise with school Principal to determine location of dedicated emergency vehicle access points and is to ensure that these access points are kept clear at all times.

1.5.8 Safety

- The Business Manager will provide a Work Area Access Permit (WAAP) to the contractor. The WAAP is to be signed prior to commencing construction, and upon completion of the project.
- A Site Safety Plan and Work Method Statement are to be provided to the Project Coordinator prior to commencing construction.

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Section 2 - General Requirements for Installation

2.1 Requirements for Pre Treatment and Coating

2.1.1 Cleaning and Chemical Pre-Treatment

- The application of cleaning and chemical pre-treatment is required for all fencing panels, posts and gates, prior to application of the specified coating system, as per the following:
- New zinc surfaces are to be examined for flux residues, light roll forming oils and foreign
 matter, all of which are to be removed prior to pre-treatment for powder coating. All sharp
 edges and uneven protrusions are to be removed.
- Surfaces that show white storage stain (white rust) or other corrosion products, must be
 cleaned, degreased and pre-treated for optimal performance, as 'white rust' can lead to
 adhesion problems or out-gassing of the powder coating. Silicone based anti-spatters are not
 to be used as they may lead to de-wetting of the powder.
- Pre-treatment is to be carried out in accordance with Classification D (High Marine/Industrial) as per AS 4506.

A summary of pre-treatment and coating thickness requirements as per AS 4506 is below:

Atmospheric Classification	Substrate	Examples of appropriate pre-treatment	Minimum coating thickness, µm	Required Test
High Marine- Industrial	Zinc, Zinc alloys, Steel (zinc coated)	Zinc phosphate, or appropriate primer system, or chrome chromate or chrome phoshate	60	Adhesion Cure Thickness Neutral salt spray Humidity Permiability Durability Holiday

- · Powder application must occur within 24 hours of substrate pre-treatment.
- Pre-treatment systems are to be maintained and tested in accordance with the pretreatment supplier's recommendations.

2.1.2 Minimum Coating Requirements

 The standard coating for DoE Security Fencing is a hot dip galvanised zinc coating, appropriate for Corrosion Category C3 (coastal and/or industrial land, with a mild steel corrosion rate 25 to 50 μm/y), as per AS 4312. A coating mass of ZB135/135(Z275) as per AS 4792 is required as a minimum:

A summary of coating mass of ZB135/135 (Z275) as specified in AS4792 is below:

Coating Class	Local coating	Average coating	mass, g/m², min.	Strip Coating
Coating Class	mass g/m ² , min.	External	Internal	Class
ZB135/135	110	135	135	Z275

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2.1.3 Coating Required in Corrosive Environments

- Depending of the location of the project, coating appropriate for Corrosion Category C4 (sea shore, with a mild steel corrosion rate 50 to 80 μm/y) will be requested on an as required basis. In these cases, the required coating is one of the following:
 - A coating type of zinc, aluminium and magnesium (Type ZM) with a coating mass of ZM275 as specified in AS1397, or
 - o Batch Hot Dip galvanised (after fabrication) as per AS4680.

A summary of Type ZM with a coating mass of ZM275 as specified in AS 1397, is below:

	М	inimum Coating mass, g/r	n²
Coating class	ass Total both surfaces		One surface
	Triple spot	Single spot	Single spot
ZM275	275	250	110

A summary of Hot Dip Galvanised zinc coating (after fabrication) as per AS 4680, is below:

Article Thickness	Local Coating Thickness Minimum μm	Average Coating Thickness Minimum µm	Average Coating mass Minimum g/m²
≤ 1.5	35	45	320
>1.5 ≤ 3	45	55	390
>3 ≤ 6	55	70	500
>6	70	85	600

NOTE: 1 g/m² coating mass = $0.14 \mu m$ coating thickness

2.1.4 Paint Coating

- An epoxy primer of 50-60 μm must be applied to the pre-treated substrate in accordance with AS 4506 (a 'green cure' is recommended when applying the primer, whereby the primer is half cured before applying the topcoat).
- The topcoat shall consist of a polyester powder coating, black in colour, and in a gloss finish, applied in accordance with AS 4506 to a minimum of 80 μ m, with a total coating thickness of 130-140 μ m.
- For corrosive environments, a Class 1 abrasive 'whip' blast is to be applied before the epoxy primer;
- The polyester powder coating topcoat must meet or exceed durability, UV stability, and colourfastness requirements of AS 4506.
- The powder must be fully cured as per the powder manufacturer's specification.

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2.2 Clearance and Welding

- The contractor is to allow one (1) metre around objects including those identified in Sections 1.5.2 and 1.5.5, however if this is not possible, the panels where services or foliage are within one (1) metre of the fence line are to be fitted with powder coated perforated steel mesh.
- If any onsite welding is required, it is to be pre-approved by Project Coordinator, and carried out in accordance with AS/NZS 1554:2014, Structural Steel Welding. Repairs to cut or damaged powder coated material are to be made using an appropriate anti-corrosion treatment and coating system that provides the same protection and appearance as the finished product.

2.3 **General Requirements for Panels**

- The contractor must ensure that full panels are installed on both sides of all gates wherever practical.
- All panels are to be fitted with a maximum ground clearance of 150mm.
- Where ground clearance exceeds 150mm, the panels are to be stepped or raked to achieve the foregoing level of clearance.
- Stepped panels must be a minimum width of 1200mm.
- After stepping or raking, in-fills are to be fitted and rigidly fixed beneath panels where the ground clearance still exceeds 150mm.
- Barbed wire must not be used as an in-fill underneath panels.

2.4 **General Requirements for Gates**

The contractor is to allow for the following types and sizes of gates:

1-3 metres Hinged single gates Hinged double gates 2.4 - 7 metres Sliding gates As required Counter-lever gates As required

- Gates are to be manufactured as per the relevant requirements for that particular type of Security Fencing as detailed in Sections 3, 4 and 5.
- All hinged gate/s are to be constructed and installed so as to enable the gate/s to be locked in the fully open and closed position. Gates are to open and fold back 180 degrees where ground contours allow.
- Receiving latches are to be fitted to enable gate/s to be secured with heavy duty padlocks in the open and closed position.
- Galvanised ground sleeves, for the security of drop bolts with the gates in the open and closed position, are to be installed in concrete so as not to present a trip hazard. Ground domes must be high enough to inhibit dirt/water ingress and painted yellow to indicate a possible hazard.
- All bolts used for panel and gate hinge fixings must be anti-tamper bolts to prevent the removal of nuts.
- Speed humps must be installed under vehicular gates where the ground clearance exceeds 150mm. Installation of speed humps is to be in accordance with AS 1742:2014 Manual of Uniform Control Traffic Devices.
- The width of all gates is to be in accordance with the provided scope of works for each project.

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2.5 General Requirements for Vehicle Gates

- Vehicle access gates must be recessed within the property boundary, where identified as required for safety, to enable vehicles to stop off road to allow opening and closing of the gate.
- Where a reasonable concern for traffic safety exists, and the Project Coordinator has given pre-approval, returns are to be splayed to maximise sighting of passing vehicles and pedestrians.

2.6 General Requirements for Posts and Post Holes

- Fence posts, including corner and intermediate posts, are to be installed as set out in the relevant sections for the respective fence type as specified below.
- A post hole (also referred to as a dig) is a machine-drilled or hand dug hole in soil, rock
 or other than rock material. All post holes are to be installed as set out in the sections
 for the respective fence type:
 - Section 3 for Type 1 Security Fencing;
 - Section 4 for Type 2 Security Fencing;
 - Section 5 for Type 3 Security Fencing.

2.7 General Requirements for Gate Posts

- Gate posts are to be set as specified in the relevant Section for each fence type. The above ground concrete finish is to be domed with a steel trowel finish to eliminate water lying at base of posts.
- Doming of concrete at base of posts must be performed at the time of the concrete pour.

2.8 General Requirements for Padlocks

The contractor is to supply all heavy-duty padlocks (ABUS 83/50 or equivalent) to allow all
gates to be locked. Padlocks are to be keyed to the school registered master key system.
 This should be confirmed with the Project Coordinator before locks are installed.

2.9 Site Storage and Protection

- Unless alternative arrangements are approved by the Project Coordinator before
 commencement of the project, the contractor is to store all goods, materials and equipment
 (including any shed or portable toilet), on site within the school boundary in a manner that
 will avoid hazards and/or interruptions to school operations, and will not affect
 neighbouring properties.
- Goods, materials and equipment is to be stored within a secure construction safety fence (ATF type or similar). Construction fencing used to store equipment is to be a minimum height of 2100mm.
- Safety fencing is to be provided to all work areas including areas where existing fencing is
 removed until new fencing is installed. The removal of existing fences should be limited to
 areas that can be protected. The type of safety fencing required and the timing of
 installation of the safety fencing are to be determined in accordance with the Construction
 Safety Plan as described in Workplace Health & Safety procedures. Non rigid
 bunting style barrier is not acceptable.

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Site Storage and Protection cont.

- The excavation of post holes is to be limited to areas that can be backfilled within the day.
 Control measures are be provided to protect the site in accordance with the construction safety plan as described in Workplace Health & Safety procedures. Trip and subsidence hazards are to be avoided.
- The type of protection required and the timing of the protection works is to be determined in accordance with normal safety procedures exercised on a designated construction site.

2.10 General Requirements for Returns

- In places where a Security Fence is to adjoin with another type of fence on a private
 property (for example a timber or brick fence) which faces a public space such as the
 road or footpath, a step point can be created by the private fence. In these cases, the
 security fence is to proceed along the front street line of the school to the adjoining
 property, and then a return is to be provided along the adjoining property boundary to
 provide adequate security for the school.
- Returns are also required where the Security Fence is to adjoin to a pre-existing internal fence in the school grounds.
- The relevant Scope of Works, provided for each project, will include any required provisions for this.

2.11 General Requirements for Block Walls/Celebrated Entryways

- Where block walls are included as part of a project scope of works for a celebrated entryway, the wall height should be 100mm above the total height of the fence line. Any alterations to existing block walls, or security features required to be affixed to the top of block walls, will be specified by the Project Coordinator.
- The contractor is to redirect the fence as required to allow at least one (1) metre of clearance around any existing block walls which will create step points.
- Any block walls or retaining walls built as part of the project must have relevant Council
 approvals, be assessed and certified by a qualified engineer, and comply with the
 requirements of AS 3700-2001.

2.11 Electricity and Water

The Contractor must arrange with the Project Co-ordinator at the time of initial
consultation as to the availability of electricity and water if required. Reasonable access to
electricity and water will be provided by the school Principal.

2.12 Key Safe/Garage

- Where specified in the project scope of works, a solid metal housing key safe, suitable for holding padlock keys, is to be affixed to a post of the fence at a location nominated by the Project Coordinator.
- Key safes are to be constructed from zinc die-cast or equivalent, and have a 10 digit code panel with a plastic weather cover.
- Additional key safes will be requested on an as required basis.

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Section 3 - Type 1 Security Fencing

Type 1 Security Fencing is constructed from panels comprised of black spear-top steel pickets and rails, manufactured of galvanised steel tube, used predominantly for areas where the boundary line is accessible from a public space such as street frontage or parkland.



Picture 3.1: A standard Type 1 Security Fence

3.1 Type 1 Security Fencing - Summary

Manufacture	Steel pickets and rails, manufactured from galvanised steel tubing, in accordance
	with AS 1450 and AS 1397 to a steel Grade of C250 (Summary of C250 below)
Height	A minimum standard of 2100mm (heights above this level will be requested on an
	as required basis)
Panel Length	2400mm minimum and 2500mm maximum
Number of	Two (2)
Rails	
Rail	40mm x 40mm x 2.0mm thickness
Measurements	
Top Rail	200mm - 270mm from the top of pickets
Position	
Rail Centres	1690mm – 1770mm (dependant on height of picket above rail)
Pickets	25mm x 25mm x 1.6mm in thickness x 2100mm in length, punched through
	40mm square x 2.0mm rails, and welded on alternative sides of the top and
	bottom of both rails with silicon bronze wire
Picket Spacing	A standard of 125mm between picket centres, and 115mm between picket
	centres for preparatory (Prep) area fencing (115mm picket gaps may also be
	requested on an as required basis)
Picket Tops	Cut and pressed (crimped) to form a spear point top. Spear tops are to be made
	from the same piece of steel tubing as the picket and not attached after
	manufacture.
Welding	Welded on alternative sides of the top and bottom of both rails, with silicon
	bronze wire (i.e. four welds per picket), as per diagrams 3.1 and 3.2 below.
Ground	Raised off of the ground, with a 150mm maximum clearance
Clearance	
Coating	Fully powder coated to meet the requirements as detailed in Section 2.1: Pre-
	Treatment and Coating

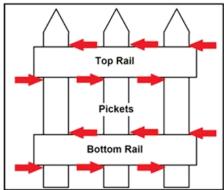
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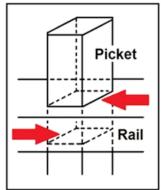
A summary of Steel Grade C250 chemical composition, as per AS 1450, is below:

Grade Type of		Type of Chemical composition, percent maximum					
Designation	Analysis	С	Si	Mn	P	s	Carbon equivalent
C250	Cast	0.25	0.40	*	0.040	0.040	0.44
	Product	0.29	0.45	784	0.050	0.050	-

3.1.1 Other Information

 Vertical pickets are to be welded on alternative sides of the top and bottom of both rails, with silicon bronze wire (i.e. four welds per picket), as per the diagrams below:





Picture 3.2: Picket Welding 2D view

Picture 3.3: Picket Welding 3D view

- All welds to be fully rust-proofed and finished to match the fence colour. Finished panels
 must be fully powder coated to meet the requirements as detailed in <u>Section 2.1: Pre-</u>
 <u>Treatment and Coating.</u>
- Where the ground clearance exceeds 150mm, the panels are to be stepped or raked to
 achieve the foregoing level of clearance (If panels are to be raked, this will be specified in
 the relevant Scope of Works for each project).
- Stepped panels must be a minimum length of 1200mm, unless requested in the Scope of Works for special circumstances. After stepping or raking, in-fills are to be fitted rigidly beneath panels where the ground clearance still exceeds 150mm. Where in-fills are to be installed at designated waterways, and the installation will significantly obstruct the natural flow of water, alternative options are to be sought in consultation with the Project Coordinator.

3.1.2 Panel Fittings

- Panel rails are to be fixed to posts with shrouds. Shrouds are to be equipped with four (4) holes. Shrouds are to be approved by Project Co-ordinator.
- Each shroud is to be affixed to posts with four (4) colour matching self-drilling anti tamper class three screws.
- The rail is to be fixed to the shroud with one (1) colour matching self-drilling anti tamper class three screw.

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Panel Fittings cont.

- Fixings are to be on the inside of the fence, where possible, unless prevented by bracket positioning.
- Where changes of direction are not 90°, the bracket is to be constructed to suit the angle, and the sleeve is to be purposely made at the required mitre from matching powder coated material.
- Brackets and sleeves must be powder coated to match finished panels and posts to meet the requirements detailed in Section 2.1: Pre-Treatment and Coating.
- · Any signs required on the fence should be affixed directly under the top rail.

3.2 Type 1 Security Fencing - Posts

Manufacture	Galvanised steel tubing, in accordance with AS 1163 and AS 1397, to a steel Grade of C350 (Summary of C350 below)
Measurements (Straight line Posts)	75mm x 75mm x 3mm thickness x 3000mm in length
Measurements (Corner Posts)	100mm x 100mm x 4mm thickness x 3000mm in length
Height	 A minimum standard of 2100mm above ground (heights above this level will be requested on an as required basis) The top of each post must be higher than the top of either of the adjoining fence panels
Post Cap	Matching galvanised steel cap to conform with AS 1450 and AS 1397, secured to the top of the fence post using a colour matching self-drilling anti tamper class three screw.
Post Footings	 250mm minimum diameter with concrete footings not less than 20Mpa in strength. Requirements for footing depths are detailed in Security Fencing Post Footings Above ground concrete finishes are to be domed with a steel trowel finish, to eliminate water lying at the base of posts. Doming of concrete at base of posts must be performed at the time of the original concrete pour
Post Spacing	2400mm minimum, 2500mm maximum
Coating	Fully powder coated to meet the requirements as detailed in Section 2.1: Pre- Treatment and Coating

A summary of Steel Grade C350 chemical composition as per AS 1450 is below:

Grade Designation	Tuna of	Chemical composition, percent maximum					
	Type of Analysis	С	Si	Mn	Р	s	Carbon equivalent
C350	Cast	0.22	0.50	1.60	0.040	0.040	0.49
	Product	0.26	0.55	1.70	0.050	0.050	*

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Type 1 Security Fencing - Gates (Hinged)

Manufacture	Steel pickets and rails, manufactured from galvanised steel tubing, in
	accordance with AS 1450 and AS 1397 to a steel Grade of C250
Sizes	As outlined in Section 2.3: General Requirements for Gates.
Measurements	 50mm x 50mm x 3mm thickness square box section vertical stiles 50mm x 50mm x 3mm thickness square box section horizontal rails 25mm x 25mm x 1.6mm thickness vertical pickets to match panels
Height	A minimum standard of 2100mm (heights above this level will be requested on an as required basis)
Number of Rails	Three (3) total Twin bottom 50mm square box section rails are to be fitted to bottom of the gate to provide reinforcing.
Rails Measurements	50mm x 50mm x 3mm thickness square box section horizontal rails
Top Rail Position	200mm - 270mm from the top of pickets
Rail Centres	1690mm – 1700mm (dependant on height of picket above rail) from top to middle rail The gap between the two bottom parallel rails is not to exceed 100mm
Pickets	25mm x 25mm x 1.6mm in thickness x 2100mm in length, punched through 50mm square x 3mm rails, and welded on alternative sides of the top and middle rails, and also either side of the picket on the bottom rail, with silicon bronze wire
Picket Spacing	A standard of 125mm between picket centres, and 115mm between picket centres for preparatory (Prep) area fencing (115mm picket gaps may also be requested on an as required basis)
Picket Tops	Cut and pressed (crimped) to form a spear point top. Spear tops are to be made from the same piece of steel tubing as the picket and not attached after manufacture.
Hinges	Hinges considered under industry norms as suitable for the type of fence and gate being installed, and are to be approved by the Project Coordinator.
Welding	 Vertical pickets are to be punched through the top and middle rails, and welded on alternative sides of the top and bottom of the top and middle rails with silicon bronze wire (as per diagrams 3.1 and 3.2) Pickets are not required to be punched through the bottom rail but are to meet flush with the rail and welded either side of the picket. Each picket shall have a total of six welds
Ground	Raised off of the ground, with a 150mm maximum clearance
Clearance	
Coating	Fully powder coated to meet the requirements as detailed in <u>Section 2.1:</u> <u>Pre-Treatment and Coating</u>
Fittings	Requirements for slide bolts, flag bolt lugs and lock boxes are detailed below in Section 3.3.2: Gate Fittings

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3.3.1 Other Information

- All gates are to be constructed to enable the gates to be locked in the fully open and/or closed position with padlocks (Project Coordinator to confirm required lock size and style).
- Ground sleeves ('Cow-bell' style brackets) are to be installed for the security of drop bolts with the gates in the open and closed position, to eliminate any tripping hazards.
- All gates are to be fitted with 20mm slide bolts and Broadhurst lock boxes and padlocks to
 each securing point. These locks and bolts are to be supplied by the contractor. Abus 83/50
 series padlocks or equivalent are to be used. Shackle-less padlocks are to be fitted to all slide
 bolts. The slide bolt should be fitted internally, immediately above the parallel centre.
- There is to be no diagonal bracing on gates.

3.3.2 Gate Fittings

- Double gates are to have internal flag bolts or similar locking mechanism no less than 1200mm in length from the bottom of each individual gate. Steel tags are to be welded to the gate to accommodate the flag bolt when in the open and closed position through passing a padlock through the flag.
- Flag bolts or similar locking mechanisms are to have a 20mm diameter steel bar.
- Flag bolt lugs are to be elongated in height and to be bolted to the closing post. Locking
 lugs are to be welded to the frame to accommodate the flag bolt in the closed position.
- Perforated metal is to be affixed against the gate stile. This must be designed specifically to stop access to the locking mechanism from outside the gate. In cases where dual access is required a portion of the perforated metal will be cut in proximity to the locking device to allow hand access (i.e. access through double gates for emergency service personnel). The cut edges of perforated panels are to be finished to remove any sharp edges.

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3.4 Type 1 Security Fencing - Gate Posts

Manufacture	Galvanised steel tubing, in accordance with AS 1163 and AS 1397, to a steel
	Grade of C350
Measurements	100mm x 100mm x 4mm thickness x 3000mm in length
(Gates up to five	
(5) metres)	
Measurements	150mm x 150mm x 5mm thickness x 3000mm in length
(Gates over five	
(5) metres)	
Height	A minimum standard of 2100mm above ground (heights above this level
	will be requested on an as required basis)
Post Cap	Matching galvanised steel cap to conform with AS 1450 and AS 1397,
	secured to the top of the fence post using a colour matching self-drilling
	anti tamper class three screw.
Post Footings	450mm minimum diameter with concrete footings not less than 20Mpa
	in strength. Requirements for the depth of post footings are detailed in
	Section 3.6: Type 1 Security Fencing Post Footings
	For pedestrian use gates, a concrete plinth 400mm wide x 150mm
	depth is to be installed between gate posts
	For vehicle use gates, a concrete plinth 400mm wide x 300mm depth is
	to be installed between gate posts
	Above ground concrete finishes are to be domed with a steel trowel finish, to eliminate water lying at the base of posts.
	Doming of concrete at base of posts must be performed at the time of the original concrete pour
Coating	Fully powder coated to meet the requirements as detailed in <u>Section 2.1:</u>
	Pre-Treatment and Coating

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3.5 Type 1 Security Fencing – Gates (Sliding)

3.5 Type 1 5c.	curry renemg – dates (Shunig)
Manufacture	Steel pickets and rails, manufactured from galvanised steel tubing, in
	accordance with AS 1450 and AS 1397 to a steel Grade of C250
Sizes	As outlined in <u>Section 2.3</u> : General Requirements for Gates.
	Sliding gate panels are to be a minimum of 600mm longer than
	the gate opening
Measurements	50mm x 50mm x 3mm thickness square box section vertical stiles
	50mm x 50mm x 3mm thickness square box section horizontal rails
	100mm x 50mm x 3mm thickness bottom rail
	25mm x 25mm x 1.6mm thickness vertical pickets to match panels
Height	A minimum standard of 2100mm (heights above this level will be requested
	on an as required basis)
Number of Rails	Three (3) total
	Top and middle rail are to be 50mm square x 3mm thickness box
	section horizontal rails
	100mm x 50mm x 3mm thickness box section rail is to be fitted to the
	bottom of the gate to provide reinforcing
Top Rail Position	200mm - 270mm from the top of pickets
Rail Centres	1690mm – 1700mm (dependant on height of picket above rail) from
	top to middle rail
	The gap between the two bottom parallel rails is not to exceed 100mm
Pickets	25mm x 25mm x 1.6mm in thickness x 2100mm in length, punched
Pickets	through 50mm square x 3mm rails, and welded on alternative sides of the
	top and middle rails, and also either side of the picket on the bottom rail,
	with silicon bronze wire
Picket Spacing	A standard of 125mm between picket centres, and 115mm between picket
	centres for preparatory (Prep) area fencing (115mm picket gaps may also
	be requested on an as required basis)
Picket Tops	Cut and pressed (crimped) to form a spear point top. Spear tops are to be
	made from the same piece of steel tubing as the picket and not attached
	after manufacture.
Wheels	Double bearing bottom wheels with upper nylon guide rollers.
Track	Galvanised steel track comprising 90mm x 6mm plate with 20mm solid
	rod welded on centre line, with two (2) 12mm holes 50mm in from
	edges at 500mm centres
	Track to be fixed to concrete slab with 10mm x 50mm galvanised dyna
	bolts
	Concrete slab under track to be length of gate + sliding range x 400mm
Catcher Pracket/	x 300mm deep
Catcher Bracket/	100mm x 100mm x 5mm post with steel guide to accommodate impact of gate when in the open position
Stopping Post	Post is to be fixed in position with four (4) heavy duty galvanised dyna
	bolts which are to be anchored into a concrete footing
	Where necessary, the upright is to be braced to combat movement
	caused through constant impact

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Type 1 Security Fencing - Gates (Sliding) cont.

Coating	Fully powder coated to meet the requirements as detailed in <u>Section 2.1: Pre-</u> Treatment and Coating
Fittings	Requirements for slide bolts, flag bolt lugs and lock boxes are detailed below in Section 3.5.1: Other Information

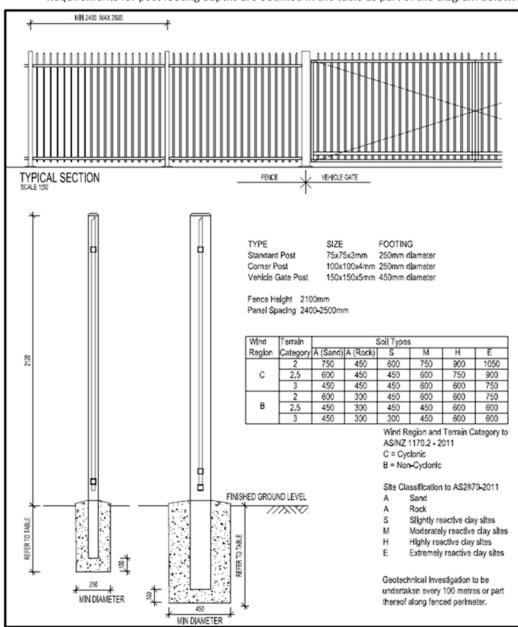
3.5.1 Other Information

- Vertical pickets are to be punched through the top and middle rails, and welded on alternative sides of the top and bottom of the top and middle rails with silicon bronze wire (as per diagrams 3.1 and 3.2)
- Pickets are not required to be punched through the bottom rail but are to meet flush with the rail and welded either side of the picket. Each picket shall have a total of six welds
- A 40mm x 10mm x 50mm lug is to be welded with a 20mm hole to secure the gate in the open and closed position.
- There must be a slot in the catcher bracket to receive the lug welded on the gate.
- The lug is to be constructed to accommodate a padlock (Project Coordinator to confirm required size and style of locks).
- Sliding gates are to be guided through a minimum of two (2) 'U frames' comprising 100mm x 100mm x 4mm posts.
- Posts are to be secured in place with a 5mm (minimum) steel bracing plate, coated to meet the requirements as detailed in Section 2.1: Pre-Treatment and Coating.
- There is to be no diagonal bracing on gates.

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3.6 Type 1 Security Fencing – Post Footings

- Requirements for the depth of Type 1 Security Fencing post footings are dependent on:
 - The Wind Region and Terrain Categories of the project location, as per AS 1170.2-2011, Structural Design Actions – Wind actions;
 - The Site Classification of the soil type of the project location as per AS2870-2011, Residential Slabs and Footings.
- · Requirements for post footing depths are outlined in the table as part of the diagram below:



Picture 3.4: Post footing requirements for Type 1 Security Fencing

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Section 4 - Type 2 Security Fencing

Type 2 Security Fencing is constructed from chain-link fabric, used predominantly for (but not exclusive to) areas where the school shares a boundary line with private property.



Picture 4.1: A standard Type 2 Security Fence

4.1 Type 2 Security Fencing - Summary

4.1 Type 2 500	curity Pericing - Summary
Manufacture	Galvanised steel pipe, in accordance with AS 1725.1 and AS 1163 to a steel
(Posts and Rails)	Grade of C250
Manufacture	Steel wire manufactured from hot-rolled carbon steel rods of chemical
(Chain Link)	compositions in accordance with AS 1442, protected against corrosion by
	application of a metallic coating during manufacture in accordance with AS
	2423
Height	A minimum standard of 2100mm (heights above this level will be requested on
	an as required basis)
Panel Length	2400mm minimum and 2500mm maximum
Chain Link Fabric	Galvanised steel wire 3.15mm diameter, 50mm pitch in accordance with
Measurements	AS 1725 and AS 2423
	Black PVC coated 4.15mm diameter, 50mm pitch may be requested on an
	as required basis (PVC is to be applied over galvanised steel wire)
Support Cables	4mm diameter helicoil in the same coating quality as the chain link fabric
Tie Wires and	2mm diameter in the same coating quality as the chain link fabric
Clips	Ties wires are required for intermediate posts every 4 links at a minimum
	Every second chain link diamond on top rail and every second chain link
	diamond on bottom rail are to be individually secured using double
	wrapped tie wire. Continuous lacing is not acceptable
	At the end posts and gateposts every chain link diamond is to be individually secured using double wrapped tie wire to end posts, internal
	corner posts and gateposts
	Chain link fabric is to be clipped to the helicoil wire with no less than 2x
	clips per panel
Top Rail	Chain link fabric is to be finished with barbed top selvedge and knuckled
	bottom selvedge
	The barb is to be above the top rail
	· ·

Emergency and School Security

Type 2 Security Fencing - Summary cont.

Ground	The space between the bottom selvedge of the chain link fabric and the
Clearance	ground is to clear the ground surface as ground contours allow, and be small enough to sufficiently maintain security.
Coating	 The galvanised (zinc) coating on the steel pipes is to comply with AS/NZ 4792
	 Where powder coating is requested for posts, coating is to be applied as specified in <u>Section 2.1: Pre-Treatment and Coating</u>

A summary of Steel Grade C250 chemical composition, as per AS 1450, is below:

			Chemica	al compositi	on, percent i	naximum	
Grade Designation	Type of Analysis	с	Si	Mn	Р	s	Carbon equivalent (See note)
C250	Cast	0.25	0.40	*	0.040	0.040	0.44
	Product	0.29	0.45	-	0.050	0.050	-

4.1.1 Other Information

- · All fittings are to be colour matched as per the request for each project.
- All items welded or cut must be primed, followed by galvanising or black paint as required for the project.
- · All fittings, including nuts and bolts, are to be cut to stop removal.
- Chain link fabric is to be placed on the outside of posts and strained taut and secured to
 each support cable, all rails, all posts and bracing rails with tie wires, except at the end posts
 and gateposts
- Every second chain link diamond on top rail and every second chain link diamond on bottom rail are to be individually secured using double wrapped tie wire. Continuous lacing is not acceptable
- Chain link fabric is to be placed on the outside of posts and strained taut, secured to each support cable, all rails, all posts and bracing rails with tie wires, except at end posts and gateposts
- At the end posts and gateposts, the every chain link diamond is to be individually secured using double wrapped tie wire to end posts, internal corner posts and gateposts
- If bracing rails, bracing stays and back stays are required they are to be provided without joints, and are to be 32mm extra light nominal bore
- All rails are to be securely connected to posts with an industry approved galvanised steel clamp.

Emergency and School Security

4.2 Type 2 Security Fencing - Posts

Manufacture	Galvanised steel pipe, in accordance with AS 1725.1 and AS 1163 to a steel Grade of C250
Measurements	 Corner posts are to be galvanised steel pipe DN50 Intermediate posts are to be galvanised steel pipe DN40 Single gate posts are to be galvanised steel pipe DN50 Double gate posts are to be galvanised steel pipe DN80 Top rails are to be galvanised steel pipe DN32 Bottom rails are to be galvanised steel pipe DN32
Height	A minimum standard of 2100mm above ground (heights above this level will be requested on an as required basis)
Footings (Intermediate Posts)	 250mm minimum diameter not less than 20Mpa in strength. Requirements for the depth of post footing are detailed in Section 4.4: Type 2 Security Fencing Post Footings Above ground concrete finish is to be domed with steel trowel finish to eliminate water lying at base of posts and is to be completed at time of original concrete pour
Footings (Corner Posts)	250mm minimum diameter x 750mm minimum depth with not less than 20Mpa in strength Above ground concrete finish is to be domed with steel trowel finish to eliminate water lying at base of posts and is to be completed at time of original concrete pour

4.2.1 Other Information

- Ends of the support cable wire are to be firmly secured to all terminal posts.
- If a top rail is specified as not to be used, then the top support cable is to be positioned one half-diamond below the top selvedge of the chain link fabric.
- The bottom support cable is to be positioned not more than one diamond above the bottom selvedge of the chain link fabric.
- Knotted joins in cable wire are not permitted.

Emergency and School Security

4.3 Type 2 Security Fencing - Gates

Manufacture	Galvanised steel pipe, manufactured in accordance with AS 1725.1 and AS
(Posts and Rails)	1163 to a steel Grade of C250
Manufacture	Steel wire manufactured from hot-rolled carbon steel rods of chemical
(Chain Link)	compositions in accordance with AS 1442, protected against corrosion by a
,	metallic coating applied during manufacture in accordance with AS 2423
Sizes	As outlined in Section 2.3: General Requirements for Gates.
Height	A minimum standard of 2100mm (heights above this level will be
	requested on an as required basis)
	The height of the gate is to match the height of the fence (allowing for
	sufficient minimum ground clearances)
Frame	Gate outer frame to be constructed of DN25 and inner frame of DN20.
riaille	Design to be in accordance with AS 1725.1.
Posts	Corner posts are to be galvanised steel pipe DN50
	Intermediate posts are to be galvanised steel pipe DN40
	Single gate posts are to be galvanised steel pipe DN50
	Double gate posts are to be galvanised steel pipe DN80
	Top rails are to be galvanised steel pipe DN32
	Bottom rails are to be galvanised steel pipe DN32
Chain Link Fabric	Galvanised steel wire 3.15mm diameter, 50mm pitch in accordance
Measurements	with AS 1725 and AS 2423
	Black PVC coated 4.15mm diameter, 50mm pitch may be requested on
	an as required basis (PVC is to be applied over galvanised steel wire)
	Chain link fabric applied to gates is to match the fabric on the fence
Support Cables	4mm diameter helicoil in the same coating quality as the chain link fabric
Tie Wires and	2mm diameter in the same coating quality as chain link fabric
Clips	Ties wires required for intermediate posts at minimum every 4 links
	Every second chain link diamond on top rail and every second chain
	link diamond on bottom rail are to be individually secured using double
	wrapped tie wire. Continuous lacing is not acceptable
	At the end posts and gateposts every chain link diamond is to be
	individually secured using double wrapped tie wire to end posts,
	internal corner posts and gateposts Chain link fabric is to be clipped to the boliseil wire with no loss than 3y
	Chain link fabric is to be clipped to the helicoil wire with no less than 2x clips per panel
Top Rail	Chain link fabric is to be finished with barbed top selvedge and
TOP Kall	knuckled bottom selvedge
	The barb is to be above the top rail
Ground	The space between the bottom selvedge of the chain link fabric and the
Clearance	ground is to clear the ground surface as ground contours allow, and be small enough to sufficiently maintain security.
Drop Bolt	A flag drop bolt or similar locking mechanism made from a 16mm
	diameter, galvanised steel pin, is to be installed no less than 1200mm in
	length from the bottom of each individual gate
Coating	Where powder coating is requested for posts, coating is to be applied
	as specified in Section Section 2.1: Pre-Treatment and Coating

Emergency and School Security

4.3.1 Other Information

- The chain link fabric is to be tied individually to the gate frame on every chain link diamond to gate frame and along the internal bracing.
- All joints are to be fully welded, staggered welding is not acceptable.
- Two coats of approved zinc-rich paint are to be applied to all galvanised surfaces damaged
- Brackets are to be fitted to each double-leaf gate for the provision of locking the gates.
- Galvanised 'cowbell' brackets are to be provided at ground level, to hold the gates in both the open and closed position. The devices should be installed as to not present a trip hazard.
- Doming of concrete is to be sufficiently high enough to prohibit the ingress of dirt and is to be painted yellow to indicate possible trip hazard.
- Locking lugs are to be welded to the frame to accommodate the flag bolt being secured in the 'cowbell bracket' in the closed position.
- Flag bolts or similar locking mechanisms are to have a 20mm diameter steel bar.
- Gate hinges are to be heavy duty, and secured to prohibit removal of the gate.
- Gates are to open 180 degrees and lock back against fence line where ground contours allow.

4.3.2 Base plates

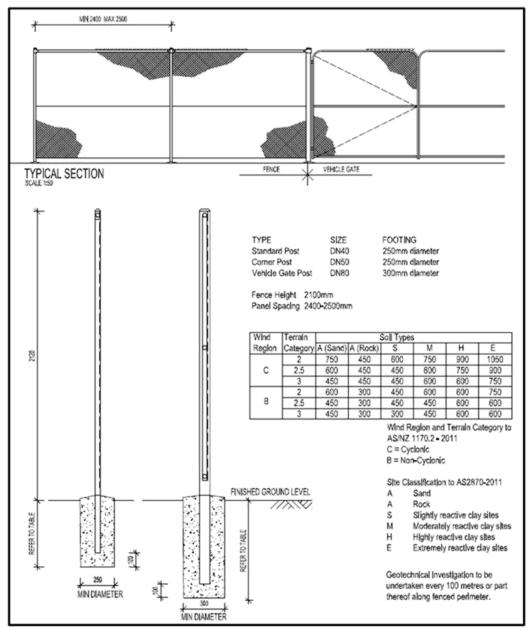
- Base plates can be installed where suitable concrete pavement or similar surfaces are available.
- When a base plate is installed, the base plates are to be fixed with four (4) heavy duty galvanised dyna bolts to the concrete.
- Posts are to be fully secured with the bolt nuts welded or burred to prevent removal.

Emergency and School Security

4.4 Type 2 Security Fencing – Post Footings

- Requirements for the depth of Type 2 Security Fencing post footings are dependent on:
 - The Wind Region and Terrain Categories of the project location, as per AS 1170.2-2011, Structural Design Actions – Wind actions;
 - The Site Classification of the soil type of the project location as per AS2870-2011, Residential Slabs and Footings.

Requirements for post footing depths are outlined in the table as part of the diagram below:



Picture 4.2: Post footing requirements for Type 2 Security Fencing

Emergency and School Security

Section 5 - Type 3 Security Fencing

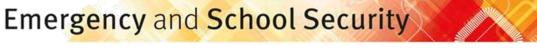
Type 3 Security Fencing Fencing constructed from welded wire mesh, used predominantly (but not exclusive to) for areas not visible to the general public, for example near creeks or in rural areas, including sporting and agricultural areas.



Picture 5.1: A standard Type 3 Security Fence

5.1 Type 3 Security Fencing - Summary

Continuous woulded ash prised steel wise much panels with two (2) having stell
Continuous welded galvanised steel wire mesh panels, with two (2) horizontal
presses, foiled base and spiked tops, in accordance with AS 2423
5mm diameter steel wire, with 50mm horizontal spacing x 75mm vertical spacing,
welded at each crossover point
A minimum standard of 2100mm (heights above this level will be requested on an
as required basis)
• 2400mm
Smaller panel lengths may be requested where ground clearance exceeds
acceptable levels due to ground contours
All panels are to be fitted with U clips, total number to be determined by total height of panel/s and predrilled holes in posts
Clearing the ground surface, but small enough to sufficiently maintain security
Panels are to be galvanised after manufacture to meet the requirements as
detailed in Section 2.1: Pre-Treatment and Coating



5.2 Type 3 Security Fencing -Posts

Manufacture	Galvanised steel Rectangular hollow section (RHS) posts, in accordance with AS2423
Measurements	50mm nominal bore /60.3mm outside diameter, with a wall thickness of
(For up to	3.6mm
2400mm height)	
Measurements	80mm nominal bore /88.9mm outside diameter, with a wall thickness of 4mm
(For over	
2400mm height)	
Height	A minimum standard of 2100mm above ground (heights above this level will
	be requested on an as required basis)
Post Cap	Matching galvanised steel cap to conform with AS 1450 and AS 1397, secured
	to the top of the fence post using a colour matching self-drilling anti tamper
	class three screw.
Footings	250mm minimum diameter not less than 20Mpa in strength. Requirements for
	the depth of footings are detailed in Section 5.4: Type 3 Security Fence Post
	<u>Footings</u>
Fittings	Galvanised U clips must be fastened to posts at each predrilled hole
	Hexagonal head galvanised bolts and nuts are to be:
	M8 x 90mm for 50mm NB posts
	M8 x 100mm for 80mm NB posts
Coating	Posts are to be galvanised after manufacture in accordance with AS 4792 and
	to meet the requirements as detailed in Section 2.1: Pre-Treatment and
	Coating

Each post can be drilled with 11-14 x 10mm holes, dependent upon the total height of combined panels, and must include a hole to enable stepping of panels where necessary

Emergency and School Security

5.3 Type 3 Security Fencing - Gates

Manufacture	Continuous welded galvanised steel wire mesh panels, with two (2) horizontal
	presses, foiled base and spiked tops, in accordance with AS 2423
Frame	32mm nominal bore galvanised steel pipe frame and internal bracing. Spike top is to protrude 50mm above the top of the gate frame, level with top of the gate stile
Mesh	5mm diameter steel wire, with 50mm horizontal spacing x 75mm vertical spacing, welded at each crossover point
Sizes	As outlined in Section 2.3: General Requirements for Gates
Height	A minimum standard of 2100mm (heights above this level will be requested on an as required basis) The height of the gate is to match the height of the fence (allowing for sufficient minimum ground clearances) with a spiked top
Posts	Galvanised steel PHS posts, 100mm nominal bore/ 114.3mm outside diameter, with a wall thickness of 4.5mm
Post Cap	Matching galvanised steel cap to conform with AS 1450 and AS 1397, secured to the top of the fence post using a colour matching self-drilling anti tamper class three screw.
Fittings	Hexagonal head galvanised bolts and nuts are to be M8 x 150mm for 100mm NB posts
Hinges	Galvanised steel hinges that are bolted or welded to the posts
Ground	The gate is to clear the ground surface, but be as close to the ground as
Clearance	possible
Drop Bolts	Requirements for drop bolts are described below
Coating	Gates are to be galvanised after manufacture in accordance with AS 4792 and to meet the requirements as detailed in Section 2.1: Pre-Treatment and Coating

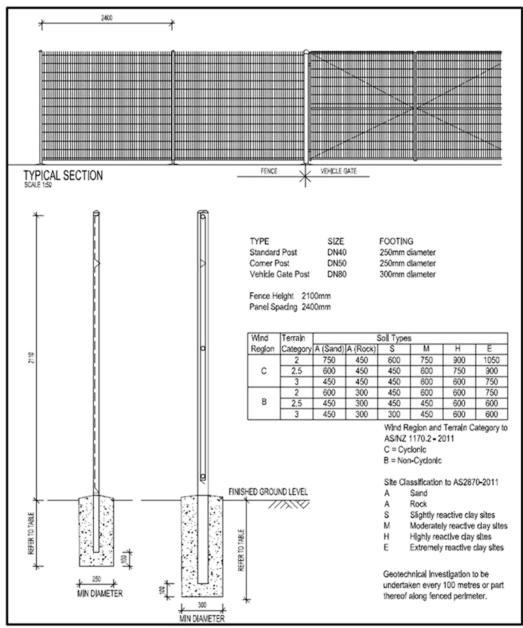
- Each leaf is to have a 32mm nominal bore galvanised steel internal stile between the
 middle and bottom rails. There is to be a 100mm space with no mesh from the closing stile,
 to allow external access to the drop bolt and lock.
- Gates must have an internal Broadhurst or similar protected/encased locking mechanism and a hand hole 1500mm from the bottom of the gate.
- The protected/encased locking mechanism is to be fitted with a 20mm diameter steel bar and two lugs, or one lug of sufficient width, bolted to the closing post to receive the shot bolt, preventing the gates opening when the drop bolts are not secured.
- · Weldmesh infill is to remain over hand hole.
- Gates are to be equipped with an 850mm lockable drop bolt.
- Flag bolts or similar locking mechanisms are to have a 20mm diameter steel bar.
- Where it is not possible to engage the drop bolt to the ground level then provision is to be made for the installation of an 1800mm galvanised steel post, measuring 65mm x 65mm x 2 5mm
- The slide bolt is to be lockable in both the open and closed position.
- Gates are to open 180 degrees and lock back against fence line where ground contours allow.

Emergency and School Security

5.4 Type 3 Security Fencing – Post Footings

- Requirements for the depth of Type 2 Security Fencing post footings are dependent on:
 - The Wind Region and Terrain Categories of the project location, as per AS 1170.2-2011, Structural Design Actions – Wind actions;
 - The Site Classification of the soil type of the project location as per AS2870-2011, Residential Slabs and Footings.

Requirements for post footing depths are outlined in the table as part of the diagram below:



Picture 5.2: Post footing requirements for Type 3 Security Fencing

Emergency and School Security

Section 6 - Images



Picture 6.1: Type 1 Security Fencing Sliding Gate



Picture 6.2: Mesh infill panel fixing on a Type 1 Security Fence

Emergency and School Security



Picture 6.3: Type 1 Security Fencing with infill bar



Picture 6.4: Type 1 Security Fencing with infill bar

Emergency and School Security



Picture 6.5: Signs correctly affixed to Type 1 Security Fencing



BUSINESS PAPERS

9.5 HUMAN RESOURCES REPORT

Attachments: 9.5.1. Safeplan Progress Report to March 2022

Author: Lisa Ruyg - Manager Human Resources

Date: 12 April 2022

Key Outcome: 1.1 – Responsive and effective service delivery

Key Strategy: 1.1.1 Foster appropriate corporate culture that aligns with Council's

Mission, Values and Behaviours.

Executive Summary:

This report provides information on the progress of SAFEPLAN, Council's safety management system, and an update on general human resource matters.

RECOMMENDATION:

That Council considers a Staff Housing application and accepts the remainder of the Human Resources Report for information.

1. Staff Housing

a) Application received from Clarence Bynoe

Clarence originally submitted a housing application in January 2021. At that time, Clarence's application stated he was seeking accommodation for himself and his mother and father.

Clarence has revised and re-submitted his application and has stated he is now seeking accommodation for himself only. Clarence is a Level 5 Construction Worker.

b) Available properties

- 2/81 Sutherland Street (2 bedroom)
- 17 Palmer Street (2 bedroom).

2. Upcoming Training Timetable

Forklift Training (HRW Licence)
 27 – 28 April 2022

Traffic Management Implementation
 27 – 29 April 2022

Leadership Development – Session 1 3 – 4 May 2022

3. Work, Health & Safety Report

A progress report to March 2022 is attached.



BUSINESS PAPERS

4. Budget Report

Row Labels	Sum of Original Budget	Sum of Order Value	Sum of YTD Actual	Sum of Total Actual
Operating Expenditure	_			
Apprenticeships / Traineeship	67,000	11,967	24,604	36,570
Enterprise Bargaining	35,000	546	8,013	8,559
Human Resource Operations	561,885	51,439	375,755	427,194
Learning & Development	185,000	0	57,665	57,665
Workplace Health And Safety	612,175	178,156	315,444	493,600
Operating Expenditure Total	1,461,060	242,107	781,482	1,023,589
Operating Income				
Apprenticeships / Traineeship	-85,000	0	-94,759	-94,759
Human Resource Operations	0	0	-474	-474
Learning & Development	0	0	-1,773	-1,773
Workplace Health & Safety	0	0	-82,570	-82,570
Operating Income Total	-85,000	0	-179,576	-179,576
Grand Total	1,376,060	242,107	601,906	844,013

Consultation (Internal/External):

- Executive Leadership Team
- Advanced Industry Training
- Local Government Managers Association
- WHS Advisor
- Local Government Workcare

Legal Implications:

Within normal operational parameters.

Financial and Resource Implications:

Within allocated budget.

Risk Management Implications:

Within normal operational parameters.

Group BLTFR YTD (Councils with wages > \$5 mix \$10 mit) CSC LTIs each month

554

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9.08

100 000 100 12.49 Nov

9 99 10.41

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CSC LTIFR YTD LGW Data LGW Data: 2021 - 2022 YTD

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CSC Safety Management Plan Progress Report - March 2022 (Report for year 2021-2022)

	\$11,032.94	Statutory Paid \$11,032.94			g		\$93,515.84	Statutory Faid 993,515.84
46	2	Total				245	=	Total
2				92 Vehicle Accident		0	0	84 Work pressure
			ween Static objects	26 Being trapped between Static objects		7	2	26 Being trapped between Static objects
			-	01 Falls from a height		0	0	01 Falls from a height
			hile lifting	41 Muscular stress while lifting		54	3	41 Muscular stress while lifting
		andled	43 Muscular stress with no objects being handled	43 Muscular stress w		184	2	43 Muscular stress with no objects being handled
			hile handling objects	42 Muscular stress while handling objects		0	3	42 Muscular stress while handling objects
43			objects	21 Being hit by falling objects		0	0	12 Hitting Moving Objects
			ng object	28 Being hit by moving object		0		28 Being hit by moving object
Days Lost	YTD 2021/2022	á	Mechanism of injury for claims submitted	Mechanism of injury		Days Lost	YTD 2020/2021	Mechanism of injury for claims submitted
	92%	90%	94%	94%	N/A			% of Quarterly Action Plan (QAP) items completed Quarter October – December 2021
	79%	85%	72%	67%	N/A		assessments	Delivery of Take 5 information papers and successful completion of assessments
	30%	90%	17%	25%	N/A	d Feb/Mar)	tanding, 1 complete	No. RAPs outstanding vs. No. RAPs completed by EMTD - (6 outstanding, 1 completed Feb/Mar)
	96%	90%	92%	100%	NA			% of hazard inspections completed as per Matrices
		19.93 (annual)	22 50	14.00	27.16			Progressive duration rate YTD (B) group ≃ wages greater than \$5 million – less than \$10 million
		20.6 (annual)	13 88	5.98	11.50			Progressive Frequency Rate YTD (B) group = wages greater than \$5 million = less than \$10 million
		112 (annual)	45	112	22.96			Average Scheme Duration Rate (*Formula = Average Number of days lost per LTI)
		5 (annual)	2	10	11.20			Average Scheme Frequency Rate {*Formula = Number of LTI for every million hrs worked}
red to SP KPI	YTD 2021-2022 compared to SP KPI	Safe Plan KPI 2021 - 2022	CSC YTD Mar 2022	CSC YTD Mar 2021	Scheme		full days	Note*LGW data, legislation requires LGW to count part days lost as full days

There was an adjustment of the payout figures to the 2020/2021 of plus \$34,721.08 and for 2021/2022 of plus \$10,498.54 There have been 2 Incident Reports submitted where an injury was sustained from 1 July 2021 to the current date of this Report. 2 of those incidents have resulted in loss time from work



9.6 LES WILSON BARRAMUNDI DISCOVERY CENTRE, KARUMBA AND NORMANTON VISITOR INFORMATION CENTRES

Attachments: NIL

Author: Amanda O'Malley - Centre Manager - LWBDC

Date: 13 April 2022

Key Outcome: A dynamic and diverse economy creating industry development and

employment opportunities

Key Strategy: Provision of support for a sustainable Tourism sector

Executive Summary:

This report provides a summary of the operational and promotional activities surrounding the Les Wilson Barramundi Discovery Centre, as well as activities in relation to the Visitor Information Centres.

RECOMMENDATION:

That Council:

- 1. receive the report; and
- 2. that those matters not covered by resolution be noted.

Background:

Les Wilson Barramundi Discovery Centre

COVID 19

Visitor vaccination and check in will no longer be required from Thursday 14/04/22 at 1am.

Barra Bites Café

Two staff have been selected and are being onboarded. Opening is expected in May 2022. A subsidiary on-premises licence for liquor will cost \$1,471 for the initial application and \$735.30 per annum (pro rata). The café is classified as low risk as the principal activity is the provision of meals, as such police checks are not required. Both candidates have Responsible Service of Alcohol training. Standard hours of operation are 10am to midnight Monday to Sunday for service of alcohol.

Hatchery

Permit applications are underway for sea turtle egg collection and hatching. Carpentaria Shire Council is the proposed applicant, with Carpentaria Land Council Aboriginal Corporation being listed as authorized persons under the permit. Department of Agriculture and Fisheries representatives met at the LWBDC this month and support was indicated for the project.



It was also proposed that an alliance be formed with Sharks and Rays Australia to facilitate sawfish research. Proposed projects included behavioral research trials of young. Potential surrounding this project will be determined once funding opportunities have been identified.

These projects will continue enhancement of our tourism portfolio, as well as attracting volunteers and students for placement.

Rotifer culture procedure has been formalized and is now more cost effective. We have overcome inadequacies associated with over feeding, stimulation and lack of maintenance. We have ordered hatchery specific strains of appropriate size and reproductive capacity and maintained a stable culture. We are now moving into cryopreservation of cysts to enable reliable supply for two years from the date of initial culture. Ability to produce algae in house is now being investigated as a cost saving measure but may not be suitable.

The hatchery rectification plan continues to be executed to overcome initial design flaws. The pump and pipework for the exhibition tank recirculating aquaculture system is being revised due to design flaws that are leading to ongoing repair costs. The system was originally designed to turnover 100% every hour. However, installation was flawed. Consequently, the moving bed biofilter can't facilitate adequate flow into the sump. Hence, the flow rate through the entire system is low, leading in part to system failure. An easy short-term solution is to adjust the expectation of stocking the system with 1,000kg of fish. This goal is suboptimal in any case, as the increased tour opportunities are unlikely to substantiate the increased cost of feed and system revision. The more cost-effective solution is to resize the pumps and to restrict the flow of water coming in from the sump to the pump via partial valve closure. As well as to remove the second pump to ensure a spare is consistently available. A full investigation will be completed prior to recommending a solution to prevent recurrent failure.

Merchandise and tours:

- New lines have been launched, including baby wear. These are performing well over the school holidays.
- Despite a slow start to the season tour bookings for 2022 have remained consistent, with cancellations remaining consistent compared to previous years.
- Tourism Tropical North Queensland visited the center this week as part of an investigation into accessible tourism in surrounding regions. Although we were not formally included in the study the investigators were invited to attend and were impressed with the offering, including the newly installed interactive screens in the hatchery, that facilitate viewing for those with disorders. As a result we are being included in reports and being featured on their website. We are also working with TravAbility to enhance marketing to attract differently abled people.
- Operating hours were restored to 9am to 4pm from 06/04/22 to facilitate access during the school holidays.
- One new guide has joined the team this week to facilitate the ability to operate 7 days per week, being open to visitors from 9am to 4pm.

Art gallery:

Sales of art have risen considerably, coinciding with the opening of the Art Gallery.
 Feedback from visitors has been that the dedicated space highlights works created by local artists and sets these apart from souvenirs. Artists continue to be given the



opportunity to sell goods directly, utilizing the space as a free exhibition area, or to sell goods to Council for resale.

 A television will be installed to feature the verbal biographies of local artists to further promote sales.

Visitor Information Centres:

- Tear drop banners have been erected at the LWBDC to attract attention from the street. We are awaiting delivery of stands for the two Normanton VIC/Library banners.
- Merchandise display panels are expected to arrive this month for installation in the Normanton VIC.
- Clear vinyl curtains have been ordered to allow both doors into the Normanton VIC/Library to remain open by preventing dust from entering and maintaining temperature.
- The second and third bays of the Normanton VIC are closed, awaiting cleaning of bird poo before being reopened to the public.
- Three new casual recruits have been sourced for the Normanton Visitor Information Centre. This will allow weekend operation during the peak season and for cover during leave.
- Town walk books are being developed and a draft will be presented at the next meeting.
- Permits for the Normanton free camp site are advertised on the Council website as available when caravan parks in Normanton are full (to minimise impact on local businesses including the Gulfland Motel and Caravan Park and Normanton Tourist Park). Is Council in support of formalising the policy whereby:
 - The onus is on the caravan parks to advise when they are fully booked out. This could be achieved by erecting signage outside of the parks to advise customers that they are full.
 - The Council Ranger can then observe these signs during daily rounds and report to the Visitor Information Centre.
 - The VIC can open online booking system for a period of three days in response.

Other alternatives are available, such as advertising a set number of free camp sites consistently throughout the peak season.

Digital marketing

- Trip Advisor maintaining top experience in Karumba and 4.5 star rating
- Facebook reach is up by 16% and Instagram engagement is down by 15% over the month

Grants & Awards:

Signage grant update:



- Entry and exit point signs to be installed later this month for the Karumba to Karumba Point track
- LWBDC entry and hatchery signs are in production

Savannah Way Arts Trail:

- Central Queensland University have requested an additional contribution of \$5-10,000 to 'enhance the scale of the work'. We are awaiting confirmation if the 3m height estimate will be met if this contribution is not made available.
- We are awaiting determination if RADF funding can be used to complement existing funding, to cover the cost of footings and / or ensuring the scale of the sculpture is appropriate.

Outback by the Sea Festival:

- Ticket sales are live on the online booking platform. We are awaiting media release from the Tourism Champion to trigger sales. 250 tickets are available, due to Queensland Fire and Emergency Services regulations.
- An application has been prepared for incorporation of a statue on the foreshore of Karumba in 2023 as part of the festival. This will allow community consultation to take place prior to the festival and the unveiling to be part of the festival.

Other

Department of Agriculture and Fisheries advised that Singapore ants are an established species and that no national eradication program exists. Hence, each person impacted by the pest is responsible for their management under a General Biosecurity Obligation. I am awaiting a meeting to discuss perceived limitations in comparison to other comparable species, such as fire ants.

Consultation (Internal/External):

ENTER TEXT HERE

Legal Implications:

ENTER TEXT HERE

Financial and Resource Implications:

ENTER TEXT HERE

Risk Management Implications:

ENTER TEXT HERE



10 REPORTS FROM DIRECTOR OF CORPORATE & COMMUNITY SERVICES

10.1 DCS REPORT

Attachments: 10.1.1.2022 1080 Baiting Program Round 1

10.1.2. Local Laws Report - March 2022 10.1.3. Letter from Agforce - Rural Rates

10.1.4. National Heavy Vehicle Regulator - Offences U

Author: Julianne Meier - Director Corporate Services

Date: 13 April 2022

Key Outcome: A well governed, responsive Council, providing effective leadership

and management, and respecting community values

Key Strategy: Maintain a focus on integrity, Accountability and Transparency in all

that we do

Executive Summary:

This report provides information and updates to Council on various activities and programs that are facilitated within the Director of Corporate Services portfolio.

RECOMMENDATION:

That Council:

- 1. receive and note the Director of Corporate Services Report; and
- 2. resolve that there is only one supplier who is reasonably available to conduct follow up weed spraying in Karumba township; and
- 3. pursuant to Chapter 6 Contracting section 235 Other Exceptions, Council resolve that there is only one supplier who is reasonably available in the north western region to carry out internal audits of heavy plant on Council worksites to confirm compliance with the *Transport Operations (Road Use Management-Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021* and Heavy Vehicle National Law and Regulations; and
- 4. that those matters not covered by a resolution be noted.

Background:

1. Actions Outstanding from Previous Meetings

Date:	Action	Status	Comment



	Review the water allocation on all non-profit and sport and recreation users.	In Progress	A review of General Rates and Utility Charges has been undertaken. However, it was decided not to change the water methodology for the coming year. The allocations have not changed, some users will be able to use the raw water. A workshop was conducted in December, and options have been considered. Impact on non-profit and recreational users still to be assessed. No update, expect next update in May.
	Liaise with relevant parties to improve connectivity at Normanton Rodeo Grounds	Ongoing	Ongoing – reported fault with Telstra about service dropouts. Officers to discussed issue with Telstra to see if we can increase bandwidth during specific events, however, have been advised we already have the maximum bandwidth. Officers are preparing to submit another grant for connectivity.
May-20	Enter into lease agreement with World Fuels and IOR for supply of avgas at Karumba Aerodrome.	Ongoing	Council to provide a small bitumen turnaround area to the bowsers. Fill has been placed at the bowser location. New electrical meter box to supply power to the bowsers has been installed. Preston Law are in the process of finalising the lease agreements. So far only World Fuels have shown interest and they will install an Avgas bowser in the next few weeks. With DOE, no update provided.
Jan-20	Abandoned Vehicles – Identify and secure a site.	In Progress	Abandoned vehicles cannot be towed unless to a secure site. There is little room at Council Depot so engineering are identifying a suitable site at the Normanton tip and will obtain quotations to fence so the area can be secured. A contractor has been engaged.
Jan-21	Lease Agreements	In Progress	Awaiting meter location maps, to finalise water agreements.
Nov-21	Walkers Creek – Tourism Signage	In Progress	It seems an information sign has been stolen from the Walkers Creek area. The Karumba Progress Association members were disappointed that it was taken, and suggested funding may be sought to replace the sign with a larger sign so it could not be stolen. On discussing the matter with officers, a replacement sign would cost \$350 as we still have proofs, so it was decided to replace with the same sign, from the maintenance budget. The signs have arrived, and expected installation when crews can access site.
Nov-21	Karumba Progress Association	In Progress	Karumba Progress Association have requested Council consider the following projects: 1. Karumba Walking Track Improvements 2. Footpath – Karumba Town to Barra Centre ELT have considered these projects can be progressed under the LRCIP Grant Program. In the meantime, the engineering team are considering some temporary directional signage.



2. Budget

The 2021/2022 budget was adopted at the 30 June 2021 Special Meeting. An extract of the budget areas of responsibility are shown below.

Row Labels	▼ Sum of Original Budget	Sum of Order Value	Sum of YTD Actual	Sum of Total Actual
☐ Operating Expenditure				
Animal Control	108,216	0	55,259	55,259
Cemeteries	79,191	1,468	22,812	24,280
Environmental Health	73,481	0	371	371
Information Technology	458,759	6,006	357,548	363,554
Local Laws	162,716	13,810	64,609	78,419
Major Opex	400,000	293,301	559,820	853,121
Mosquito Control	67,083	. 0	3,561	3,561
Pest Management Operation	ns 77,943	0	27,850	27,850
Property And Leases	15,000	500	3,596	4,096
Stores & Purchasing	-19,568	35,304	63,819	99,123
Weed Control	119,083	10,700	213,769	224,469
Operating Expenditure Total	1,541,904	361,090	1,373,014	1,734,103
□Operating Income				
Animal Control	-2,000	0	-2,486	-2,486
Cemeteries	0	0	-546	-546
Environmental Health	0	0	-2,532	-2,532
Local Laws	-89,000	0	-55,226	-55,226
Major Opex	-400,000	0	-10,651	-10,651
Pest Management Operation	ns 0	0	-40,000	-40,000
Property And Leases	-68,000	0	-65,445	-65,445
Stores & Purchasing	0	0	-569,129	-569,129
Weed Control	0	0	-67,000	-67,000
Operating Income Total	-559,000	0	-813,014	-813,014
Grand Total	982,904	361,090	560,000	921,089

The above budget of \$982,904 includes the Cemetery budget compared to the previous month; and appears significantly overspent with total expenditure of just over \$1.7 million. At the time the budget was prepared in May there was only one project anticipated – Lilyvale Subdivision Sliplane. The project cost was estimated at \$400,000 which was fully funded by LRCIP, so the outlay for Council was expected to be nil. However, some projects were not quite finalised at 30 June 2021, so they have carried over to the new budget. Additionally, extra grants have been sourced. More detail is provided in the Major Op Ex line below.

Animal Control - Tracking well against Budget.

<u>Cemeteries</u> - Tracking well against Budget, and as variable costs they are also recoverable, so as expenses increase, there should be a corresponding increase in revenue which means the outcome should almost be cost neutral. It is the additional cemetery maintenance of grounds that costs Council.

<u>Environmental Health</u> - Budget not yet expended but will need to use a contractor for various food business and caravan park inspections prior to 30 June.

<u>Information Technology</u> - Budget expected to be fully expended. ICT items such as laptops, desktop computers and monitors have not been replaced at estimated end of life and have lasted beyond expected lives. This may result in greater than usual purchases in the current year as several computers, monitors and printers have failed and have had to be replaced.



The additional expenditure on hardware may be offset by the ICT position being vacant for a period of time.

<u>Local Laws</u> - Some wages shall be offset against the Illegal Dumping Grant Round 2, for monitoring illegal dumping. The total grant is for 0.25 of an FTE and is only able to fund wages. The local laws budget is expected to be underspent.

<u>Major Op Ex</u> - This expenditure typically includes operational projects, that are not business as usual. These projects may also have a funding component to offset expenditure.

Job Description	Actual	Orders	Total	CSC	Comments
Karumba Foreshore Sand Replacement	13,793	0	13,793	13,793	Carryover
					Partially funded by LRCIP, Council
Shire Office - External Repaint	108,000	0	108,000	58,000	Contribuiton \$58,000
Itvision Synergy Soft Implementation	71,749	0	71,749	71,749	Carryover
Major Op Ex - The Energy Project	1,496	0	1,496	1,496	Carryover
Tv & Radio Transmission Project	350	6,924	7,274	7,274	Carryover
Lrcip - Tmr - Lilyvale Subdivison Sliplane	288,558	57,228	345,786		Fully Funded by LRCIP
					Carryover, partially funded by savings from
Gwip Infrastructure (Telstra To Terrecom Migration)	31,767	9,975	41,742	41,742	Telstra
Ict Governance Strategy	13,000	0	13,000	13,000	Carryover
					Fully Funded by QRA Flood Warning
Curry PM - Flood Warning Infrastructure Network	20,099	219,174	239,273		Infrastructure
Surepact System Implementation	10,000	0	10,000	0	Funded from Telstra TIF
	558,811	293,301	852,113	207,054	

There is a carryover project IT Vision Synergy Soft Implementation - Definitiv (Online Timesheet Program), where current expenditure is \$71,749. Unfortunately, due to Covid delays this project was not fully implemented prior to June 30. This project is completed but has no corresponding budget.

Two projects impacting the budget are Lilyvale Subdivision Sliplane and Curry PM, but these projects are expected to be fully funded, so grants will be received as milestones are met and the net cost will be nil.

Whilst the carryover's amount to \$207,054, at this stage officers anticipate these costs may be able to be absorbed into the current budget, and no further budget is requested at this time.

<u>Mosquito Control</u> - Budget not yet expended but will need to use a contractor to carry out fogging work regularly during wet season.

<u>Pest Management Operations</u> - Budget not yet expended but will need to use a contractor to carry out 1080 Baiting Program.

<u>Weed Control</u> - Budget fully expended, due to works carried out in Karumba to clear woody weeds and pest from Col Kitching Drive and Walker St areas. Most of the expenditure related to cultural monitoring of the areas during the clearing period.

Works are continuing, in this area to try to control the regrowth. Some works shall be completed by a contractor, and some shall be carried out by Council's depot teams when time permits.



3. Program Update

Local Laws

Approved Inspection Program

The Local Laws officer has commenced the Approved Inspection Program for:

- Dog Registration to ensure dogs are registered.
- Keeping of Animals to ensure compliance with Local Law No. 2
- Mosquito Breeding Sites to ensure residences to not have breeding grounds for mosquitos.

The inspections commenced on 1st February 2022 and shall continue in the townships of Normanton and Karumba, for three months until 30th April 2022.

The inspection program has commenced and to date 10 unregistered dogs have been identified, and owners have been advised they have 14 days to register their dogs.

One property in Normanton has three dogs, and the owners have been advised the required process.

The public have been quite diligent at keeping items in their yards free of water, but the Local Laws Officer will continue to inform and educate.

However, there are some yards that will receive overgrown allotment notices in due course.

Local Laws Report

The statistics for local laws are attached.

The Local Laws officer has been busy carrying out the Approved Inspection Program and continues to do some illegal dumping patrols.

Pest and Weed Management

Round 1 1080 Baiting Program

The first-round of 1080 baiting is in planning. The baiting schedule is attached. Letters to participating stations are being prepared and shall be e-mailed and a hardcopy mailed later in the month. Carpentaria Land Council will facilitate the 1st Round of baiting.

Weed Clearing - Karumba Township

A large amount of weed clearing has occurred in and around the Karumba township. Council is continuing to manage the regrowth.

Council sought quotations for weed treatment In November and there were limited responses. Given the limited budget and ongoing nature of the weed treatment Council are asked to resolve there is only one supplier who is reasonably available to carry out small amounts of work at requested times.

4. Other Items

2022 Land Revaluations and impact on Rates.

A letter was received from AgForce Queensland Farmers Limited regarding 2022 Rural Land Revaluations and Rates. Council is aware of the valuation increases, in some cases significant increases and the impact on rates. The revaluations in the townships of Normanton and Karumba have not changed significantly. In the rural areas some valuations have increased by more than 300%.



Landholders will receive a valuation notice from the State Valuer and are able to object to the revised valuations. Where there have been significant increases, landholders are advised to review the new valuation carefully and contact the Valuer General's Office should they wish to object. There is useful information about your property valuations available in the link below.

https://www.resources.gld.gov.au/gld/environment/land/title/valuation/search

Council is planning to review current rate strategies, and how the valuation changes impact landholders. Council may revise some general rate charges or strategies to ensure its revenue raising practices remain in line with Council's Revenue Policy.

Strategic and Operational Risk Registers

There has been a site visit by Pacifica and ongoing work to review and update Council's Strategic and Operational Risk Registers. This work has involved many officers involved in Council operations. It is anticipated another onsite workshop will be required to finalise these registered, prior to June 30th.

Heavy Plant Audit

The Chain of Responsibility legislation was introduced in 2019 and is part of the Heavy Vehicle National Laws.

Executive Officers' liability

As an executive, you may also be liable for selected offences committed by your business if you knowingly authorised or permitted the conduct that constituted the offence. The list of offences is in Schedule 4 of the HVNL. The attached document provides a summary of the penalties and infringements outlined in the Heavy Vehicle National Law (HVNL).

Refer to the following website for more information.

https://www.nhvr.gov.au/safety-accreditation-compliance/chain-of-responsibility

This form of liability is based on common law principles and is similar to provisions incorporated in many other legislative schemes. It is distinct from liability for failing to exercise due diligence.

Executives should also be aware of the provisions in Schedule 4 and assure themselves that their business practices would not authorise or permit employees to breach any of them. Put simply: It's your responsibility to do everything you can to make your transport work actions safe – this is your primary duty.

You must: manage the risks and hazards that arise from your transport activities.

This law is very similar to the obligations that your business has under work health and safety laws. You must:

- identify the risks involved in your transport activities
- assess those risks
- eliminate those risks, or if they can't be completely eliminated, minimise them as much as possible.

Council engages contractors, and the contract terms require compliance with all laws and regulations. As part of the tender process officers review maintenance and Certificate of Inspection (COI) requirements. This review process is manual and done at a point in time.

One example of risks faced, would be regular maintenance works required on a truck, where brakes might require adjustment, but the driver fails to do so. The COI may have been checked when the tender was evaluated, however six months later when the truck is on a



Council site, the brakes may have since become unsafe, possibly from hitting a large corrugation in the road, or otherwise. If Council officers are aware the driver is not maintaining a vehicle correctly then they may be exposed to prosecution under the HVNL, as well as their supervisor, and up the chain.

Council officers are of the view that an external audit of heavy vehicles should be conducted, by an experienced plant assessor.

The audit is a proactive way of checking current practices and processes, reporting on any gaps or things not happening thus a process to work towards ensuring compliance. It is anticipated an informative approach shall be undertaken to educate the contractors, drivers and staff, and to assist and work with them towards compliance.

The Assessor will be required to document the findings, provide a report to the Works Coordinator to decide timelines for corrective action, and Council officers are then expected to enforce the correction of any defects. A copy of all reports is to be provided to ELT to ensure any risks have been managed appropriately.

A second audit would then be conducted, which would include a review of the findings from the first audit, and whether there are any outstanding items awaiting corrective action. The results from the second audit would determine whether Council should conduct a third audit.

The Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021 sets out powers and procedures to inspect and the categorisation of defects such as major and minor. The five major items are listed, below, with some examples of what the plant assessor may find:

- 1. Brakes may be effective at COI but due to ongoing wear, may require adjustment.
- 2. Steering track rods subjected to wear and may be bent.
- 3. Suspension springs and bushes subjected to ongoing wear and tear.
- 4. Tyres wear and tear.
- 5. Lights anticipated to biggest issue. If a brake light is not working that is a major defect.

Depending on the severity of the defect a timeframe to conduct repair works could be decided by the Works Coordinator. Some items may be rectified fairly quickly.

Whilst Council has officers that have been trained to carry out these inspections, an audit from a third party provides objectivity and comprehensive reporting on actions to ELT.

It is anticipated Council's own heavy plant shall form part of the audit. Neighbouring Council's Croydon have been conducting similar audits.

Given the short timeframe to implement a full years audit program in the current year, and the requirement for the plant assessor to:

- travel long distances on gravel roads;
- conduct work outside normal working hours;
- have significant experience with the required works;
- have capacity to provide a report.

Council is asked to consider the *Local Government Regulation 2012* Chapter 6 Contracting section 235 Other Exceptions, which states:

A local government may enter into a medium sized contractual arrangement or large-sized contractual arrangement without first inviting written quotes or tenders if-



- (a) The local government resolves it is satisfied that there is only 1 supplier who is reasonably available; or
- (b) The local government resolves that, because of the specialised or confidential nature of the services that are sought, it would be impractical or disadvantageous for the local government to invite quotes or tenders.

Consultation (Internal/External):

- Michael Wanrooy Director of Engineering
- Mark Crawley Chief Executive Officer
- Carpentaria Land Council Aboriginal Corporation

Legal Implications:

- Local Government Regulation 2012
- Local Government Act 2009

Financial and Resource Implications:

 Any capital expenditure will need a new budget provided; however operational expenditure is expected to be managed within budget.

Risk Management Implications:

Risk is considered low, to ordinary operations of Council.



United we stand.

Normanton Rangers Contract Program - 2022 1080 Baiting - Round 1

Proposed Dates & Locations

PROPOSED:	DATES	Properties	Baiting Station	
Thursday	19 th May	Delta Downs, Karumba Holdings, Maggeville	Delta Downs	
Tuesday	24 th May	Donor Hill, Talawanta, Neumeyer Valley, McAllister	Donors Hill ,(boral pit)	
Wednesday	25 th May	Lorraine, Cowan Downs	Cowan Downs	
Thursday	2 nd June	Wernadinga, Augustus Downs	Wernadinga ,Augustus Downs	
Wednesday	8 th June	Double Lagoon	Double Lagoon	
Thursday	9 th June	Inverleigh, Inverleigh West	Inverleigh, Inverleigh West	
Friday	10 th June	Magowra	Magowra	
Tuesday	14 th June	Vanrook, Stirling Lotus Vale	Vanrook, Stirling Lotus Vale	
Wednesday	15 th June	Inkerman	Inkerman	
Thursday	16 th June	Rutland Plains, Dunbar, Koolatta	Rutland Plains, Dunbar	
Tuesday	21 st June	Mutton Hole	Mutton Hole	
Wednesday	22 nd June	Miranda	Miranda	
Thursday	23 rd June	Broad Water	Broad Water	
Tuesday	28 th June	Hayden, Timora	Hayden	
Thursday	30 th June	Mundurro	Mundurro	



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Total	Jun	May	Apr	Mar	Feb	Jan	Dec	Nov	Oct	Sep	Aug	Jul		Month	
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AgForce Queensland Farmers Limited

ABN 57 611 736 700

Second Floor, 110 Mary Street, Brisbane, Qld, 4000 PO Box 13186, North Bank Plaza, cnr Ann & George Sts, Brisbane Qld 4003

Ph: (07) 3236 3100 Fax: (07) 3236 3077 Email: agforce@agforceqld.org.au Web: www.agforcegld.org.au

GS/NH/GG22009

25 February 2022

Jack Bawden Mayor - Carpentaria Shire Council PO Box 31 Normanton QLD 4890

By Post and By Email: mayor@carpentaria.qld.gov.au

Dear Mayor

Re: 2022 Rural Land Revaluations and Rates

I would like to take this opportunity to firstly wish you a happy and prosperous 2022, one in which I hope our organisations can work collaboratively together to deliver for our shared constituents — Queensland farming families and businesses. Our members' success relies on your steady and prudent investment and guidance and AgForce stands ready to support you in this endeavour.

Recent strong commodity markets and in some places, good seasons, have seen a strong rise in rural land sales and prices which benefits many, but is currently also causing us some concern. As you are aware, Unimproved Land Value (UV) is used in Queensland to set the basis for leasehold rents (remembering that more than 60% of Queensland is leasehold), rates and also the cost of freeholding a lease. Hence the purchasing decisions of a few investors will have the effect of causing significant detriment to many others, who may not have the capacity to pay these rising associated costs, particularly given ongoing drought conditions in some parts of Queensland and impacts in many areas.

Our early briefings from the State Valuation Service indicate some rural UVs will rise more than 100%. Such a rise would cause 10% per annum increases in leasehold rent for at least a decade (not even factoring in the likely 4 or 5 additional revaluations that would occur in this time). Unfortunately, primary producers' income has not increased in a similar proportion.

I realise that you are probably commencing your annual budget setting process and given what we understand is a diminishing government funding pool and growing expectations, we are keen to work with you to discuss ways that rural ratepayers can contribute an affordable and fair rate portion for their received services.

I would greatly appreciate your time to discuss this important matter in more detail and how we can find mutually satisfactory solutions to this emerging challenge. Our local Regional Manager, Vol Norris, will be in touch to arrange a time for a Zoom call and I look forward to the conversation and finding a way forward that benefits all.

Yours faithfully

Georgie Somerset General President

ADVANCING SUSTAINABLE AGRIBUSINESS

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Heavy Vehicle National Law Schedule of Infringement Penalties and Demerit Points 21/22 FY

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The penalty and infringement amounts with CPI adjustment for 2021/22FY are shown in the schedule below.
*Refer to the HVNL for a full description of section headings.

			Page 2 of 27	
Demerit Point Penalty	Infringement Penalty	Maximum Penalty	Section Number and Provision	Chapter
		(a) If an individual commits the offence 57,440; or (b) If a corporation commits the offence 574,620.	26H Category 3 offence	Chap 1A Safety Duties
		(a) if an individual commits the offence 172,390; or (b) if a corporation commits the offence 1,723,840.	26G Category 2 offence	Chap IA Safety Duties
		(a) if an individual commits the offence— 344,770 or 5 years imprisonment or both; or (b) if a corporation commits the offence 3,447,650.	26F(1) Category 1 offence	Chap IA Safety Dutles
		11490	26E(2) Prohibited requests and contracts	Chap 1A Safety Duties
		11490	26E(1) Prohibited requests and contracts	Chap 1A Safety Duties
		The penalty for a contravention of the provision by an individual	26D(1) Duty of executive of legal entity .	Chap 1A Safety Duties
Demerit Point Penalty	Infringement Penalty	Maximum Penalty	Section Number and Provision	Chapter
	344	3440	25A(2) Keeping a copy of PBS vehicle approval while driving	Chap 1 - Preliminary
	344	3440	25A(1) Keeping a copy of PBS vehicle approval while driving	Chap 1 - Preliminary
Demerit Point Penalty	Infringement Penalty	MaximumPenalty	Section Number and Provision	Chapter

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Operations - VS Chap 3 Vehicle Operations - VS Chap 3 Vehicle Operations - VS Chap 3 Vehicle Operations - VS Chap 3 Vehicle Operations - VS Chap 3 Vehicle Operations - VS Chap 3 Vehicle Operations - VS Chap 3 Vehicle Operations - VS Chap 3 Vehicle Operations - VS Chap 3 Vehicle Operations -Chap 3 Operations -Chap 3 Chap 3 Vehicle Vehicle Chap 3 Vehicle Chap 3 Operations - VS Chap 3 Operations perations - VS perations Š 87A(1) Person must not tamper with plate or label 85(2) Modifying heavy vehicle requires approval 85(1) Modifying heavy vehicle requires approval 83(3) Keeping copy of permit while driving under vehicle standards exemption (permit) 83(1) Keeping copy of permit while driving under vehicle standards exemption (permit) 82(3) Keeping relevant document while driving under vehicle standards exemption (notice) 82(2) Keeping relevant document while driving under vehicle standards exemption (notice) 81(3) Contravening condition of vehicle standards exemption 81(1) Contravening condition of vehicle standards exemption 60(1)(a) Compliance with heavy vehicle standards 83(2) Keeping copy of permit while driving under vehicle standards exemption (permit) 81(2) Contravening condition of vehicle standards exemption 80(1) Replacement of defaced etc. permit 60(1)(b) Compliance with heavy vehicle standards 79(2) Return of permit Approval of modifications by approved vehicle examiners 3440 3440 3440 3440 3440 3440 4580 4580 6910 3440 3440 3440 3440 4580 344 344 344 344 344 344 344 344 344 458 458 458 458 691 344

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			MDL Chap 4 - Vehicle 102(1)(b) Compliance with dimension requirements - minor	MDL Chap 4 - Vehic
	344	3440	nícle	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations-
		11490	96(1) cont - severe NOTE: Maximum penalty is increased for an additional maximum \$570 for every additional 1% over a 120% overload (but so that the additional maximum penalty does not exceed \$22,790.	
	691	6910	96(1) cont - substantial	
	458	4580	Chap 4 – Vehicle 96(1) Compliance with mass requirements - minor Operations MDL	Chap 4 – Vehicle Operations MDL
Demerit Point Penalty	Infringement Penalty	Maximum Penalty	napter Section Number and Provision	Chapter
		11490	93(3) Person must not tamper with speed limiter fitted to heavy vehicle e tions - VS	Chap 3 Vehicle Operations - VS
		11490	93(2) Person must not tamper with speed limiter fitted to heavy vehicle e tions - VS	Chap 3 Vehicle Operations - VS
		11490	93(1) Person must not tamper with speed limiter fitted to heavy vehicle e tions - VS	Chap 3 Vehicle Operations - VS
	344	3440	92(2) Display of warning signs required by heavy vehicles standards on vehicles to which the requirement does not apply etions - VS	Chap 3 Vehicle Operations - VS
		11490	91(2) Person must not tamper with emission control system fitted to heavy vehicle e tions - VS	Chap 3 Vehicle Operations - VS
		11490	91(1) Person must not tamper with emission control system fitted to heavy vehicle e tions - VS	Chap 3 Vehicle Operations - VS
	344	3440	90(3) Requirement about properly operating emission control system e tions - VS	Chap 3 Vehicle Operations - VS
	344	3440	90(2) Requirement about properly operating emission control system etions - VS	Chap 3 Vehicle Operations - VS
	344	3440	90(1) Requirement about properly operating emission control system e tions - VS	Chap 3 Vehicle Operations - VS
	691	6910	89(1) Safety requirement e tions - VS	Chap 3 Vehicle Operations - VS

Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations-MDL Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations-MDL Operations-MDL Operations-MDL MDL Ch 4 - Vehicle Chap 4 – Vehicle Operations MDL Chap 4 - Vehicle Chap 4 - Vehicle Chap 4 - Vehicle Chap 4 - Vehicle Ch 4 - Vehicle Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations-Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations Operations Operations -131(1) Using pilot vehicle with a heavy vehicle that contravenes certain conditions of mass or dimension exemption 129(1) Contravening condition of mass or dimension exemption generally 132(3) Keeping relevant document while driving under mass or dimension exemption (notice) 132(2) Keeping relevant document while driving under mass or dimension exemption (notice) 130(3) Contravening condition of mass or dimension exemption relating to pilot or escort vehicle 130(2) Contravening condition of mass or dimension exemption relating to pilot or escort vehicle 102(1)(b) cont - substantial 129(3) Contravening condition of mass or dimension exemption generally 129(2) Contravening condition of mass or dimension exemption generally 109(2) Warning signals required for rear projection of loads 133(1) Keeping copy of permit while driving under mass or dimension exemption (permit) 111(1) Compliance with loading requirements - minor 102(1)(b) cont - severe l 11(1) cont – substantial 11490 6910 5760 3440 3440 6910 6910 6910 6910 6910 3440 3440 344 344 691 576 344 576 344 691 691 691 691 344

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691	6910	Chap 4 - Vehicle 185(1) Requirements about coupling trailers Operations- MIDL	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
344	3440	Chap 4 - Vehicle 184(1) Towing restriction Operations- MIDL	Chap 4 - Vehich Operations- MDL
	4580	Chap 4 - Vehicle [182(1) Replacement of defaced etc. permit Operations MDL	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations MDL
458	4580	nicle 181(3) Return of permit	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
691	6910	Chap 4 - Vehicle 153A (1) Using restricted access vehicle Operations- MDL	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
344	3440	Chap 4 - Vehicle 152(3) Keeping copy of permit while driving under class 2 heavy vehicle authorisation (permit) Operations- MDL	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
458	4580	Chap 4 - Vehicle 152(2) Keeping copy of permit while driving under class 2 heavy vehicle authorisation (permit) Operations- MDL	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
344	3440	nicle 152(1) Keeping copy of permit while driving under class 2 heavy vehicle authorisation (permit)	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
344	3440	nicle 151(3) Keeping relevant document while driving under class 2 heavy vehicle authorisation (notice)	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
344	3440	nicle 151(2) Keeping relevant document while driving under class 2heavy vehicle authorisation (notice)	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
691	6910	nicle 150(1) Contravening condition of class 2 heavy vehicle authorisation	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
691	6910	nicle 137 Using class 2 heavy vehicle	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
344	3440	nicle 134(2) Displaying warning signs on vehicles if not required by dimension exemption	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
344	3440	nicle 134(1) Displaying warning signs on vehicles if not required by dimension exemption	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
344	3440	nicle 133(3) Keeping copy of permit while driving under mass or dimension exemption (permit)	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
458	4580	Chap 4 - Vehicle [133(2) Keeping copy of permit while driving under mass or dimension exemption (permit) Operations- MDL	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL

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3 points		6910	228(1) Duty of driver to avoid driving while fatigued	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
Demerit Point Penalty	Infringement Penalty	Maximum Penalty	Section Number and Provision	Chapter
		11490	Chap 4 - Vehicle 193(2) Weight of freight container exceeding weight stated on container or safety approval plate Operations- MIDL	Chap 4 - Vehick Operations MDL
	344	3440	Chap 4 - Vehicle 192(2) Duty of driver Operations- MDL	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
	691	6910	Chap 4 - Vehicle 192(1) Duty of driver Operations- MDL	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations MDL
	691	6910	Chap 4 - Vehicle 191(3) Duty of operator Operations- MIDL	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations MDL
	691	6910	Chap 4 - Vehicle (191(1) Duty of operator Operations- MDL	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
	691	6910	Chap 4 - Vehicle 190(1) Duty of responsible entity Operations- MDL	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
		11490	Chap 4 - Vehicle 187(3) False or misleading information in container weight declaration Operations- MDL	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations MDL
		11490	Chap 4 - Vehicle 187(2) False or misleading information in container weight declaration Operations- MDL	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
		11490	hicle [186(5) False or misleading transport documentation for goods	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
		11490	Chap 4 - Vehicle 186(4) False or misleading transport documentation for goods Operations- MDL	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
		11490	Chap 4 - Vehicle 186(3) False or misleading transport documentation for goods Operations- MDL	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
		11490	Chap 4 - Vehicle 186(2) False or misleading transport documentation for goods Operations- MDL	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL
	691	6910	Chap 4 - Vehicle 185(2) Requirements about coupling trailers Operations- MDL	Chap 4 - Vehicle Operations- MDL

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	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue				Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue				Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue				Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
256(1) cont - Substantial	256(1) Operating under BFM hours—two-up drivers - Minor	254(1) cont - Critical	254(1) cont - Severe	254(1) cont – Substantial	254(1) Operating under 8FM hours—solo drivers - Minor	251(1) cont - Critical	251(1) cont - Severe	251(1) cont – Substantial	251(1) Operating under standard hours—two-up drivers - Minor	250(1) cont - Critical	250(1) cont - Severe	250(1) cont - Substantial	250(1) Operating under standard hours—solo drivers - Minor
6910	4580	17240	11490	6910	4580	17240	11490	6910	4580	17240	11490	6910	4580
691	458		1149	691	458		1149	691	458		1149	691	458
		4 points	3 points			4 points	3 points			4 points	3 points		

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	~~~~	4580	285(1) Replacement of defaced permit	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	691	6910		Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
		6910		Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	458	4580	263(1) Operating under new work and rest hours option after change	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
4 points		17240	260(1) cont · Critical	
3 points		11490	260(1) cont - Severe	
	691	6910	260(1) cont - Substantial	
	458	4580		Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
4 points		17240	258(1) cont - Critical	
3 points		11490	258(1) cont · Severe	
	691	6910	258(1) cont · Substantial	
	458	4580	258(1) Operating under AFM hours – The driver of a fatigue - Minor	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
4 points		17240	256(1) cont - Critical	
3 points	1149	11490	256(1) cont - Severe	

172	1720	301 Recording information in written work diary	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
344	3440		Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
172	1720	298(1) Falling to record information about odometer reading	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
691	6910	297(2) information required to be recorded immediately after starting work	Chap 6- Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
172	1720	296(1) Recording information under the national regulations—general	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
691	6910	293(1) Driver of fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle must carry work diarye	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
344	3440	288(3) Keeping copy of permit while driving under work and rest hours exemption (permit)	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
458	4580	288(2) Keeping copy of permit while driving under work and rest hours exemption (permit)	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
344	3440	288(1)Keeping copy of permit while driving under work and rest hours exemption (permit)	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
344	3440	287(3) Keeping relevant document while operating under work and rest hours exemption (notice)	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
344	3440	287(2) Keeping relevant document while operating under work and rest hours exemption (notice)	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
691	6910	286(1) Contravening condition of work and rest hours exemption .	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue

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691	6910		Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
344	3440	309(2) Driver must notify record keeper if electronic work diary filled up etc.	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
344	3440	308(1) What driver must do if lost or stolen written work diary found or returned	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
344	3440	307(3) Driver who is the record keeper must notify Regulator if electronic work diary filled up etc.	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
344	3440	307(2) Driver who is record keeper must notify Regulator if electronic work diary filled up etc.	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
344	3440	Chap 6 – Vehicle 306 Driver must notify Regulator if written work diary filled up etc.  Operations – driver fatigue	Chap 6 – Vehicle Operations – driver fatigue
172	1720	305(3) Driver must make supplementary records in particular circumstances	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
344	3440	305(2) Driver must make supplementary records in particular circumstances	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
691	6910	305(1) Driver must make supplementary records in particular circumstances	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
172	1720	303 Time zone of driver's base must be used	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
172	1720	302 Recording information in electronic work diary	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue

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Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
321(1) Records record keeper must have	319A(5) General requirements about driver recording and giving information to record keeper	319A(2) General requirements about driver recording and giving information to record keeper	3.19(1) Records record keeper must have	315(1) Ensuring driver complies with Sdivs 1-4	314(3) How electronic work diary must be used	314(2) How electronic work diary must be used	313(3) What record keeper must do if electronic work diary not in working order or malfunctioning	313(2) What record keeper must do if electronic work diary not in working order or malfunctioning	312(3) What record keeper must do if electronic work diary destroyed, lost or stolen	312(2) What record keeper must do if electronic work diary destroyed, lost or stolen
6910	3440	3440	6910	6910	6910	3440	6910	6910	6910	6910
691		344	691						691	

	11490	32/ Possession of purported work records etc. pronitited	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	11490		Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	11490	326(1) Keeping 2 work diaries simultaneously prohibited	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	11490	325(1) False or misleading entries	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
172	1720	324A(2) Record keeper must give record to driver if requested	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
344	3440	324(2) Record keeper must give information from electronic work diary	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	3440	323(3) Requirements about driver giving information to record keeper if driver changes record keeper	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
344	3440	323(2) Requirements about driver giving information to record keeper if driver changes record keeper	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	3440	322(4) General requirements about driver giving information to record keeper	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
344	3440	322(2) General requirements about driver giving information to record keeper	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
691	6910	321(3) Records record keeper must have	Chap 6 Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue

344	3440	341(3) Period for which, and way in which, records must be kept	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
691	6910	341(2) Period for which, and way in which, records must be kept	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
691	6910	341 (1) Period for which, and way in which, records must be kept	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	11490	337 (2) Intelligent access reporting entity must not permit tampering with approved electronic recording system	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	6910	336A(1) Reporting tampering or suspected tampering with electronic work diary	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	11490	336(1) Person using approved electronic recording system must not permit tampering with it	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	11490	335(1) Person must not tamper with approved electronic recording system	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	11490	332 Offence to remove pages from written work diary	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	11490	331 Destruction of particular work records prohibited	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	11490	330(1) Making entries in someone else's work records prohibited	Chap 6 Vehicle Operations driver fatigue
	11490	329 Defacing or changing work records etc. prohibited	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	11490	328 False representation about work records prohibited	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue

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driver fatigue				
Chap 6 - Vehicle	341(5) Period for which, and way in which, records must be kept	6910	691	
Operations - driver fatigue				
Chap 6 -	241/7) Period for which, and way in which, records must be kept			
Vehicle	OTA() FEITON OF BEHAND SHE BEDY HE BEHAND EXOCUSED HUSSAND REPORT	1720	172	
Operations - driver fatigue				
Chap 6	347 Prohibition on using electronic work diary if it is not, and is not a part of, an approved electronic recording system			
Vehicle		11490		
driver fatigue				
Chap 6 -	354(3) Requirements if approval amended			
Vehicle Operations		6910	691	
driver fatigue				
Chap 6 -	354(5) Requirements if approval amended	6910	691	
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Chap 6	355(2) Requirements it approval cancelled	6910	691	
Operations -		4 4	4	
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Chap 6 - Vehicle	355(4) Requirements if approval cancelled	6910	691	
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driver fatigue				
Chap 6	355(6) Requirements if approval cancelled	6	6	
Operations -		0169	169	
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Chap 6 - Vehicle	373(2) Return of permit	6910	691	
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Chap 6 - Vehicle	374(1) Replacement of defaced permit	4580		
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Chap 6 - Vehicle	375 Contravening conditions of work diary exemption	6910	691	
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		11490	404(4) Offence to give false or misleading information to	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
		11490	404(1) Offence to give false or misleading information to	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
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	691	6910	399(2) What employer or operator must do if odometer malfunctioning	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
		6910	398(2) What owner must do if odometer malfunctioning	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
		3440	397(2) Driver must report malfunctioning odometer	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	169	6910	396(2) Owner must maintain odometer	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	691	6910	395 Contravening condition of fatigue record keeping exemption	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
		4580	393(1) Replacement of defaced etc. Permit	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	691	6910	392(2) Return of permit	Chap 6 — Vehicle Operations Driver fatigue
	344	3440	377 Keeping copy of permit while operating under work diary exemption (permit)	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	344	3440	376(3) Keeping relevant document while operating under work diary exemption (notice)	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue
	344	3440	376(2) Keeping relevant document while operating under work diary exemption (notice)	Chap 6 - Vehicle Operations - driver fatigue

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	6910	414(1) Giving Individuals access to their personal information	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	413(2) Making individuals aware of personal information held	Chap 7 – Intelligent Access
	6910	413(1) Making individuals aware of personal information held	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	22980	412 Protecting intelligent access information	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	411(1) Keeping records of intelligent access information collected	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	410(2) Collecting intelligent access information	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	410(1) Collecting intelligent access information	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	408(2) Reporting system malfunctions to operator	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	408(1) Reporting system maifunctions to operator	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	407(1) Advising driver of driver's obligations about reporting system malfunctions	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	406(2) Reporting system malfunctions to Regulator	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	406(1) Reporting system malfunctions to Regulator	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	405(1) Advising vehicle driver of collection of information by	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access

	6910	424(4) Restriction on disclosing information about tampering or suspected tampering with approved intelligent transport system	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	424(3) Restriction on disclosing information about tampering or suspected tampering with approved intelligent transport system	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	424(1) Restriction on disclosing information about tampering or suspected tampering with approved intelligent transport system	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	423(2) Reporting tampering or suspected tampering with approved intelligent transport system to Regulator	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	423(1) Reporting tampering or suspected tampering with approved intelligent transport system to Regulator	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	422(2) Reporting relevant contraventions to Regulator	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	421(1) Destroying intelligent access information etc.	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	420(2) Keeping noncompliance report	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	419(3) Keeping record of use or disclosure of intelligent access information	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	419(1) Keeping record of use or disclosure of intelligent access information	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	417 Giving intelligent access auditor access to records	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	22980	416 General restriction on use and disclosure of intelligent access information	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	415(4) Correcting errors	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	415(2) Correcting errors	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access

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	6910	438(1) Reporting tampering or suspected tampering with, or malfunction or suspected malfunction of, approved intelligent transport system to Regulator	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	437(1) Destroying intelligent access information or removing personal information from it	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	436 Keeping noncompliance reports	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	435(3) Keeping record of use or disclosure of intelligent access information	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	435(1) Keeping record of use or disclosure of intelligent access information	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	434 Restriction about intelligent access information that may be used or disclosed	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	22980	432 General restriction on use and disclosure of intelligent access information	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	431(5) Correcting errors etc.	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	431(2) Correcting errors etc.	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	430(1) Giving individuals access to their personal information	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	429(2) Making individuals aware of personal information held	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	429(1) Making individuals aware of personal information held	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	22980	428 Protecting intelligent access information collected	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	427(2) Collecting intelligent access information	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access
	6910	427(1) Collecting intelligent access information	Chap 7 - Intelligent Access

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Access Chap 7 -Intelligent Access Chap 7 -Intelligent Access Chap 7 -Intelligent Chap 7 -Intelligent Chap 7 -Intelligent Access Access Intelligent Access Access Chap 7 -Chap 7 -Intelligent Access Chap 7 -Intelligent Chap 7 -Intelligent Access Access Chap 7 -Intelligent ntelligent 439(1) Restriction on disclosing information about tampering or suspected tampering with approved intelligent transport system 441(1) Collecting intelligent access information 449(3) Keeping record of use or disclosure of intelligent access information 448 Restriction about intelligent access information that may be used or disclosed 446 General restriction on use and disclosure of intelligent access information 443(1) Making individuals aware of personal information held 441(2) Collecting intelligent access information 449(2) Keeping record of use or disclosure of intelligent access information 449(1) Keeping record of use or disclosure of intelligent access information 445(4) Correcting errors 445(2) Correcting errors 444(1) Giving individuals access to their personal information 442 Protecting intelligent access information collected 439(3) Restriction on disclosing information about tampering or suspected tampering with approved intelligent transport system Page 20 of 27 22980 6910 6910 6910 6910 6910 6910 6910 6910 6910 6910 6910 6910

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		11490	478(4) Offences relating to auditors	Chap 8 - Accreditation
		11490	478(3) Offences relating to auditors	Chap 8 - Accreditation
		11490	478(2) Offences relating to auditors.	Chap 8 - Accreditation
		11490	478(1) Offences relating to auditors	Chap 8 - Accreditation
		4580	477(1) Replacement of defaced etc. accreditation certificate	Chap 8 - Accreditation
	169	6910	476(2) Return of accreditation certificate	Chap 8 - Accreditation
	458	4580	471(3) Operator must give notice of amendment, suspension or ending of heavy vehicle accreditation	Chap 8 - Accreditation
	169	6910	471(2) Operator must give notice of amendment, suspension or ending of heavy vehicle accreditation	Chap 8 - Accreditation
	344	3440	470(8) General requirements applying to operator with heavy vehicle accreditation	Chap 8 - Accreditation
		3440	470(6) General requirements applying to operator with heavy vehicle accreditation	Chap 8 - Accreditation
		6910	470(5) General requirements applying to operator with heavy vehicle accreditation	Chap 8 - Accreditation
		6910	470(4) General requirements applying to operator with heavy vehicle accreditation	Chap 8 - Accreditation
	691	6910	470(3) General requirements applying to operator with heavy vehicle accreditation	Chap 8 - Accreditation
		6910	470(2) General requirements applying to operator with heavy vehicle accreditation	Chap 8 - Accreditation

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		11490	535(5) Powers for severe risk breach of mass, dimension or loading requirement	Chap 9 - Enforcement
	1149	11490	534(5) Powers for substantial risk breach of mass, dimension or loading requirement	Chap 9 - Enforcement
	1149	11490	533(7) Powers for minor risk breach of mass, dimension or loading requirement	Chap 9 - Enforcement
	344	3440	531(4) Amendment or withdrawal of vehicle defect notices	Chap 9 - Enforcement
	344	3440	529(b) Using heavy vehicles contrary to vehicle defect notice	Chap 9 - Enforcement
Minor: 1 Major: 3	169	6910	529(a) Using heavy vehicles contrary to vehicle defect notice	Chap 9 - Enforcement
	344	3440	528(3) Defective vehicle labels	Chap 9 - Enforcement
	344	3440	526(4) Issue of vehicle defect notice	Chap 9 - Enforcement
	691	6910	524(5) Direction to leave heavy vehicle	Chap 9 - Enforcement
	691	6910	522(5) Power to order presentation of heavy vehicles for inspection	Chap 9 - Enforcement
	691	6910	517(4) Direction to move heavy vehicle if causing harm	Chap 9 - Enforcement
	691	6910	516(3) Direction to move heavy vehicle to enable exercise of other powers	Chap 9 - Enforcement
	691	6910	514(3) Direction not to move or interfere with a heavy vehicle to enable exercise of other power	Chap 9 - Enforcement
	691	6910	513(4) Direction to stop heavy vehicle to enable exercise of other powers	Chap 9 - Enforcement
	458	4580	488 Return of identity card	Chap 9 - Enforcement

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Chap 9 - 569( Enforcement	Chap 9 - 568 Enforcement	Chap 9 · 568  Enforcement	Chap 9 -   568  Enforcement	Chap 9 - 567 Enforcement	Chap 9 - 5590 Enforcement	Chap 9 - 559( Enforcement	Chap 9 - 559 Enforcement	Chap 9 - 558 Enforcement	Chap 9 -   558( Enforcement	Chap 9 - 553 Enforcement	Enforcement
569(2) Power to require production of documents etc. generally	568 (7) Power to require production of document etc. required to be in driver's possession	568(3)(b) Power to require production of document etc. required to be in driver's possession the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the	568(3)(a) Power to require production of document etc. required to be in driver's possession	567(4) Power to require name and address	559(5) Power to secure embargoed thing	559(4) Power to secure embargoed thing	559(3) Power to secure embargoed thing	558(3) Noncompliance with embargo notice	558(1) Noncompliance with embargo notice	553(3) Requirement of person in control of thing to be seized	Ta(a) Compiliance with responsition of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original content of the original co
0169	3440	An amount equal to the amount of the maximum penalty for an offence of failing to keep the document, device or other thing in the driver's possession.	6910	3440	11490	11490	11490	11490	11490	11490	11490
691	344	An amount equal to 10% of the amount of the maximum penalty for an offence of failing to keep the document device or other thing in the driver's possession	691	344							
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		The penalty for a contravention of the provision by an individual	(638(4) An offence against this Law (other than an offence referred to in subsection (5)) that would otherwise be committed by the unincorporated body is taken to have been committed by each management member of the body who knowingly authorised or permitted the conduct constituting the offence.	Chap 10 - Sanctions and provisions
		The penalty for a contravention of the provision by an individual	637(4) An offence against this Law (other than an offence referred to in subsection (5)) that would otherwise be committed by the partnership is taken to have been committed by each partner who knowingly authorised or permitted the conduct constituting the offence.	Chap 10 - Sanctions and provisions
		The penalty for a contravention of the provision by an individual	636(1) Liability of executive officers of corporation	Chap 10 - Sanctions and provisions
		11490	610 Contravention of prohibition order	Chap 10 - Sanctions and provisions
		11490	604 Contravention of supervisory intervention order	Chap 10 - Sanctions and provisions
Demerit Point Penalty	Infringement I Penalty	MaximumPenalty	Section Number and Provision	Chapter
		11490	590B {2} Effect of undertaking	Chap 9 - Enforcement
		11490	585 Impersonating authorised officer	Chap 9 - Enforcement
		11490	584(1) Obstructing authorised officer	Chap 9 - Enforcement
		11490	577(4) Power to require reasonable help	Chap 9 - Enforcement
		11490	576C Compliance with prohibition notice	Chap 9 - Enforcement
		11490	573(1) Contravention of improvement notice	Chap 9 - Enforcement
		11490	570A(5) Requiring information	Chap 9 - Enforcement
		6910	570(3) Power to require information about heavy vehicles	Chap 9 - Enforcement
	344	3440	569(7) Power to require production of documents generally	Chap 9 - Enforcement

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		11490		General
			704(3) Offence to falsely represent that heavy vehicle authority is held	Chap 13 -
		11490	704(2) Offence to falsely represent that heavy vehicle authority is held	Chap 13 - General
		11470		General
		11/00	704(1) Offence to falsely represent that heavy vehicle authority is held etc.	Chap 13
		9200	703(2) False or misleading information given by responsible person to another responsible person	Chap 13 - General
		11490	703(1) False or misleading information given by responsible person to another responsible person	Chap 13 - General
		9200	702(3) False or misleading documents	Chap 13 - General
		11490	702(1) False or misleading documents	Chap 13 - General
		9200	701(2) False or misleading statements	Chap 13 - General
		11490	701(1) False or misleading statements	Chap 13 - General
		11490	700(4) Order for damages or reinstatement	Chap 13 - General
		11490	699(2) Discrimination against or victimisation of employees	Chap 13 - General
		11490	699(1) Discrimination against or victimisation of employees	Chap 13 - General
Demerit Point Penalty	Infringement Penalty	Maximum Penalty	Section Number and Provision	Chapter
		11490	697(3) General duties of persons exercising functions under this Law	Chap 12: Admin.
Demerit Point Penalty	Infringement Penalty	Maximum Penalty	Section Number and Provision	Chapter

	172	1720	18A(1) Change between forms of work diary	
Demerit Point Penalty	Infringement Penalty	MaximumPenalty	Section Number And Provision  Heavy Vehicle (Fatigue Management) National Regulation	Regulation - Sections
		4580	35(1) Replacement of defaced etc. HML permit	
	458	4580	34(2) Return of HML permit	
	344	3440	28 Contravening conditions of HML permit	
	344	3440	16(2) Contravening conditions applying to HML vehicles being used in an area or on a route declared by an HML declaration	
Demerit Point Penalty	Infringement Penalty	Maximum Penalty	Section Number And Provision  Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension And Loading) National Regulation	Regulation - Sections
		22980	729A(2) Electronic work diary protected information only to be used for electronic work diary authorised use	Chap 13 - General
		22980	729A(1) Electronic work diary protected information only to be used for electronic work diary authorised use	Chap 13 - General
		22980	729(3) Protected information only to be used for authorised use	Chap 13 - General
		22980	729(1) Protected information only to be used for authorised use	Chap 13 - General
		22980	728A(1) Duty of confidentiality for electronic work diary protected information.	Chap 13 - General
		22980	728(1) Duty of confidentiality	Chap 13 - General



### 10.2 MONTHLY FINANCIAL REPORT - MARCH 2022

Attachments: 10.2.1. Monthly Financial Statements - March 2022

10.2.2. Cash - March 2022

10.2.3. Capital Projects - March 2022↓ 10.2.4. Operational Projects - March 2022↓

Author: Jade Nacario - Manager Finance and Administration

**Date:** 13 April 2022

**Key Outcome:** 7.3 - Strategic management of Council

**Key Strategy:** 7.3.3 Implement sustainable financial management and effective

procurement practices.

### **Executive Summary:**

Presentation of the financial report for March 2022 as required under section 204 of the *Local Government Regulation 2012*. The report is presented for noting and indicates whether Council is progressing satisfactorily against its current budget.

### **RECOMMENDATION:**

That Council accepts the Monthly Financial Report, as required under section 204 of the *Local Government Regulation 2012* for the period ended 31 March 2022.

### FINANCIAL REPORT

The Monthly Finance Reports are prepared in accordance with the reporting requirements of the *Local Government Act 2009* and *Local Government Regulation 2012 s204.* 

The following reports for 31 March 2022 are attached for Council's information.

- Statement of Comprehensive Income
- Statement of Comprehensive Income by Category
- Statement of Financial Position
- Cashflow Statement
- Accounts Summary



**Sustainability Ratios** 

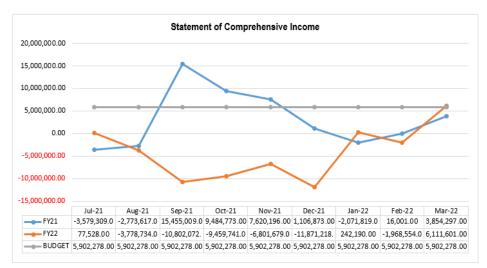
Indicator	Target		31 March 2022	Comment
Current Ratio Is Council able to pay off its short-term liabilities with its current assets?	1.5-3.0	Current Assets/Current Liabilities	2.6	Council has 2.6 times more current assets than current liabilities
Operating Surplus Ratio  Does Council have sufficient operating revenue to meet Council operating costs?	Between 0 & 10%	Surplus/(Deficit) from council operations / Revenue generated from Council	-0.07	As expected, when the budget was adopted
Cash Expense Ratio Has Council properly planned for when payments associated with Council activities are due? Indicates the number of months council can continue paying its immediate expenses without additional cash flows	3 months	Cash at Bank / Expected cash operating costs for one month	4.71 months	Indicates council can continue paying its immediate expenses without additional cash flows in the next four months.

# **Statement of Comprehensive Income**

For the third quarter of the financial year 2021/2022, the financial year had elapsed 75% for the Operating Revenues and Expenditures budget. The comprehensive income statement indicated a net result of \$6,111,601 in surplus which is the sum of \$47,348,160 in recurrent revenue, \$50,865,150 in recurrent expenditure and \$9,628,591 in capital income.

	Actual	Budget
	(from 1 July 2021 to 31 March 2022)	(from 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022)
Recurrent Revenue	47,348,160	66,418,831
Recurrent Expenses	50,865,150	71,660,312
Net Operating	3,516,990	5,241,481
Capital Income	9,628,591	11,143,759
Net Result	6,111,601	5,902,278

^{*}Please see attached Comprehensive Income Statement for details.





# **Comprehensive Income Budgets Vs Actuals Variance Analysis**

The items noted below are the items with significant variance between actual amounts and the forecasted budget at the start of the financial year.

Item	Actual	Budget	%	Analysis
Rates	8,200,187	8,183,000	100%	Actual is Higher than budgeted amount.
				Council rates levy and service charges are issued twice a year, the first levy covered the first six months of the year, and the second levy is for the last sixth months of the financial year. The current actual amount is for the total annual income of Rates and Service Charges.
Fees and	655,990	539,000	122%	Actual is Higher than budgeted amount.
Charges				The favorable variance of fees and charges actuals compared to the annual budget is mainly due to conservatively forecasting at the start of the year. Here are some of the sections that had low or conservative budgets:
				Childcare – has reached 100% of its annual budget
				LWBDC Tours – is currently at 115% of its annual budget
				Water Connection, Sewerage Installation, Landfill, Building Search, Rates Search, Rodeo Grounds, Sports and Recreation etc. – had zero budget at the start of the year however had a combined fees and charges income of 169,000
Income	9,875,907	10,408,500	94.88%	Actual is Higher than budgeted amount.
from Operation and Sales				The favorable variance is mainly due to Main Roads Projects. The actual income received is based on council's eligibility to process claims.
				RMPC 87.38%
				TMR Recoverable Works 91.60%
Operating Grants	27,842,279	46,487,331	59.89%	Actual is Lower than budgeted amount

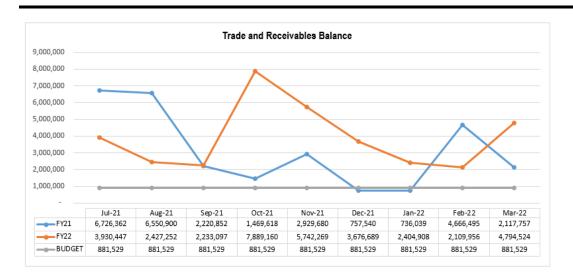


				Forty million dollars of the total energting
				Forty million dollars of the total operating grants annual budget is for DRFA restoration works. In the last three months, Council had paused its DRFA restoration works due to the wet season. This means that there were minimal progress claims submitted to QRA in the last couple of months. As of the end of this quarter, the total income recognize for DRFA works is 24,920,559, which is 62.30% of the annual budget.
				DRFA expenses is expected to be lower compared to its annual budget for the same reason.
Non- Operating	9,382,861	11,143,759	84.20%	Actual is Higher than budgeted amount.
Grants				Non-operating grants are funding received for the purpose of constructing roads, buildings and other infrastructure assets, and purchasing equipment. Due to the nature of this income, it is possible that funding may be received earlier.
				As the funding amount is material, a single digit percentage variance against its annual budget has significant impact on the overall net result.
Materials and	35,935,192	50,441,285	71.24%	Actual is Lower than budgeted amount
Services Expenses				The variance on Materials and services operating expenses is expected as Council had paused most of its road operations due to the wet season.

# **Financial Position Reports**

The graph below shows Council's *Trade and Receivables* balance of \$ 4,794,524. The receivables balance is made up of rates receivable \$3,132,953 and the remaining balances are receivables from community loans, Main Roads recoverable works and airport charges.





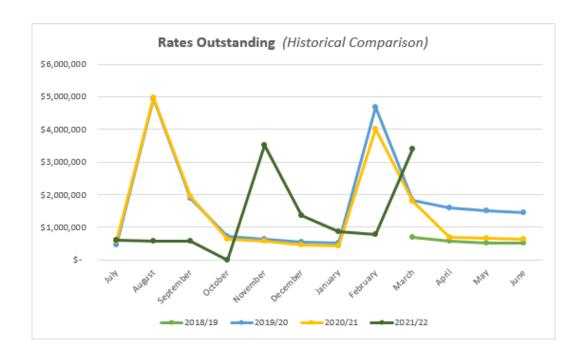
# **Rates and Service Charges Receivables**

The outstanding rates for the month of March 2022 is higher compared to the balance of March last year. This is due to the timing difference of the second levy between the two years.

The second rates levy for the financial year was issued on the 7th day of March 2022 with discount period ending on the 6th April 2022.



		Rates Ou	tstanding		
	%	Mar-22	Feb-22	Jan-22	Mar-21
Current Year	80%	2,580,650	262,769	337,193	1,275,977
1 Year Arrears	5%	174,113	186,779	189,997	157,966
2 Year Arrears	3%	111,977	111,977	111,977	163,177
3+ Year Arrears	5%	173,236	173,533	173,533	151,754
Interest	5%	174,765	176,108	175,536	143,915
Credits		(81,788)	(122,718)	(114,644)	(92,826)
Balance	100%	3,132,953	788,448	873,592	1,799,963



# **Community Loans**

Council currently has two community loans, and these are reflected as assets in Council's accounts. Below are the outstanding balances as of 31 March 2022. There were payments received after the end of the third quarter. The figures below do not include future interest charges.

Community Organization	Balance	Maturity Date
Normanton Rugby League Club	\$ 46,424	30 June 2025
Normanton Rodeo Association	\$ 61,064	31 December 2024

# **Operational Projects Budget 2021/2022**



The operational projects budget is a list of projects that are not routine operations and maintenance. Many of these projects are grant funded or may be operational initiatives. This report just tracks the progress of these items against the budget.

## Capital Expenditure Report 2021/2022

Council has a capital budget of \$16.1 million for the 2021/2022 financial year. Some projects have been added since the original budget, and these also have a Council contribution. The attached capital expenditure report shows some projects are multi-year projects and identifies how the project is funded and how the project is tracking against the budget. Council is heavily reliant on grant funding for most capital expenditure, however the following items are fully funded by Council:

•	Fleet and Plant Replacement	\$1	,557,699
•	Gilbert St Pontoon Repairs	\$	15,000
•	Disability Access Footpaths in Karumba and Normanton	\$	105,000

The following projects are partly funded by Council:

- Disaster Coordination Centre
- Normanton-Burketown Sealing
- Glenore Weir Rectification Stage 2
- Raw Water Irrigation
- Shire Office External Repaint
- Normanton Stormwater Upgrade
- Karumba Point Shoreline

Additional Items represents grants sourced during the year that have been added to the capital report, and items requested by Council resolution.

For capital works that are externally funded, work shall not commence, other than minor preliminary costs, until the funding agreements have been executed. It is noted that any preliminary works are not able to be acquitted against the grant.

The Capital Expenditure budget will be continually assessed to ensure the projects are managed within the budget. Where savings from under expenditure are achieved, it is likely this saving will be offset against other unplanned works. Failure of critical assets is an example of reallocation of budgetary resources. Ideally Council would maintain assets to a standard and spend an amount equivalent to its annual depreciation to achieve this.

Council's capital expenditure for the month of March 2022 was \$11.2m of the \$16.1m budget. Additionally, there is \$491k in commitments shows works on those projects are underway. This suggests just over 66% of the capital expenditure budget has been completed.



There are some projects in the capital expenditure budget that don't have whole of project costs, and many of these represent carryover amounts from the prior year budget. An assessment shall be conducted in the coming weeks to determine whether these projects are finished and can be closed out.

## **QTC Loans**

Council currently has three loans with Queensland Treasury Corporation (QTC), the details are shown below:

Loan Purpose	Balance	Maturity Date
Glenore Weir	4,457,127	15 March 2035
Karumba Sewerage	1,690,383	15 June 2030
Normanton Water	934,459	15 March 2031
TOTAL	7,081,969	

# Consultation (Internal/External):

- Executive Leadership Team
- Managers and relevant officers

## **Legal Implications:**

- Local Government Regulation 2012, section 204:
  - 1. The local government must prepare a financial report.
  - 2. The chief executive officer must present the financial report
    - if the local government meets less frequently than monthly—at each meeting of the local government; or
    - b. otherwise at a meeting of the local government once a month.
  - 3. The financial report must state the progress that has been made in relation to the local government's budget for the period of the financial year up to a day as near as practicable to the end of the month before the meeting is held.

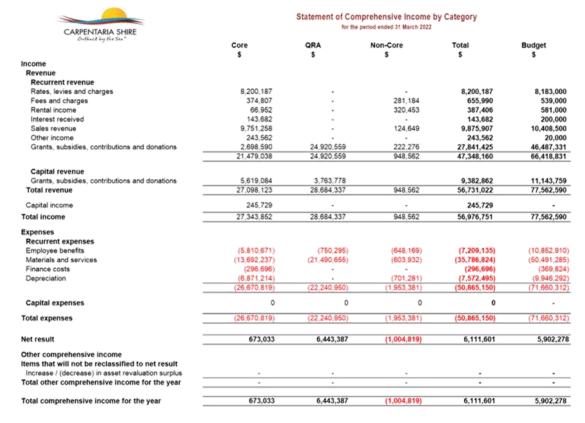
Local Government Act 2009

# **Financial and Resource Implications:**

 The report identifies how Council is tracking against the adopted operational and capital budgets for the financial year.

# **Risk Management Implications:**

 Risk is considered low and Council will be advised if major items deviate from the adopted budget and forecasts.



Non Core activities include Les Wilson Barra Discovery Centre, Hatchery, Child Care, Gym, Staff Housing and Penisoner Housing



# Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period ended 31 March 2022

	31 March 2022	2021.2022
	Actual	Adopted Budget
	\$	\$
Income		
Recurrent Revenue		
Rates and Charges	8,200,187	8,183,000
Fees and Charges	655,990	539,000
Rental Income	387,406	581,000
Interest Received	143,682	200,000
Sales & Recoverable Works	9,875,907	10,408,500
Other Recurrent Income	243,562	20,000
Grants, Subsidies and Contributions	27,841,425	46,487,331
Total Recurrent Revenue	47,348,160	66,418,831
Capital Revenue		
Grants, Subsidies and Contributions	9,382,862	11,143,759
Capital Income	245,729	0
Total Income	56,976,751	77,562,590
Expenses		
Recurrent Expenses		
Administration and Governance	(5,012,707)	(5,040,129)
Community	(1,528,690)	(2,907,107)
Engineering	(3,417,759)	(4,474,418)
Fleet and Plant	872,294	4,877,878
Recoverable Works	(8,556,147)	(9,096,300)
Environment	(786,600)	(1,283,144)
DRFA	(22,240,950)	(40,031,791)
Tourism	(861,535)	(1,254,213)
Water and Sewerage	(1,463,866)	(2,134,971)
Finance Costs	(296,696)	(369,824)
Depreciation	(7,572,495)	(9,946,292)
Total Expenses	(50,865,150)	(71,660,312)
Capital Expenses		*
Total Expenses	(50,865,150)	(71,660,312)
Net Result	6,111,602	5,902,278

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# Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2022

	31 March 2022	2021.2022
	Actual	Adopted Budget
	\$	\$
Current Assets		
Cash and Equivalents	29,625,892	36,376,615
Trade and Other Receivables	4,794,524	881,529
Inventories	506,978	424,693
Other Financial Assets	501,050	433,982
Contract Assets	10,458,170	14,435,566
Total Current Assets	45,886,614	52,552,385
Non-Current Assets		
Receivables	90,571	90,571
Property, Plant and Equipment	258,620,951	344,165,589
Capital Works in Progress	14,973,064	16,157,389
RUA Accumulated Depreciation	143,171	0
Total Non-Current Assets	273,827,757	360,413,549
TOTAL ASSETS	319,714,371	412,965,934
Current Liabilities		
Trade and Other Payables	558,584	7,530,468
ATO Payable	2,119,461	198,786
Interest Bearing Liabilities	502,189	512,809
Provisions	997,108	1,285,765
Other Accounts Payable	100,000	100,000
Contract Liabilities	13,103,660	20,415,906
Lease Liabilities	78,000	0
Total Current Liabilities	17,459,001	30,043,734
Total current Basinies	17,433,001	30,043,734
Non-Current Liabilities		
Interest Bearing Liabilities	6,579,780	6,439,150
Provisions	1,387,669	1,937,954
Other Accounts Payable	100,000	100,000
Lease Liabilities	68,152	0
Total Non-Current Liabilities	8,135,601	8,477,104
TOTAL LIABILITIES	25,594,603	38,520,838
NET COMMUNITY ASSETS	294,119,768	374,445,096
Community Equity		
Asset Revaluation Reserve	171,429,127	269,621,280
Retained Surplus	122,690,642	104,823,816
TOTAL COMMUNITY EQUITY	294,119,768	374,445,096

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### **Cash Flow Statement** for the period ended 31 March 2022

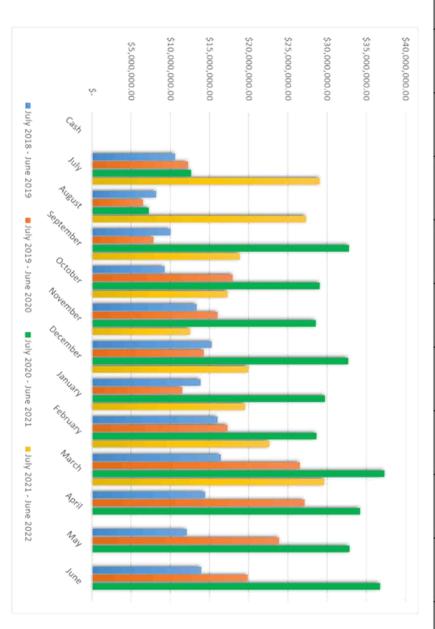
	31 March 2022 Actual	2021-2022 Adopted Budget
	\$	\$
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	-	*
Receipts From Customers	17,475,414	19,185,439
Payments to Suppliers and Employees	(51,311,731)	(61,444,195)
	(33,836,317)	(42,258,756)
Interest Received	143,682	200,000
Rental Income	387,406	581,000
Non Capital Grant and Contributions	27,841,425	46,487,331
Borrowing Costs	(296,696)	(369,824)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	(5,760,500)	4,639,751
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Payments for Property, Plant and Equipment	(10,402,803)	(16,157,389)
Proceeds From Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	0	2,184,000
Grants, Subsidies and Contributions	9,382,862	11,143,759
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities	(1,019,941)	(2,829,630)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Repayment of Borrowings	(362,996)	(487,349)
Net Cash Flows From Financing Activities	(362,996)	(487,349)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash Held	(7,143,438)	1,322,772
Cash at Beginning of Reporting Period	36,769,331	35,053,843
Cash at End of Reporting Period	29,625,892	36,376,615

F:\Monthly Reporting\2021-2022\10. April 2022\Monthly Financials 31 March 2022.xlsm Cash Flow



# **Accounts Summary**

	31 March 2022 \$	28 February 2022 \$
General Accounts		
Westpac General Operating Accounts	1,148,086	318,712
Westpac Term Deposit	0	100,000
QTC General Fund	25,557,501	19,288,817
QTC Sewerage Reserve	477,745	477,745
QTC Airport Reserve	144,728	144,728
QTC Water Supply Reserve	716,313	716,313
QTC Land Development Reserve	0	0
QTC Plant Replacement Reserve	1,577,306	1,577,306
QTC Flood Damage Event 2021 Reserve	0	0
Total balance held in banks	29,621,679	22,623,621
Trust Accounts Queensland Treasury Corporation	91,378	91,378
Westpac Bank	36,579	36,029
Total balance held in trust	127,957	127,407
Other Balances		
CSC Reserves	11,070,235	11,070,235
CSC Provisions	2,384,777	2,404,130
Net of Contract Assets and Liabilities	2,645,490	1,960,061
Total balance reserves, provisions and contract liabilities	16,100,501	15,434,425
QTC Borrowings		
Karumba Sewerage	1,690,383	1,747,220
Normanton Water Upgrade	934,459	963,488
Glenore Weir	4,457,127	4,552,125
Total balance QTC borrowings	7,081,969	7,262,834
Net Council Position	6,439,208	-73,638

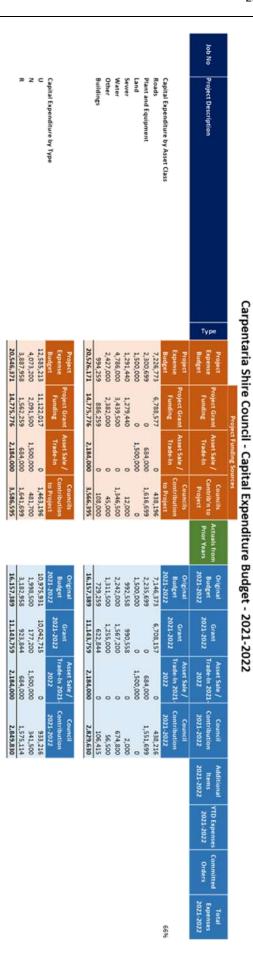


Cash	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June
2019	\$10,624,212.00	\$8,210,979.00	\$10,052,874.00	\$9,230,314.00	\$13,365,287.00	\$15,294,953.00	\$13,866,629.00	\$16,004,746.00	\$16,406,721.00	\$14,429,103.00	\$12,076,778	.00 \$13,940,
2020	\$12,280,567.00	\$6,538,396.00	\$7,802,385.00	\$17,986,246.00	\$16,045,726.00	\$14,253,941.00	\$11,534,551.00	\$17,310,350.00	\$26,505,321.00	\$27,149,119.00	.00 \$23,891,105.0	.00 \$19
2021	\$12,668,763.00	\$7,267,828.00	\$32,799,197.00	\$29,061,031.00	\$28,569,461.00	\$32,701,782.00	\$29,755,429.00	\$28,656,349.42	\$37,318,356.00	\$34,226,338.00	\$32,854,549.00	\$36,769,988.
2022	\$29,066,133.00	\$27,305,252.00	\$18,876,147.00	\$17,306,164.00	\$12,501,484.00	\$19,906,129.00	\$19,521,847.00	\$22,627,835.00	\$29,625,892.00			

			Pr	Project Funding Sources	g Sources										
Job No	Project Description	Type Project Expense Budget	Project Grant se Funding	nt Asset Sale / Trade-in		Councils Act Contrib's to Pr Project Pr	Actuals from Prior Years	Original Budget 2021-2022	Grant 2021-2022	Asset Sale / Trade-in 2021- 2022	Council Contribution 2021-2022	Additional Items 2021-2022	YTD Expenses 2021-2022	Committed Orders	Total Expenses 2021-2022
	Buildings - Council Staff Housing - Renewals - Prioritised per condition				ı										
WQ2203 WQ2NORM		R 400,000	,000 400,000	8	0	0	0	135,000	135,000	0	0		0	6,268	6,268
WQPHILP	Buildings - Staff Housing - internal Upgrade and Remove Asbestos, Philip Street	20													
CO2220	Buildings - Demoittion of Old Trades Shed	8 50	50,000	0	0	50,000	0	50,000	0	0	50,000		41,049	0	41,049
QRRRFI	Buildings - Disaster Coordination Centre - Construct, Demolish Depot Shed	R 376,259	,259 376,259	59	0	0	0	376,259	376,259	0	0		6,000	0	6,000
CO2106	Buildings - John Henry Oval - New Change Rooms/3 Bay Shed/Undercover Area	900,000		8	0	0	0	900,000	900,000	0	0		885,207	0	885,207
WQZZ06	Boldings - Karomba Arport Tower Supply Opgrade	B 00	2 560 60,000		1000	0 0	0 0	50,000	60,000	1000	3 560		57,006	2,994	60,000
CP2102	Fleet - Caterpillar 140M Motor Grader (Sell P3018 & P3131)	R 516,000	000	0 320,000		196,000	0 1	516,000	0 (	320,000	196,000		516,000	0	516,000
CP2213	Fleet - New Forklift - Karumba Sewerage Treatment Plant	N 60				60,000	0	60,000	0	0	60,000		54,000	0	54,000
CP2413	PROBLET - DEPOSE - COVORD THEOXICS OF CASE OF A CASE OF SAFETY	70 70				93,766		75,700		15,000	53,726		364.00	0 0	50,720
CP2114	Pleet - P1605 - Toyota Hillux SR 4x4 Single Cab Utility - Carpenter	8 72	72,273	0 7.	7,000	65,273	0	72,273	0 1	7,000	65,273		72,265	0 1	72,265
CP2120	Fleet - P1608 - Toyota Landcruiser Workmate Utility - Workshop	R 72	72,745	0 5,		67,745	0	72,745	0	5,000	67,745		72,737	0	72,737
CP2115	Fiser - P1653 - Toyota Hista Single Cab - Electrician	8 75	62,370	0 15,	25,000	47,370	0	62,370 75,754	0 0	25,000	50.754		75,754	0 0	62,364 75,754
CP2119	Fleet - P1665 - Toyota Landcruiser Single Cab Workmate - Plumber	78,		0 25,		53,000	0	78,000	0	25,000	53,000		87,346	0	87,346
2/2	Fleet - P1673 - Toyota Landcruiser Prado GXL Wagon (M Pickering)	30		0 30,		-30,000	0	0	0	30,000	-30,000		0	0	0
CP2104	Pleet - P1680 - Toyota Hillux SR Qual Cab 4x4 Othirty	60		2002		45,000	0	60,000	. 0	15,000	45,000			. 0	
CP2108	Fleet - P1769 - Toyota Hilux SR TD 4x4 Qual Cab Utility - Foreman	R 59	59,438	0	0	59,438	0	59,438	0	0	59,438		59,432	0	59,432
CP2112	Fleet - P1770 - Ford Ranger Extra Cab 4x4 Utility - Local Laws	56,		0 15,		41,890	0	56,890	0	15,000	41,890		53,409	0	53,409
CP2118	Fleet - P1771 - Toyota Hillox SR 4x4 Dual Cab Otlisty - Foreman Fleet - P1772 - Toyota Landcruiser Dual Cab - Mayor	80 80	80,751	0 45	45,000	35,751	0 0	80,751	0 0	45,000	35,751		79,712	0 0	79,712
CP2111	Fleet - P1774 - Toyota Hilux SR TD 4x4 Qual Cab Utility - Foreman	R 59		les (i		51,438	0	59,438	0	8,000	51,438		59,432	0	59,432
CP2107	Fleet - P1781 - Toyota Hillux SR TD 4x4 Dual Cab Utility - Foreman	R 59,	59,438			59,438	0	59,438	0	0	59,438		59,432	0	59,432
CP2212	Fleet - P4513 - Kubota F3680 Front Oeck Mower	80	60,000	6.	6,000	54,000	0 0	60,000	0 0	6,000	54,000		0 0	26,364	26,364
	Fleet - 94016 - Jacobsen R-311T Wide area Mower	R 60,		0.000		54,000	0	60,000	0	6,000	54,000		0	0	0
CPZ101	Fleet - P4138 - Graco Unecazer IV 2505P5 (linemarker) Fleet - P4139 Vermeer BC1300XL Wood Chipper	R 26,	36,000	00	0000	46,000	0 0	30,000		6000	30,000		38,825	0 0	38,825
n/a	Fleet - P6500 Cardboard Shredder - Xarumba Transfer St	20	0			-7,000	0	0	0	7,000	-7,000		0	0	0
CP2211	Fleet budget - Plumbers (suzu Job Truck	N 145,000		0		145,000	0	145,000	0	0	145,000		0	0	0
CP2207	Pieer Sudget - Replace F1512 Town Services - 4x2 Workmate Hisox Single Cab Ote (Cleaners)	35	35,000		8,000	27,000	0	35,000	0	8,000	27,000		0	0	0
	Fleet Budget - Replace P1582 WTP - Hilux SR 4x2 Single Cab Ute	R 35,		0 8,		27,000	0	35,000	0	8,000	27,000		0	0	0
CP2205	Fiser Budget - Replace P1605 WTP 4x4 Single Cab Hilux Otllay Fiser Budget - Replace P1605 WTP 4x4 Single Cab Hilux Otllay	SS SS	55,000	0 18,	18,000	37,000	0 0	55,000	0 0	18,000	37,000		0 0	0 0	0 0
	Fleet Budget - Replace P1710 CEO - LC Military GXL 4.5L T Diesel Dual Cab														
CP2203	Landcruiser			0.3		47,440	0	82,440	0	35,000	47,440		0	82,322	82,322
CP2210	Figer Budget - Replace PA402 WTP - Islau N Series NPR Tipper	25	65,000	0 12,	2,000	23,000	0 0	25,000	0 0	2,000	23,000		0 0	0 0	0 0
CR2106	Footpaths - Disability Access Karumba					45,000	0	45,000	0	0	45,000		0	0	0
CR2105	Footpaths - Disability Access Normanton			0		60,000	0	60,000	0	0	60,000		1,770	0	1,770
CP2202	CCT - Shire Office - Photoconies	2				9,000		17000			17,000	9,000	8,735		8,735
CP2204	ICT - TV Radio - Satellite infrastructure Upgrade Karumba	50	50,000	0 0	0 0	50.000	0 0	0000,74	0 0	0 0	0 000,71	25.000	0	22.687	22,687
		The second		3	37	0.000000	-					0.000000		1000000	(separation)

Carpentaria Shire Council - Capital Expenditure Budget - 2021-2022

82,832 22,220 11,706,846	23,540 22,220 490,881	59,292 0 11,215,965	20,200	20,200 2,849,830	0 0 2.184,000	15,000 0 11,143,759	15,000 0 16,157,389	2,741,785	20,200 3,586,595	2,184,000	180,000 0 14,775,776	180,000 20,200 20,546,371	2 2	Water - Treatment Plant Controls/Monitoring - Priorities to be established Abandoned Vehicles Fencing at Normanton Refuse Facility	WQZ205 CP2214
00	00	0 0		0 0	00	0 0	0 0	00	0 0	00	150,000	150,000	2 00	operational efficiency Water - Treatment Plant - Normanton - Reservoir Repairs	RRF005 WQ2207
318,240 0	64,547	253,692 0 3,600		600,000	0 00	900,000 180,000 40,000	1,500,000 180,000 40,000	1,540,758	1,120,000	0 00	1,680,000	2,800,000 180,000 40,000	* cc	Water - Glenore Weir Rectification Stage 2 (LGGSP)  Water - Karumba Water Tower/Reservoirs On site Chlorine Generator  Water - Normanton Water Treatment Plant - Study & Design (increase potable  supply  Water - Treatment Plant - Normanton - Diversion of Pinawook to Improve	CW1902 RRF002 RRF003
204,460	8,500	195,960		0									30 30	Water - Glenore Weir Raw Water Upgrade - Emergency intake Structure Water - Glenore Weir Raw Water Upgrade - Pipework Initaliation	RRF001A
7,091 23,830 0 195,500 145,500 204,460	23,830 0 0 0 8,500	7,091 0 0 195,500 195,960		2,000 0 56,415 74,800	0 0000	6,000 10,000 51,585 112,200 320,000	8,000 10,000 108,000 187,000	759,213 0	2,000 0 58,000 226,500	0 0000	6,000 80,000 50,000 679,500	8,000 80,000 108,000 906,000	2 2 2 2 x	Sewerage - De-studging of Sewerage Lagoon - Replace Damaged Manholes Sewerage - Karumba Sewerage System - System Review & Master Plan Buildings - Shire Office - External Repaint Water - BBRF - Raw Water Intigation - Delivery Line Replacement Water - Glenore Weir Emergency Intake and Infrastructure	QRBP2002 RRF004 LRCIP6 CW2007 CW2007A RRF001
792,137	19,320	772,816		0	0	974,558	974,558	533	0	0	974,558	974,558	e e	Sewerage - De-studging of Sewerage Lagoon - (NDRP) CSC 0040 1819E DWS Sewerage - De-studging of Sewerage Lagoon - Purchase And Install Amenities Block	QRBP2001 QRBP2005
3,094,532 418,426 0 1,740,469	34,540 4,706 0	3,059,992 413,720 0 1,740,469		26,410 108,710 0 198,096	000 0	717,649 2,549,004 0 1,621,904	744,059 2,657,714 0 1,820,000	10,260 4,893 0	26,410 108,710 0 198,076		717,649 2,549,004 0 1,621,924	744,059 2,657,714 0 1,820,000		Roads - Normanton-Burketown Seal Project 11/12 CSC-0017-1819E.REC [Prev CR2004] Roads - Normanton-Burketown Seal Project 13 CSC-0015-1819E.REC [Prev CR2003] Roads - Roads of Strategic Importance (Ntn to Burketown Rd) [Sealing] Roads - Roads of Strategic Importance (Ntn to Burketown Rd) [Sealing] Roads - TIOS/R2R/Council - Normanton to Burketown - Sealing Works	CR2102 CR2103 RR2201
36,131 69,838 512,384 5,306 965,739	21,141 20,000 0 225	14,990 49,838 512,384 5,080 965,739	226,882	0 0 0	1,500,000	844,600	1,500,000	412,628	10,000	1,500,000	925,000 218,882 975,000	1,500,000 925,000 228,882 975,000	c cczzz	Project: Lifyvale Subdivision Stage 1 - Access Road Project: Lifyvale Subdivision Stage 1 - Access Road Project: Lifyvale Subdivision Stage 1 - Water infrastructure Project: Lifyvale Subdivision Stage 3 - Water infrastructure Roads - ATSI TIDS Dunbar Kowanyama Road Floodway Roads - Kerb and Chailen across from Christian College, Thompson St Roads - Magnificent Creek (Plains Creek) Causeway Upgrade Kowanyama Rd	n/a CL2201 CL1801 CR2108 QRRRF3
16,702 41,064 0 0 3,843	000088	15,817 41,064 0 0 3,843		41,500 0	00000	20,000 0 320,000 10,000 5,000	20,000 41,500 320,000 5,000	13,500			20,000 55,000 320,000 200,000 300,000	20,000 55,000 320,000 200,000 300,000	22622	Chier - Nathriba Foot-Interact of Intersy (respect existing pumps to increase efficiency)  Other - Normanton Entry Signage (Similar to Karumba Signage)  Other - Onsite Chlorine Generators - Normanton & Karumba Pools  Other - Town Beautification - Landsborough St Development  Other - Town Beautification - School Dam Precinct Development	LRCIPS LRCIPS WQ2204 WQ2201 WQ2202
65,048 53,830	65,048 33,243	0 0 20,587	530,000	15,000	000	000	15,000 0 0	000	15,000 0 30,000	0 0	97,000 500,000	15,000 87,000 530,000	222	Other - Gilbert Street Pontoon Repairs Other - Xarumba Airport Weather Station Other - Xarumba Point Sporeline Detailed Design	COZ104 RRF006 QRRRF2
Total Expenses 2021-2022		YTD Expenses Committed 2021-2022 Orders	Additional y Items 2021-2022	Council Contribution 2021-2022	Asset Sale / Trade-in 2021- 2022	Grant 2021-2022	Original Budget 2021-2022	Actuals from Prior Years	Councils Contrib'n to Project	Asset Sale / Trade-In	Project Grant Funding	Project Expense Budget	Type	Project Description	Job No
					22	2021-2022	Budget -	nditure	tal Expe	Carpentaria Shire Council - Capital Expenditure Budget -	ire Coun	taria Sh	arpen	c	



Carpentaria Shire Council - Operational Projects Budget - 2021-2022

Project 6 Funding 195, 375, 244, 44, 4, 400, 67, 75, 75, 338, 338,		!!	_	Project Funding	Funding Source	œ		0		1					
330,000 195,000 195,000 375,000 375,000 375,000 375,000 375,000 375,000 375,000 375,000 375,000 375,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,000 123,00		ion		roject Grant Funding		Councils General F Revenue	Prior Actuals	Original Budget 2021-2022	Grants 2021-2022	Other Council Revenue Contribution 2021-2022 in 2021-2022		Additional Items 2021-2022	YTD Expenses 2021-2022	Committed Orders	Total Expenses 2021-2022
### 25,000 24,500  1,250,000 24,500  1,23,000 113,000  1,836,000 2,040,000  1,836,000 2,040,000  1,836,000 1,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000  1,000 10,000		it Normanton Landfill (DSDMIP) Scare Fund - Open Competitive Act	330,000 375,000	195,000 375,000	000	135,000	123,401 0	206,600 75,000	123,960 75,000	000	82,640 0	000	191,456 0	000	191,456
4,249 4,249 1,23,000 1,836,000 2,040,000 1,836,000 2,040,000 1,836,000 8,000,000 1,000 400,000 175,000 10,000 175,000 0 15,000 0 15,000 0 15,000 0 15,000 0 15,000 0 15,000 0 15,000 0 15,000 0 15,000 0 15,000 0 15,000 0 15,000 0 15,000 0 15,000 0 15,000 0 15,000 0 15,000 0 15,000 10,000 15,000 10,000 15,000 10,000 15,000 10,000 15,000 10,000 15,000 10,000 15,000 10,000 15,000 10,000 15,000 10,000 15,000 10,000 15,000 10,000 15,000 10,000 15,000 10,000 15,000 10,000	RADF - Regiona	Arts Development Fund - Priorities identified by	29,500	24,500	0	5,000		29,500	24,500	0 0	5,000	0	0	0	0 (
123,000 123,000 1,836,000 2,040,000 1,836,000 2,040,000 1,836,000 8,000,000 1,000 400,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000 1,000 10,000		Forever	4,249	4,249	0	0	9,405	4,249	4,249	0	0	0	0	0	0
1,836,000 2,040,000  Works  7,200,000 8,000,000  67,000 400,000  67,000 67,000  75,000 0  75,000 0  75,000 0  75,000 0  30,000 10,000  20,000 10,000  338,351 338,351  311,000 110,000  69,000 10,000  50,000 50,000		Grant	123,000	123,000	0	0	2,476	86,000	85,000	0	0	0	13,931	15,188	29,119
7,200,000 8,000,000 Works 7,200,000 8,000,000 67,000 67,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 0 10,320 10,320 30,000 0 15,000 0 315,000 0 30,000 10,000 0 20,000 10,000 20,000 10,000 71,748 0 11,000 10,000 50,000 50,000		sintenance Performance Contracts	1,836,000	2,040,000	0	-204,000	1,177,281	1,836,000	2,040,000	0	-204,000	0	81,063	0	81,063
7,200,000 8,000,000 Works  7,200,000 8,000,000 67,000 67,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 0 10,320 10,320 30,000 0 15,000 0 20,000 10,000 20,000 10,000 338,351 338,351 10,000 0 71,748 0 11,000 10,000 50,000 50,000		umba Development Road										. 0	81,063	0	81,063
7,200,000 8,000,000 Works  7,200,000 8,000,000  67,000 67,000  75,000 75,000  75,000 0  10,320 10,320  30,000 0  15,000 0  30,000 10,000  20,000 10,000  20,000 10,000  338,351 338,351  11,000 0  11,000 0  11,000 0  50,000 10,000		Re Development Road										0	4/8,4/2	0	478,472
### 7,200,000 8,000,000  ### 7,200,000 8,000,000  ### 10,300 400,000  ### 10,300 10,320  30,000 0  15,000 0  15,000 0  15,000 0  20,000 10,000  20,000 10,000  338,351 338,351  ### 12,000 0  71,748 0  69,000 10,000  50,000 50,000		Re Development Road (Sealed)											20,559	. 0	20,559
7,200,000 8,000,000  1,30,68 to  400,000 400,000  67,000 67,000  75,000 75,000  75,000 0  15,000 0  15,000 0  15,000 0  30,000 10,000  20,000 10,000  20,000 10,000  338,351 338,351  10,000 0  71,748 0  69,000 10,000  50,000 50,000		EW 898 Burke Development Road (Unsealed)										0 0	61,364	0 0	61,364
7,200,000 8,000,000  1,10,000 400,000  10,320 10,320  10,320 10,320  15,000 0  15,000 0  15,000 0  30,000 10,000  20,000 10,000  338,351 338,351  10,000 0  71,748 0  11,000 10,000  50,000 50,000	Em3	TMR										0			
7,200,000 8,000,000  1,1,30,68 to  400,000 400,000  67,000 67,000  75,000 75,000  10,320 10,320  30,000 0  15,000 0  15,000 0  15,000 0  30,000 10,000  20,000 10,000  338,351 338,351  338,351 338,351  31,000 0  71,748 0  11,000 10,000  50,000 50,000	,	ergent Works 84A										0	20,661	0	20,661
7,200,000 8,000,000  1,1,30,68 to  400,000 400,000  67,000 67,000  75,000 75,000  10,320 10,320  30,000 0  15,000 0  15,000 0  15,000 0  15,000 0  30,000 10,000  20,000 10,000  338,351 338,351  30,000 0  11,000 0  71,748 0  69,000 10,000  50,000 50,000	,	ergent Works 89A										. 0	2,345	. 0	2,345
Works  400,000 400,000  67,000 67,000  75,000 75,000  75,000 75,000  0  10,320 10,320  10,320 0  0  15,000 0  15,000 0  15,000 0  20,000 10,000  20,000 10,000  338,351 338,351  10,000 0  71,748 0  11,000 11,000  69,000 10,000  50,000 50,000	. '	rks - TMR - Projects	7,200,000	8.000.000	0	-800,000	13.318.858	7.200.000	8,000,000	0	-800,000	0 (	0	0 (	0
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### 10.3 FEES AND CHARGES - 2022/2023

Attachments: 10.3.1.2022/2023 Commercial and Cost Recovery Fees and

Charges[↓]

**Author:** Julianne Meier - Director Corporate Services

**Date:** 6 April 2022

**Key Outcome:** A well governed, responsive Council, providing effective leadership

and management, and respecting community values

**Key Strategy:** Maintain a focus on excellence in customer service and

improvements in service delivery

### **Executive Summary:**

As part of Council's annual budget setting process, the fees and charges for the next financial year need to be developed and set by Council. This report recommends that Council set the fees and charges effective from the next financial year (from 1 July 2022) in accordance with the attached fees and charges schedule.

### **RECOMMENDATION:**

### That Council

- 1. Adopts the Fees and Charges for the 2022/2023 financial year, effective from 1 July 2022, by:
  - a. Fixing the cost-recovery fees as indicated in the 2022/2023 Fees and Charges Schedule in accordance with section 97(1) of the *Local Government Act 2009*;
     and
  - b. Fixing all other fees and charges contained in the 2022/2023 Fees and Charges Schedule.
- 2. Delegates authority to the Chief Executive Officer to set or vary any fee or charge, other than those that are cost-recovery fees, in accordance with section 257(1)(b) of the Local Government Act 2009.

### **Background:**

The setting of fees and charges each year is a significant decision by Council with direct consequences on the Community and Council. The proposed fees and charges have been developed with the overarching view that Council should pursue an improvement in the operational deficit position while also balancing the needs of the community.

Officers have consulted with managers, executive and Council on the proposed charges for the next financial year. Generally, there has been no increases in fees and charges.

A few new fees have been included in the proposed schedule of fees and charges, including the following:

- Dangerous Dog Collar
- Dangerous Dog Signage
- Pond Feeding at the Les Wilson Barramundi Discovery Centre



- Casual Access to the Gymnasiums
- Les Wilson Barramundi Discovery Centre Hire Café / Art Gallery / Deck
- Les Wilson Barramundi Discovery Centre Conference Room
- Normanton John Henry Oval Use of Amenities and Change Rooms

The current fees for the lighting at John Henry Oval has received feedback that the fees for lighting were too costly for the not-for-profit clubs to absorb. It has been proposed the fees be reduced.

# Consultation (Internal/External):

- ELT
- Managers

# **Legal Implications:**

Section 257 of the Local Government Act 2009:

This section provides Council with the power to delegate certain powers it holds to other persons, including the Chief Executive Officer. This section is used to delegate the power to set or vary fees and charges, other than those that are cost-recovery fees, to the Chief Executive Officer.

• Section 262(3)(c) of the Local Government Act 2009:

This section provides Council with the general power to set fees and charges for services and facilities, other than those that are cost recovery fees. These are known as commercial fees and charges.

Section 97 of the Local Government Act 2009:

This section provides Council with the power to fix cost-recovery fees. This section also prescribes that a cost-recovery fee must not be more than the cost to the local government of taking the action for which the fee is charged. Council cannot delegate this power.

# **Financial and Resource Implications:**

• It can be difficult to estimate the effect the changes will have on Council's overall fees and charges revenue, as fee revenue may vary from year to year depending on a number of factors.

The fees and charges detailed in this report will be published on Council's Website.

# **Risk Management Implications:**

Compliance with Local Government Act 2009

Outback by the Sea

# Adopted Resolution No. xxxx/xxx

20 April 2022

# Carpentaria Shire Council

# Commercial and Regulatory Fees & Charges 2022/2023

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	CUSTOMER SERVICES

Fee and Charge Description	fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (incl GST) 2022/2023	ind ISO	Income Expenditure IE
CUSTOMER SERVICES			,		
Photocopying / Printing Photocopying [Plus 15c per copy on colour paper if available]					
Up to 10 A4 copies [black and white] - per page	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	0.50	~	1560 Other Fees & Charges
10 or more A4 copies [black and white] - per page	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	0.30	~	1560 Other Fees & Charges
Photocopying A3 [black and white] - per page	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	1.00	~	1560 Other Fees & Charges
Colour photocopying A4 - per page	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	1.50	~	1560 Other Fees & Charges
Colour photocopying A3 - per page	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	2.00	~	1560 Other Fees & Charges
Funeral Booklet A5 - per book max 12 (A5) pages, additional pages as per copy cost)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	3.00	~	1560 Other Fees & Charges
MAPS A3 - per page	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	10.00	~	1560 Other Fees & Charges
MAPS A1 - per page	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	20.00	≺.	1560 Other Fees & Charges
MAPS A4 - per page	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	5.00	~	1560 Other Fees & Charges
Laminating					
Laminating per A4 sheet	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	4.00	~	1560 Other Fees & Charges
Laminating per A3 sheet	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	6.00	~	1560 Other Fees & Charges
Binding					
Binding - per bound article [Coil only]	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	15.00	~	1560 Other Fees & Charges
Facsimile					
Facsimile - 1st page	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	5.00	~	1560 Other Fees & Charges
Facsimile - additional pages	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	1.00	~	1560 Other Fees & Charges
Facsimile receiving	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	1.00	~	1560 Other Fees & Charges
Scanning					
Scanning - A4 or A3 (send to email only, up to maximum of 5 pages, additional page 0.50)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	5.00	~	1560 Other Fees & Charges
Council Security Keys/SALTO Fobs					
Replacement of Council issued key/SALTO fob [Damaged or lost]	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	20.00	~	1560 Other Fees & Charges

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Fee and Charge Description	Fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (ind GST) 2022/2023	GST	Income Expenditure IE
AIRPORTS				H	
Landing Fees					
Normanton - Per Tonne or part thereof	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	19.00	<b>~</b>	1571 Airport Fees
Karumba - Per Tonne or part thereof	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	19.00	4	1571 Airport Fees
Passenger Fees					
Normanton	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c); s 14 Local Law No. 7 (Aerodromes) 2015	19.00	~	1571 Airport Fees
Karumba	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c); s 14 Local Law No. 7 (Aerodromes) 2015	19.00	4	1571 Airport Fees
Aircraft Parking Charges - Normanton & Karumba					
6 Months	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	770.00	~	1571 Airport Fees
12 months	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	1,325.00	~	1571 Airport Fees

Carpentaria Shire Council

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Fee and Charge Description	Fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (ind GST) 2022/2023	ind	Income Expenditure IE
ANIMAL CONTROL				ı	
Cattle and Horses					
Pound release fee per head	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(1)(2)(c)	110.00	z	1521 Animal Fines and Penalties
Sustenance	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(1)(2)(c)	At Cost	z	1521 Animal Fines and Penalties
Transport of livestock	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(c)	At Cost	z	1522 Animal Misc Fees
Town Common - (No stallions permitted)					
Cattle and Horses annual licence fee for agistment per head	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	72.00	z	1522 Animal Misc Fees
Animal Traps					
Hog Hoppers (Security Deposit)	Bond	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	110.00	z	
Dog Traps (Security Deposit)	Bond	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	110.00	z	
Dog Registration Fees					
Whole Male or Female per dog	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	22.00	z	1523 Animal Registration
Desexed Male or Female per dog	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	11.00	z	1523 Animal Registration
[NOTE: At the time of registration of a desexed animal, proof of desexing (i.e. veterinary certificate or ear tattoo) must be shown to the registration officer.	or ear tattoo) must be shown	to the registration officer.]			
Aged Person Dog [Limit to one dog - guide dogs no fee]	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	4.00	z	1523 Animal Registration
Replacement tags each	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	5.00	z	1522 Animal Misc Fees
Regulated Dog Registration Fees					
Restricted Dog Permit - Initial (includes signage and tag) [Restricted Dogs Only] .	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a); s 83 Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008	500.00	z	1523 Animal Registration
Regulated Dog Registration - initial (includes signage and tag) [Menacing and Dangerous Dog]	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	265.00	z	1523 Animal Registration
Regulated Dog Registration - Annual Renewal [Restricted, Menocing and Dangerous Dog]	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	170.00	z	1523 Animal Registration
Regulated Dog Collar (additional/replacement)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	40.00	z	1523 Animal Registration
Regulated Dog Signage - Metal (additional/replacement)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	48.00	z	1523 Animal Registration
Regulated Dog Signage - Corflute (additional/replacement)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	20.00	z	1523 Animal Registration
Replacement tags each	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	20.00	z	1523 Animal Registration

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Fee and Charge Description	Fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (ind GST) 2022/2023	ind	Income Expenditure IE
Keeping of animals					
More than 2 dogs over the age of 3 months on an allotment in a designated town area (animal breeder approval)	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a); s 6 Local Law No. 2 {Animal Management} 2015	220.00	z	1523 Animal Registration
More that 2 cats over the age of 3 months on an allotment in a designated town area (animal breeder approval)	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a); s 6 Local Law No. 2 (Animal Management) 2015	220.00	z	1523 Animal Registration
More than 1 horse or donkey on an allotment in a designated town area					
1 or more cows or bulls on an allotment in a designated town area	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a); s 6 Local Law No. 2 (Animal Management) 2015	22.00	z	1523 Animal Registration
1 or more sheep, goats, alpacas or llamas on an allotment in a designated town area	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a); s 6 Local Law No. 2 (Animal Management) 2015	22.00	Z	1523 Animal Registration
1 or more roosters on an allotment in a designated town area	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a); s 6 Local Low No. 2 (Animal Management) 2015	22.00	z	1523 Animal Registration
More than 20 poultry on an allotment in a designated town area	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a); s 6 Local Law No. 2 (Animal Management) 2015	22.00	z	1523 Animal Registration
1 or more deer on an allotment in a designated town area	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a); s 6 Local Law No. 2 (Animal Management) 2015	22.00	z	1523 Animal Registration
1 or more pigs (domestic) on an allotment in a designated town area	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a); s 6 Local Law No. 2 (Animal Management) 2015	22.00	z	1523 Animal Registration
More than 5 ducks or geese on an allotment in a designated town area	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a); s 6 Local Law No. 2 (Animal Management) 2015	22.00	z	1523 Animal Registration
Miscellaneous Dog Fees					
Pound release fee/registered & de-sexed dog/ . First pound release for registered dog - no charge.	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a); s 8.3 Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2009	78.00	z	1521 Animal Fines and Penalties
Pound release fee [registered dog] . First pound release for registered dog - no charge.	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	170.00	z	1521 Animal Fines and Penalties
Pound release fee for unregistered dog - includes registration	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	330.00	z	1521 Animal Fines and Penalties
Penalty for unregistered dog over the age of 3 months	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	2 Penalty Units + Registration Fee	z	1521 Animal Fines and Penalties
Penalty for keeping of more than two dogs and/or cats as pets (Permit to be applied for separately)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	2 Penalty Units	z	1521 Animal Fines and Penalties

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Fee and Charge Description	Fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	2022/2023	ind	Income Expenditure IE
BUILDING SERVICES			3		
Building bond on relocatable/transportable buildings. Refundable on completion and after Certificate of Occupancy / Classification is issued	Bond	Local Government Act 2009 s47	3,195.00	z	
Building bond for protection of road reserve for commercial or multi unit development	Bond	Local Government Act 2009 s47	6,395.00	z	
Bond required for demolition of commercial or multi unit structure	Bond	Local Government Act 2009 s86(1)	6,395.00	z	
Bond required for demolition or removal of structures containing asbestos	Bond	Local Government Act 2009 s86(1)	6,395.00	z	
Building Record Searches					
Building plans and photocopying [A4 & A3]	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	125.00	z	1580 Building & Development Fees - Other
Building file search - Domestic	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262[3](c)	305.00	z	1580 Building & Development Fees - Other
Building file search - Commercial	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	485,00	z	1580 Building & Development Fees - Other
Application Assessments	0	Local Commont Art 2000 : 07/11/4	4 345 00	<	1501 Dullation Application Con-
Mour dualling single unit many than 150m²	Cost Bocovery Fee	Local Sovemment Act 2009 ( 97/2)(a)	1 400 00	<u> </u>	1581 Building Application Face
Residential Class 10 Shed / Carport / Patio less than 20m ²	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	145.00	۲	1581 Building Application Fees
Residential Class 10 Shed/Carport/Patio between 20m² and 50m²	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	330.00	۲	1581 Building Application Fees
Residential Class 10 Shed/Carport/Patio more than 50m²	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	580.00	~	1581 Building Application Fees
Industrial Storage Shed Class 7A	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	665.00	~	1581 Building Application Fees
industrial Class 10 Shed/Carport/Garage or the like less than 20m ²	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	145.00	~	1581 Building Application Fees
industrial Class 10 Shed/Carport/Garage or the like between 20m² and 50m²	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	330,00	~	1581 Building Application Fees
Industrial Class 10 Shed/Carport/Garage or the like more than 50m²	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	580.00	~	1581 Building Application Fees
Alterations and/or extensions less than \$100,000.00	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	1,080.00	~	1581 Building Application Fees
Alterations and/or extensions more than \$100,000.00	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	1,400.00	~	1581 Building Application Fees
New multiple dwelling or duplex	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	1,275.00 + 195.00 per unit	~	1581 Building Application Fees

Fee and Charge Description	Fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (ind GST) 2022/2023	ind	Income Expenditure IE
Commercial Application Classes 1b, 3, 4, 5,6,7,8 & 9	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	3,955.00	٧	1581 Building Application Fees
Commercial Application Classes 1b, 3, 4, 5,6,7,8 & 9 Less than 300m ²	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	1,740.00	¥	1581 Building Application Fees
Fence / Sign / Retaining Wall or any other miscellaneous structure	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	360.00	4	1581 Building Application Fees
Above ground pools with fencing	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	800.00	~	1581 Building Application Fees
In ground pools with fencing	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	1,045.00	٧	1581 Building Application Fees
Demolition of structure, Domestic (Fee includes Bulk or Commerical Waste charges)	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97[2][a]	700.00	z	1581 Building Application Fees
Demolition of structure, Commercial (Fee does not include Bulk or Commercial Waste charges)	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Gavernment Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	1,185.00	z	1581 Building Application Fees
Amendments to approved plans (minor)	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	115.00	z	1581 Building Application Fees
Amendments to approved plans less than 2 hours assessment	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Gavernment Act 2009, s 97(2)[a]	395.00	z	1581 Building Application Fees
Amendments to approved plans major more than 2 hours assessment	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)[a]	650.00	z	1581 Building Application Fees
Archiving of Private Certifiers Documents	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97[2][a]	160.00	z	1581 Building Application Fees
Non specific assessment all Classes, per hour fee applies	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97[2][a]	245.00	Υ	1581 Building Application Fees
Resubmitted applications	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	\$35.00	z	1581 Building Application Fees
Extension of time to Building Permit	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97[2][a]	150.00	z	1581 Building Application Fees
Roadworks Permit	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a)	110.00	z	1581 Building Application Fees

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Fee and Charge Description	fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (ind GST) 2022/2023	ind	Income Expenditure IE
CEMETERIES					
Normanton and Karumba					
Burial Fee (Including 2 viewings if requested)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	3,860.00	~	1561 Cemetery Charges
Additional Viewings (per viewing)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	310.00	~	1561 Cemetery Charges
Standard Brass Plaques (\$330.00) included in above cost for Lawn Cemetery / Karumba Cemetery only (additional cost for other than standard) Plaques other	only (additional cost for othe	y than standard). Plaques other than Lawn Cemetery at cost plus postage and administration charge.	t plus postage and ac	dminist	ration charge.
Internment of Ashes - Memorial Wall [Niche]	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	235.00	~	1561 Cemetery Charges
Hearse Transfer - Airport / Hospital	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	210.00	~	1561 Cemetery Charges
Hearse Transport - per hour	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	61.00	~	1561 Cemetery Charges
Body Transfer Normanton	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	210.00	~	1561 Cemetery Charges
Body Transfer Karumba	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	420.00	4	1561 Cemetery Charges
Accident scene to hospital transfer - per kilometre	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	2.00	~	1561 Cemetery Charges
Accident scene to hospital transfer - minimum charge	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	210.00	~	1561 Cemetery Charges
Coffin Only	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	1,050.00	~	1561 Cemetery Charges
Burials at other than Normanton and Karumba Cemeteries	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	POA	~	1561 Cemetery Charges

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Charges	z	110.00	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	Bond	Bond: Enrolment Fee
1590 Childcare Fees and	:				
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1590 Childcare Fees and	Z	28.00	local Government Act 2009 (262/3)(c)	Commercial/Service See	late Eee. first 5 mins (At discretion of Childrens Director)
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1590 Childcare Fees and	z	450.00	local Government Act 2009 <262(3)(c)	Commercial/Service See	Wookh
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	GST	Fee (ind GST)			

Fee and Charge Description	Fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (ind GST) 2022/2023	GST	Income Expenditure IE
CLEANSING / WASTE DISPOSAL					
Short term use of wheelle bin per week or part thereof per bin [no garbage collection service]	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	34.00	~	1584 Waste Fees
Short term use of wheelie bin per week or part thereof per bin [including 1 garbage collection service/week]	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	44.00	~	1584 Waste Fees
Delivery & Return of wheelie bin/s [during business hours only]	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	340.00	~	1584 Waste Fees
Replacement of wheelie bin [if not through wear or tear]	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	145.00	~	1584 Waste Fees
Replacement bin issued at no charge if damaged bin is returned to Council and due to wear and te	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	No Charge		
Trade Waste Annual Permit - Category One Utility Charge (low volume; low strength) < 500KL		Local Government Act 2009, s 97(2)(a); s 180 Water			
Waste per year	Cost Recovery Fee	Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2002	400.00	z	1584 Waste Fees
Normanton Landfill Site					
Asbestos waste disposal -Asbestos removal į only to be carried out by licensed removalist].  Disposal only at Normanton tip. Contractor to pay for cartage [per m³] [No asbestos accepted at Karumba or from other Shires]	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	400.00 per m3 (Minimum charge of 0.5 m3)	~	1584 Waste Fees
Bulk or Commerical Waste - Disposal of bulk or commercial waste at Normanton landfill site only [per tonne]	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262[3]{c}	44.00	~	1584 Waste Fees
Karumba Waster Transfer Station  Building Waste - Up to 3 cubic metres of building waste to be disposed of directly into designated bins at the Karumba Waste Transfer Station on the following user pays basis:	d bins at the Karumba Waste	Transfer Station on the following user pays basis:			
Car and Small trailer (6X4)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262{3}(c)	37.00	~	1584 Waste Fees
Car and medium trailer (8X5)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	48.00	~	1584 Waste Fees
Car and large trailer (bigger than 8X5)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	61.00	~	1584 Waste Fees
Truck up to 4.5t GVM	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262[3](c)	72.00	~	1584 Waste Fees
No loads on vehicles above 4.5t will be accepted at the Waste Transfer Station and these larger loads are to be taken to the Normanton Landfill by the user.	oads are to be taken to the N	ormanton Landfill by the user.			

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Carpentaria Shire Council

Fee and Charge Description	Fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (incl GST) 2022/2023	GST ind	Income Expenditure IE
LES WILSON BARRAMUNDI DISCOVERY CENTRE					
Discovery Centre					
Gold Coin Donation	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	Donation	z	
Feed a Barra - Guided Tour - 30 minutes					444
Adult	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	28.00	~	1553 LWBDC - Tours
Concession - (Senior and Student card holders)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	25.00	~	1553 LWBDC - Tours
Children under 4 Years	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	0.00	~	1553 LWBDC - Tours
Children (Ages 4 to 17 Years Old)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	20.00	~	1553 LWBDC - Tours
Family Pass (2 Adults & 2 Children)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	67.00	~	1553 LWBDC - Tours
Behind the Scenes - Guided Tour - 60 minutes					
Adult	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	65,00	~	1553 LWBDC - Tours
Concession - (Senior and Student card holders)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	58.00	~	1553 LWBDC - Tours
Children under 4 Years	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	0.00	~	1553 LWBDC - Tours
Children (Ages 4 to 17 Years Old)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	45.00	~	1553 LWBDC - Tours
Family Pass (2 Adults & 2 Children)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	154.00	4	1553 LWBDC - Tours
Catch a Barra - Guided Tour - 60 minutes or 3 barramundi per person whichever comes first					
Adult	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	65.00	~	1553 LWBDC - Tours
Family Pass (2 Adults & 2 Children) limited due to supervision requirements	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	182.00	~	1553 LWBDC - Tours
Pond Feeding					
per person	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	2.00	~	1553 LWBDC - Tours

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Fee and Charge Description	Fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (incl GST) 2022/2023	GST	Income Expenditure IE
Supply of Fingerlings					
Fingerlings - up to 25mm	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	0.90	z	1554 Hatchery - Sales
Fingerlings - 25mm to 50mm	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	1.80	z	1554 Hatchery - Sales
Fingerlings - 50mm to 75mm	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	3.60	Z	1554 Hatchery - Sales
Fingerlings - 75mm to 100mm	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	7.20	z	1554 Hatchery - Sales
Fingerlings - over 100mm	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	14.40	z	1554 Hatchery - Sales
Supply to Local Governments and Registered Restocking Associations (release into the wild & public dams)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	50% discount	z	1554 Hatchery - Sales
Transport, Fish Food and Onsite-Consultation	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	РОА	Z	1554 Hatchery - Sales
LIBRARY / VISITOR INFORMATION CENTRES					
Public Internet Access and Computer Use					
Non-library members per 30 minutes or part thereof	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	0.00	~	1563 Libraries
Library members per 30 minutes or part thereof	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	0.00	¥	1563 Libraries
Charities and Non-Profit Community Organisations	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262[3][c]	FOC- 1 hr	Υ	1563 Libraries
Students working on assignments	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	FOC-1 hr	Υ	1563 Libraries
Use of own computer equipment charged at same rate					
Public Wiff Access					
Library and Non-library members 9:00am to 5:00pm (Per Day)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	Free of Charge	~	1563 Libraries
Library members 9:00am to 5:00pm (Per Day)	Commercial/Service Fee	(ocal Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	Free of Charge	~	1563 Libraries

Fee and Charge Description	Fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (ind GST) 2022/2023	ind ISO	Income Expenditure IE
PLANNING					
Development Application for material change of use - code & impact assessable ( fee is charged at actual cost - \$1,100 is charged initially + actual costs if over and above \$1,100)	Cost Recovery Fee	Planning Act 2016, s51 (1)(b)(ii)	Base Fee \$1,100.00 + Cost	z	1583 Town Planning Fees
Development Application for material change of use - Associated Minor industrial use on industrial lots	Cost Recovery Fee	Planning Act 2016, s51 (1)(b)(ii)	305.00	z	1583 Town Planning Fees
Develop Application for reconfiguring a lot ( Fee is charged at actual cost - \$1,100 is charged initially + actual costs if over and above \$1,100)	Cost Recovery Fee	Planning Act 2016, s51 (1)(b)(ii)	Base Fee \$1,100.00 + Cost	z	1583 Town Planning Fees
Other development (building work assessable against the planning scheme or operational work)	Cost Recovery Fee	Planning Act 2016, s51 (1)(b)(ii)	Base Fee \$1,100.00 + Cost	z	1583 Town Planning Fees
[Note: Development applications fees are recorded as the minimum charge, large development applications will be processed on an at cost basis.] [Council reserves the right to assess whether or not applications are deemed large developments]	applications will be processed	on an at cost basis.] [Council reserves the right to assess w	hether or not applicat	tions ar	e deemed large developments]
Issue of Certificates					
Boundary Dispensation - Front, Side or Rear	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)	380.00	z	1583 Town Planning Fees
Limited Planning Certificate	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)	325.00	z	1583 Town Planning Fees
Standard Planning Certificate	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)	810.00	z	1583 Town Planning Fees
Full Planning Certificate [Consultancy required] (per certificate plus consultant costs)	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)	1,975.00	z	1583 Town Planning Fees
Town Planning Signs	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)	75.00	z	1583 Town Planning Fees
Sealing of Survey Plans	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)	170.00	z	1583 Town Planning Fees
Hardcopy of town planning scheme	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)	305.00	z	1583 Town Planning Fees
CD of town planning scheme	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)	93.00	z	1583 Town Planning Fees

Fee and Charge Description	Fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (ind GST) 2022/2023	GST	Income Expenditure IE
PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE			200	H	
Sewerage Services					
Waste water and waste disposal at Sewerage Treatment Plant - per kilolitre charge	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	46.00	~	1584 Waste Fees
Application for Sanitary Plumbing / Drainage:					
Domestic - New Dweiling [Includes up to 6 Fixtures - extra at \$105 per fixture]	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97{2}(a){e}	775.00	z	1582 Plumbing Application Fee
Domestic - Extension / Alteration [Includes up to 6 Fixtures - extra at \$105 per fixture]	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)(e)	525.00	z	1582 Plumbing Application Fee
Domestic - Swimming Pool [New Work]	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)(e)	265.00	z	1582 Plumbing Application Fee
Domestic - Swimming Pool [Alterations]	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)	510.00	z	1582 Plumbing Application Fee
Commercial Application for Commercial / Industrial - New Buildings [Fee plus per fixture]	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)	1,215.00 +115.00 per fixture	z	1582 Plumbing Application Fee
Commercial Application for Commercial / Industrial $\cdot$ Extensions and Alterations	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)(e)	865.00 + 115.00 per fixture	z	1582 Plumbing Application Fee
Re-inspection fee: All Buildings	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)(e)	РОА	z	1582 Plumbing Application Fee
Sewerage - Construction Plan [Mains]	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)(e)	83.00	z	1582 Plumbing Application Fee
Sewerage: House Drainage Plan [Written consent of the property owner is required for the following]:	ving):				
Copy of the House Drainage Plan [If available]	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)[c]; Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002 s85	50.00	z	1582 Plumbing Application Fee
Onsite Sewerage Treatment Facilities Rural properties Application for Installation					
New installation	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)(e)	РОА	z	1580 Building & Development Fees - Other
Extension / Alteration / Re-inspection	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)(e)	РОА	z	1580 Building & Development Fees - Other
Sewerage Connection					
Connection Fee - gravity	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)(e)	РОА	z	1580 Building & Development Fees - Other
Connection Fee - low pressure	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)(e)	1,655.00	z	1580 Building & Development Fees - Other
Supply & installation of Sewer Pod at either Karumba or Normanton [Plus connection fee]	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)(e)	13,000.00	z	1580 Building & Development Fees - Other
Disconnection Fee	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)(e)	300.00	z	1580 Building & Development Fees - Other

20 April 2022

Carpentaria Shire Council

Ordinary Council Meeting Item: 10.3 - Attachment: 1: 2022/2023 Commercial and Cost Recovery Fees and Charges

2022 - 2023

Fee and Charge Description	Fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (incl GST) 2022/2023	GST	Income Expenditure IE
PRIVATE WORKS					
Any works where no set fee has been determined to be charged as private works					
Quote / Estimate	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	РОА	Υ	1220 Private Works - Oth
RATES SEARCH					
Rate Search - Basic [No water meter reading] - response within seven (7) working days	Cost-recovery fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)(e)	190.00	z	1700 Other Revenue
Rate Search - Full [With a water meter reading] - response within seven (7) working days	Cost-recovery fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)(e)	305.00	z	1700 Other Revenue
Priority Rate Search Fee [In addition to above fees] - response within three (3) working days	Cost-recovery fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)(e)	130.00	z	1700 Other Revenue

Fee and Charge Description	Fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (ind GST) 2022/2023	ind ISS	Income Expenditure IE
REGULATORY SERVICES				ı	
Prescribed Activities					
Application to Undertake a Prescribed Activity	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1	18.00	z	1512 Itinerant Vendor Fees
Alteration or improvement to local government controlled areas and roads					
installing, changing, damaging or removing a structure in a local government controlled area or road (refer to applications assessments (roadworks permit)					
Planting, clearing or damaging of vegetation in a local government controlled area or on a road	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1 [Administration] s 36.	РОА	z	1512 Itinerant Vendor Fees
Weekly commercial use of local government controlled areas and roads (Itinerant vendors)					
1 day per week	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1 [Administration] s 36.	435.00	z	1512 Itinerant Vendor Fees
2 - 3 days per week	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1  [Administration] s 36.	1,050.00	z	1512 Itinerant Vendor Fees
4 - 7 days per week	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1  [Administration] s 36.	1,390.00	z	1512 Itinerant Vendor Fees
Temporary commercial use of local government controlled areas and roads (Itinerant vendors)					
Application and approval for temporary commercial use of local government controlled areas and roads e.g. Itinerant vendor / standing stall. Fee includes first day approval. [Maximum 3 continuous days]	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1 {Administration} s 36.	115.00	z	1512 Itinerant Vendor Fees
Additional Days - Fee per day [Maximum 2 additional days]	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1 [Administration] s 36.	53.00	z	1512 Itinerant Vendor Fees
Sideshow amusement outlet on reserves - per day	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	115.00	~	1512 Itinerant Vendor Fees
Electricity if required from Council - per day per outlet	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	76.00	~	1512 Itinerant Vendor Fees
Carrying out work on a road or interfering with its operation	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1  (Administration) s 36.	РОА	z	1512 Itinerant Vendor Fees
Undertaking regulated activities on local government controlled areas and roads					
Driving or leading animals to cross a road	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97{2)(a): Local Law No. 1 [Administration] s 36.	97.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Depositing goods or materials	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1 [Administration] s 36.	305.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Holding a public place activity (excluding temporary entertainment events)	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1 [Administration] s 36.	305.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Grazing livestock (annual application fee)	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1 [Administration] s 36.	120.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Addition agistment fee per head of stock	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1 (Administration) s 36.	2.30	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Parking Permits	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1  (Administration) s 36.	POA	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Establishment or occupation of a temporary home	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1  (Administration) s 36.	100.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Installation of advertising devices	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1 (Administration) s 36.	РОА	z	1510 Licenses - Other

2022 - 2023

Fee and Charge Description	fee Type	Authorising legislation or local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (ind GST) 2022/2023	GST	Income Expenditure IE
Release of Vehicle / Goods	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1	160.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Camping Grounds & Caravan Parks					
Operation of camping grounds	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1 [Administration] s 36.	395.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Annual Renewal	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1  (Administration) s 36.	350.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Transfer of Approval	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1  (Administration) s 36.	350.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Application for alteration of approval	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1  (Administration) s 36.	350.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Operation of caravan parks	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1  (Administration) s 36.	395.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Annual Renewal	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1  (Administration) s 36.	350.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Transfer of Approval	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1  (Administration) s 36.	350.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Application for alteration of approval	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1 (Administration) s 36.	350.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Approval Search Fee	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1  (Administration) s 36.	315.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Operation of Cemeteries	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1  (Administration) s 36.	РОА	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Operation of Public Swimming Pools	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1  (Administration) s 36.	РОА	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Operation of Rental Accommodation	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1 [Administration] s 36.	425.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Annual Renewal	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1 [Administration] s 36.	350.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Transfer of Approval	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1  (Administration) s 36.	350.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Application for alteration of approval	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1 [Administration] s 36.	350.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Approval Search Fee	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1  (Administration) s 36.	315.00	z	1510 Licenses - Other
Operation of temporary entertainment events					
Approval fee - Operation of temporary entertainment events	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1 [Administration] s 36.	270.00	z	1530 Facilities Hire - Other
Security Bond for all events	Bond	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)	330.00	z	
Undertaking regulated activities regarding human remains	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Local Law No. 1 (Administration) s 36.	РОА	z	

2022 - 2023

			Fee (incl GST)	GST	
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Environmental Protection					
File Search Fee	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Gavernment Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	305.00	~	1560 Other Fees & Charges
Food Business / Licences					
Note: Not for Profit Community and Charitable Organisations are not charged Licencing Fees. Proof of status may be required.	of of status may be required.				
Application for Food Licence - new food premises [Fixed or Mobile]	Cost Recovery Fee	Food Act 2006, ss 31, 52, 85	350.00	z	1514 Food Business Licence
Application for Food Licence (alteration to premises)	Cost Recovery Fee	Food Act 2006, ss 31, 52, 85	350.00	z	1514 Food Business Licence
Application for Food Licence - Concession for low risk home business operations	Cost Recovery Fee	Food Act 2006, ss 31, 52, 85	215.00	z	1514 Food Business Licence
Note: Application fee does not include Annual Licence Fee.					
Food Licence Renewal - Fixed or Mobile	Cost Recovery Fee	Food Act 2006, ss 31, 52, 85	325.00	z	1514 Food Business Licence
Note: Food Licences granted by other Local Governments are recognised in Carpentaria Shire and therefore do not require another licence to be issued (a copy of the licence must be provided). Where the Licensee proposes to operate a temporary or mobile food business in a Local Government Controlled Area or Road. Refer to relevant fees above.	therefore do not require anoth for an Approval to undertake a	her licence to be issued (a copy of the licence must be provide a prescribed Activity · Commercial Use of Local Government	ed). Where the Licensi Controlled Area or Ro	ee prop	poses to operate a temporary or efer to relevant fees above.
Food Licence Renewal - Concession for low risk home business operations	Cost Recovery Fee	Food Act 2006, ss 31, 72, 85	215.00	z	1514 Food Business Licence
Restoration of Food Licence ( must be made within 30 days of Food Licence Expiry)	Cost Recovery Fee	Food Act 2006, ss 31, 73, 85	225.00	z	1514 Food Business Licence
Food Licence amendment to licence	Cost Recovery Fee	Food Act 2006, ss 31, 74, 85	215.00	z	1514 Food Business Licence
Temporary Food Licence [e.g. Food Stall Stand] - [maximum of 3 continuous days]. [No fees applicable for current licenced fixed food businesses - application still required]. First day included.	Cost Recovery Fee	Food Act 2006, ss 31, 52, 85	110.00	z	1514 Food Business Licence
Additional days (Food Licence) - Fee per day [Maximum 2 additional days]	Cost Recovery Fee	Food Act 2006, ss 31, 85	\$6.00	z	1514 Food Business Licence
Accreditation of Food Safety Program when application is accompanied with written advice from approved auditor	Cost Recovery Fee	Food Act 2006, ss 31, 102	325.00	z	1514 Food Business Licence
Auditing of food safety programs by Council Auditor	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	POA	~	1514 Food Business Licence
File search fee	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(c)	305.00	z	1514 Food Business Licence

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Fee and Charge Description	fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (incl GST) 2022/2023	ind	Income Expenditure IE
High Risk Skin Penetration Premises					
Application for approval (Fixed or Mobile)	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s97(2)(a); Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act	355.00	z	1510 Licenses
		2003 s 58			
		Local Government Act 2009, s97(2)(a); Public Health			
Application for alteration	Cost Recovery Fee	(Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act	325.00	z	1510 Licenses
		2003 s 58			
		Local Government Act 2009, s97(2)(a); Public Health			
Annual licence [Including annual inspection fee]	Cost Recovery Fee	(Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act	355.00	z	1510 Licenses
		2003 s 58			
		Local Government Act 2009, s97(2)(a); Public Health			
Additional inspection fee [e.g., complaint etc.]	Cost Recovery Fee	(Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act	245.00	z	1510 Licenses
		2003 s 58			
		Local Government Act 2009, s97(2)(a); Public Health			
Transfer of licence	Cost Recovery Fee	(Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act	320.00	z	1510 Licenses
		2003 \$ 58			
		Local Government Act 2009, s97(2)(a); Public Health			
Application and licence for temporary services [Maximum 3 days]	Cost Recovery Fee	(Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act	115.00	z	1510 Licenses
		2003 s 58			
		Local Government Act 2009, s97(2)(c); Public Health			
File search fee	Cost Recovery Fee	(Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act	305.00	z	1560 Other Fees & Charges
		2003 s 58			
RIGHT TO INFORMATION					
Right To Information application, searches and responses [As per Right to Information Regulation 2009].	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97 (1) (2)(a)(c)	As per regulation	z	1560 Other Fees & Charges
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Fee and Charge Description	Fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (ind GST) 2022/2023	ind	Income Expenditure IE
SWIMMING POOLS & SPORTS CENTRES					
Normanton and Karumba Swimming Pools					
Child Entry	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	2.00	~	1566 Swimming Pool
Child Entry (after school hours on school days)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	1.00	~	1566 Swimming Pool
Adult Entry	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	4.00	~	1566 Swimming Pool
Adult Entry (Age Pension Concession Card Holder/Old Repatriation Health (Gold) Card Holder)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	2.00	~	1566 Swimming Pool
Season Single Pass	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	230.00	~	1566 Swimming Pool
Season Family Pass (2 Adults and 2 Children under 18 years of age)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262[3](c)	360.00	~	1566 Swimming Pool
Season Family Pass - Per Additional Child	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262[3](c)	63.00	~	1566 Swimming Pool
Monthly Single Pass	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262[3]{c}	35.00	~	1566 Swimming Pool
Monthly Family Pass (2 Adults and 2 Children under 18 years of age)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	50.00	~	1566 Swimming Pool
Season Single Pass (out of hours access)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	370.00	~	1566 Swimming Pool
Monthly Single Pass (out of hours access)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	50.00	~	1566 Swimming Pool
Normanton and Karumba Gymnasiums					
Annual Gym Access (includes one gym key)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262[3](c)	360.00	~	1564 Gym
Annual Access - Age Pension Concession Card holder/Qld Repatriation Health (Gold) Card holder	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262[3](c)	180.00	~	1564 Gym
Casual Access (day fee or part thereof)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262[3](c)	10.00	~	1564 Gym
Monthly Access (30 Days, or part thereof)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	50.00	~	1564 Gym
Replacement of Council issued key/SALTO fob [Damaged or lost]	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	20.00	~	1560 Other Fees & Charges

Fee and Charge Description	Fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (ind GST) 2022/2023	ind GST	Income Expenditure IE
VENUE HIRE					
Normanton Shire Hall / Karumba Civic Centre / Meeting Room					
[Please note these charges and bonds are cumulative]					
Commercial, Government or Corporate Function  Community Group Not-for-Drofit or Private Lice (alcohol consumption)	Bond	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	550.00	zz	
Community Group, Not-for-Profit or Private Use (no alcohol consumption)	Bond		550.00	z	
Main Hall					
[Includes use of tables and chairs]					
Commercial, Government or Corporate Function	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	390.00	~	1531 Shire Hall Fees
Community Group, Not-for-Profit or Private Use (alcohol consumption)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)[c]	390.00	~	1531 Shire Hall Fees
Community Group, Not-for-Profit or Private Use (no alcohol consumption)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	150.00	~	1531 Shire Hall Fees
Private Use - Funeral (no alcohol consumption)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	FOC	~	1531 Shire Hall Fees
Commercial, Government or Corporate Function - Hourly usage rate	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	63.00	~	1531 Shire Hall Fees
Community Group, Not-for-Profit or Private Use (no alcohol consumption) - Hourly usage rate	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	32.00	~	1531 Shire Hall Fees
Use of main hall kitchen facilities (plus the venue hire)					
Commercial, Government or Corporate Function	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Gavernment Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	215.00	~	1531 Shire Hall Fees
Community Group, Not-for-Profit or Private Use (alcohol consumption)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	100.00	~	1531 Shire Hall Fees
Community Group, Not-for-Profit or Private Use (no alcohol consumption)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	50.00	~	1531 Shire Hall Fees
Commercial, Government or Corporate Function - Hourly usage rate	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	21.00	~	1531 Shire Hall Fees
Community Group, Not-for-Profit or Private Use (no alcohol consumption) - Hourly usage rate	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	11.00	~	1531 Shire Hall Fees
Table & Chair Hire					
Security Bond [external use only]	Bond		110.00	z	
Hire of tables - per table	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	14.00	~	1535 Tables and Chairs
Hire of chairs - per chair	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262[3](c)	5.00	4	1535 Tables and Chairs
Pickup and delivery of tables and chairs by Council [During Council business hours]	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	380.00	~	1535 Tables and Chairs
Pickup and delivery of tables and chairs by Council (Outside Council business hours) [By application only]	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	685.00	~	1535 Tables and Chairs

Fee and Charge Description	Fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (incl GST) 2022/2023	ind	Income Expenditure IE
Hire of Trailer containing Tables & Chairs					
Hire (contains Tables & Chairs)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	580.00	~	1535 Tables and Chairs
Security Bond	Bond		330.00	z	
Les Wilson Barramundi Discovery Centre					
Hire Café / Art Gallery / Deck	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	POA	~	
Conference Room - half day (up to 4 hours)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	125.00	~	
Conference Room - full day (9am to 4;30pm)	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	200.00	Υ	
Normanton John Henry Oval					
Security Bond	Bond		550.00	z	
Casual use of facilities per day {excluding Amenities/Change Rooms}	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	150.00	~	1530 Facilities Hire - Other
Amenities and Change Rooms	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	150.00	~	1530 Facilities Hire - Other
Sporting Clubs - Hire of storage space	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	50.00	~	1530 Facilities Hire - Other
Use of John Henry Oval Lights one off	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	10.00	4	1530 Facilities Hire - Other
Use of John Henry Oval Lights season pass - not for profit and sports groups	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	100.00	~	1530 Facilities Hire - Other
Normanton Rodeo & Show Grounds					
Security Bond	Bond		550.00	z	
Casual use of facilities per day [including electricity]	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	250.00	~	1533 Rodeo and Racecourse
Overnight accommodation for visitors travelling with livestock and visiting sporting teams and organisations - per camp site	ganisations - per camp site				
Unpowered site	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	5.00	~	1533 Rodeo and Racecourse
Powered site	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	20.00	~	1533 Rodeo and Racecourse

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Fee and Charge Description	fee Type	Authorising Legislation or Local Law/Relevant Provision(s)	Fee (incl GST) 2022/2023	GST	Income Expenditure IE
WATER - CONNECTIONS					
20mm Service connection [For single dwelling only]	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2011, ss 164, 165,167	1,870.00	z	1585 Water Fees and Charges
25mm Service connection	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Water Supply (Sofety and Reliability) Act 2011, ss 164, 165,167	2,090.00	z	1585 Water Fees and Charges
32mm Service connection	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Water Supply (Sofety and Reliability) Act 2011, ss 164, 165,167	2,200.00	z	1585 Water Fees and Charges
40mm Service connection (*)	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2011, ss 164, 165,167	2,475.00	z	1585 Water Fees and Charges
50mm Service Connection (*)	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Water Supply {Safety and Reliability} Act 2011, ss 164, 165,167	2,640.00	z	1585 Water Fees and Charges
100mm Service connection (*)	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Water Supply (Sofety and Reliability) Act 2011, ss 164, 165,167	РОА	Z	1585 Water Fees and Charges
150mm Service connection (*)	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Water Supply (Sofety and Reliability) Act 2011, ss 164, 165,167	POA	z	1585 Water Fees and Charges
(*)Connections for 25mm services or greater, [Plus RPZD or double check, whichever is required] and any connection involving a road crossing.  (*)Applicable to All connections if directional drilling is considered by either the Department of Main Roads or Carpentaria Shire Council, the associated costs will be charged back to the applicant.	d any connection involving a r	oad crossing.  Oad crossing.	cant		
Disconnection fee	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2011, ss 164, 165,167	310.00	z	1585 Water Fees and Charges
Water meter check [refunded if meter tests faulty]	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a); Water Supply (Sofety and Reliability) Act 2011, ss 164, 165,167	230.00	z	1585 Water Fees and Charges
Backflow Prevention					
Application assessment fee (review of building plans)	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)(e)	72.00	z	1585 Water Fees and Charges
Registration of backflow prevention device (one-off)	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)(e)	64.00	z	1585 Water Fees and Charges
Annual licence fee	Cost Recovery Fee	Local Government Act 2009 s97(2)(a)(e)	41.00	z	1585 Water Fees and Charges
Bulk Water					
Potable Water from Stand Pipe - per kilolitre [Plus \$80.00 after hours opening fee]	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	5.00	z	1585 Water Fees and Charges
Builders connection - Connection Fee + Usage [per kilolitre]	Commercial/Service Fee	Local Government Act 2009, s262(3)(c)	5.00	z	1585 Water Fees and Charges



#### 10.4 2022-2023 REVENUE POLICY

Attachments: 10.4.1.2022-2023 Revenue Policy

Author: Julianne Meier - Director Corporate Services

**Date:** 7 April 2022

**Key Outcome:** A well governed, responsive Council, providing effective leadership

and management, and respecting community values

**Key Strategy:** Maintain a focus on integrity, Accountability and Transparency in all

that we do

### **Executive Summary:**

Council is required to review its Revenue Policy on an annual basis and this review is to be completed in sufficient time to inform the budget for the forthcoming year. This review has now been completed and the revised policy is presented to Council for adoption.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

That Council adopts the Revenue Policy for the 2022/2023 financial year.

# **Background:**

As part of its Financial Management System, Council must have a Revenue Policy. Section 193 of the *Local Government Regulation 2012* provides further detail as to the legislative requirements of this policy and this information follows:

- (1) A local government's revenue policy for a financial year must state—
  - (a) the principles that the local government intends to apply in the financial year for—
    - (i) levying rates and charges; and
    - (ii) granting concessions for rates and charges; and
    - (iii) recovering overdue rates and charges; and
    - (iv) cost-recovery methods; and
  - (b) if the local government intends to grant concessions for rates and charges—the purpose for the concessions; and
  - (c) the extent to which physical and social infrastructure costs for a new development are to be funded by charges for the development.
- (2) The revenue policy may state guidelines that may be used for preparing the local government's revenue statement.
- (3) A local government must review its revenue policy annually and in sufficient time to allow an annual budget that is consistent with the revenue policy to be adopted for the next financial year."

The purpose of the policy is to outline the principles Council will apply when considering revenue raising options which will be included in budget deliberations for the forthcoming 2022/2023 annual budget.



As required by legislation, the Revenue Policy must be reviewed annually, and this review has now been completed. It is confirmed that the policy content conforms to all statutory requirements.

### Consultation (Internal/External):

Council workshop.

### **Legal Implications:**

 In accordance with section 104 of the Local Government Act 2009, Council must have a Revenue Policy as part of its Financial Management System. Although the Revenue Policy must be included with the budget documentation when Council is adopting the annual budget, section 193 of the Local Government Regulation 2012 states:

"A local government must review its revenue policy annually and in sufficient time to allow an annual budget that is consistent with the revenue policy to be adopted for the next financial year."

Accordingly, the Revenue Policy is presented to Council at this meeting to coincide with the commencement of budget deliberations for the 2022/2023 annual budget.

# **Financial and Resource Implications:**

• The review of the policy forms part of normal business operations therefore there are no additional financial and resource implications associated with this matter.

#### **Risk Management Implications:**

 Council is statutorily required to have a Revenue Policy and to review this policy on an annual basis.



# 2022-2023 Revenue Policy

# **Policy Details**

Policy Category	Council Policy
Date Adopted	20 April 2022
Endorsed by	Chief Executive Officer
Approval Authority	Council
Effective Date	21 April 2022
Policy Version Number	3.0.3
Policy Owner	Director of Corporate Services
Contact Officer	Manager Finance and Administration
Review Date	April 2023

### Supporting documentation

Legislation	<ul> <li>Local Government Act 2009</li> <li>Local Government Regulation 2012</li> </ul>
Policies	<ul> <li>Revenue Statement</li> <li>Rates Based Financial Assistance Policy</li> <li>Rates and Charges Debt Policy</li> </ul>
Delegations	• Nil
Forms	• Nil
Supporting Documents	Corporate Plan 2021 - 2025

# Version History:

Version	Adopted	Comment	eDRMS#
3.0.0	15/07/2020	Council Resolution SM0720/001	POL_E_C SF_006
3.0.1	21/04/2021	Council Resolution 0421/023	
3.0.2	30/06/2021	Council Resolution SM0621/018	
3.0.3	20/04/2022		



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#### Intent

The Revenue Policy is a strategic document and its adoption, in advance of setting the budget, allows Council to set out the principles that it will use for revenue raising in setting the budget.

#### Scope

This policy details the principles that Council utilises in levying rates & charges, granting concessions, recovering outstanding rates & charges and the implementation of various fees and charges.

# **Policy Statement**

Council has a statutory requirement to have a Revenue Policy and this policy is to be reviewed on an annual basis in sufficient time to allow an annual budget that is consistent with the revenue policy to be adopted for the next financial year.

Section 193 of the *Local Government Regulation 2012*, defines the content to be included in the Revenue Policy and an extract follows:

- (1) A local government's revenue policy for a financial year must state—
  - (a) the principles that the local government intends to apply in the financial year for—
    - (i) levying rates and charges; and
    - (ii) granting concessions for rates and charges; and
    - (iii) recovering overdue rates and charges; and
    - (iv) cost-recovery methods; and
  - (b) if the local government intends to grant concessions for rates and charges the purpose for the concessions; and
  - (c) the extent to which physical and social infrastructure costs for a new development are to be funded by charges for the development.
- (2) The revenue policy may state guidelines that may be used for preparing the local government's revenue statement.

#### Levying rates and Charges

Council utilises a principle based approach when levying rates and charges which consist of:

**Equity Principle** – Council will aim to ensure that all sectors of the rate paying community contribute equitably to the rates revenue of the Council. This means that in determining the level of rates and charges, Council's objective is to ensure the fair and consistent application of lawful rating and charging principles, without bias, taking into account of all relevant considerations, and disregarding irrelevancies such as the perceived personal wealth of individual ratepayers or ratepayer classes.



The general basis for determining rates is the valuation of rateable land as determined under the Land Valuation Act 2010, however differential general rating will be applied to achieve a more equitable relationship between the contribution to rates revenue that Council considers appropriate where the highest and best use of the land is taken into consideration, for a more equitable outcome than could be achieved if a simple (i.e. single rate in the dollar) general rating scheme were to be adopted.

Benefit (User Pays) Principle –At a minimum, ratepayers should contribute rates which reflect the cost of providing Council's services to rateable properties in each sector of the community based on the most appropriate category for the rateable land. Wherever possible, this should be reflected in the minimum rate for each rating category.

In addition to the above 2 key principles, Council will also have regard to:

- Transparency in the making of rates and charges.
- · Having in place a rating regime that is simple and inexpensive to administer;
- · Flexibility to take account of changes in the local economy;
- Making clear what is the Council's and each ratepayer's responsibility to the rating system;
- Timing the levy of rates to take into account the financial cycle of local economy activity, in order to assist smooth running of the local economy.

# **Granting Concessions for Rates and Charges**

In considering the application of concessions, Council will be guided by the principles of:

- Fairness and social conscience by having regard to the different levels of ability to pay within the local community.
- The same treatment for ratepayers with similar circumstances.
- · Transparency by making clear the requirements necessary to receive concessions; and
- Flexibility to allow Council to respond to local, State, National or broader economic, environmental or other issues that have a significantly adverse impact on a ratepayers ability to pay rates and charges.

Council may also give consideration to granting a class concession in the event all or part of the local government area is declared a natural disaster area by the State or Federal Government or a similar event which has a significant impact on ratepayers within the local government area.

#### **Recovering Overdue Rates and Charges**

Council will exercise its rate recovery powers in order to adjust to ratepayer cash flows so as to minimise the overall rate burden on ratepayers. It will be guided by the principles of:

- Transparency by making clear the obligations of ratepayers and the processes used by Council in assisting them meet their financial obligations.
- Making the processes used to recover outstanding rates and charges clear, simple to administer and cost effective.



- Equity by having regard to providing the same treatment for ratepayers with similar circumstances; and
- Flexibility by responding where necessary to changes in the local economy.

# **Cost-Recovery Methods**

Council recognises the validity of fully imposing the "user pays" principle for its fees and charges (including cost-recovery fees) unless the imposition of the full costs is contrary to its reasonable belief of being in the public interest.

By imposing fees and charges that accurately reflect the full cost of the provision of services will enable Council to promote efficiency in both the provision and use of services without subsiding from other sources of revenue.

# Funding of Physical and Social Infrastructure

Council requires property developers to pay reasonable and relevant contributions towards the cost of infrastructure required to support the development. Specific charges are detailed in the policies and other material supporting Council's town planning schemes.

These policies are based on normal anticipated growth rates. Where a new development is of sufficient magnitude to accelerate the growth rate of a specific community within the Region, it may be necessary to bring forward social infrastructure projects. Where this occurs, Council expects developers to meet sufficient costs so that the availability of facilities is not adversely affected and so that existing ratepayers are not burdened with the cost of providing the additional infrastructure.

#### **Definitions**

TERM	DEFINITION
User Pays Principle	Is a pricing approach based on the concept that the most efficient allocation of resources occurs when the customer pays the full cost of goods and/or services that they consume.

Adopted by Council "Date" by Resolution "Number"

Mark Crawley
Chief Executive Officer



#### 10.5 DIGITISATION POLICY

Attachments: 10.5.1. Digitisation Policy €

**Author:** Julianne Meier - Director Corporate Services

**Date:** 12 April 2022

**Key Outcome:** A well governed, responsive Council, providing effective leadership

and management, and respecting community values

**Key Strategy:** Maintain a focus on integrity, Accountability and Transparency in all

that we do

# **Executive Summary:**

A Digitisation Policy has been developed and is presented to Council for adoption.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

That Council adopts the Digitisation Policy.

### **Background:**

The *Public Records Act 2002* is the overarching legislation that guides this Policy. Section 25 Powers of archivist states:

- (1) The powers of the archivist include the following—
  - (a) to establish and manage repositories and other facilities to store, preserve, exhibit and make available for use public records and other materials;
  - (b) to copy public records and other materials;
  - (c) to publish public records and other materials;
  - (d) to acquire records by purchase, gift, bequest or loan;
  - (e) to authorise the disposal of particular public records or classes of public records;
  - (f) to make policy, standards and guidelines about the making, keeping, preserving, managing and disposing of public records.
- (2) This section does not limit the archivist's powers as a part of the executive government of the State.

This Policy is in compliance with the Guideline issued by the State Archivist under Section 25 *Public Records Act 2002*. Physical source records that have been digitised can be destroyed under *Disposal Authorisation 2074*. This Policy gives authorisation to destroy the original source records if the following conditions are met:

- Records must have a temporary retention status under a current disposal authorisation issued by the State Archivist (e.g. Council's core retention and disposal schedule).
- Digitised reproductions must be accessible and held in a trusted system for the life of its temporary retention period.
- The reproduction must be a clear, complete and accurate copy of the physical source record that is fit for purpose.



Council currently utilises the space on the top floor of the Normanton Shire Office for record storage. This space is becoming filled, and without the destruction of operational records that have been digitised a new space will be required to be sourced.

Quotations have been sought for a 40 foot container to act as storage space. The container would need to be airconditioned and placed on stumps. This is required to prevent the documents from the risk of being consumed by white ants or destroyed by mould or otherwise.

Officers have advised given they are already making a transition to digitizing of records, that we adopt this Policy to allow the destruction of documents superfluous to operational needs to make space in the records storage area. Once we destroy these documents, there may not be a requirement to seek additional records storage space.

Some records are required to be kept for life, and some building works may be required to improve the record keeping space on the top floor to maintain the life of these documents.

### Consultation (Internal/External):

- Chief Executive Officer
- Records Officer
- Manager of Finance and Administration.

# **Legal Implications:**

The legal risk has been assessed as low.

#### **Financial and Resource Implications:**

• The review of the policy forms part of normal business operations therefore there are no additional financial and resource implications associated with this matter.

#### **Risk Management Implications:**

 There is a risk that hardcopy documents could be destroyed that are required to be held permanently or where digitisation has not occurred. To mitigate the risk of this occurring, approvals are required from Management and CEO prior to destruction of any



# **Digitisation Policy**

# **Policy Details**

Policy Category	Council Policy
Date Adopted	20 th April 2022
Endorsed by	Chief Executive Officer
Approval Authority	Council
Effective Date	
Policy Version Number	New Policy
Policy Owner	Director of Corporate Services
Contact Officer	Manager Finance and Administration
Review Date	As required

# Supporting documentation

Legislation	<ul> <li>Local Government Act 2009</li> <li>Local government Regulation 2012</li> <li>Public Records Act 2002</li> <li>AS/NZS ISO 13028:2012</li> </ul>
Policies	•
Delegations	• Nil
Forms	• Nil
Supporting Documents	<ul> <li>Corporate Plan 2021 – 2025</li> <li>QDAN 480 v4</li> <li>Records Management Business Rules</li> </ul>

# Version History:

Version	Adopted	Comment	eDRMS#
V1		New Policy	

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#### Intent

The purpose of this policy is to set out how the Carpentaria Shire Council will dispose of physical source records after digitisation. The standard AS/NZS ISO 13028:2012, Information and documentation – implementation guidelines for digitisation of records is recommended guidance for Councils digitisation processes and policies.

Council must ensure that all records, whether paper records, digitised records, or born-digital records, are managed in accordance with the Queensland Government Records Governance Policy.

#### Scope

This policy is designed for Carpentaria Shire Council, to support the disposal of physical source records in accordance with Queensland Government regulations. This policy applies:

- To the destruction of physical source records, and those that are deemed low risk after digitisation under the General Retention and Disposal Schedule for Original Paper Records (QDAN 656 V1)
- In addition to being low risk, the records must not be subject to any other restrictions imposed by the State Archivist, including a current disposal freeze.

# Policy

#### Disposal of Source Records

This Policy is in compliance with the Guideline issued by the State Archivist under Section 25 Public Records Act 2002. Physical source records that have been digitised can be destroyed under Disposal Authorisation 2074. This Policy gives authorisation to destroy the original source records if the following conditions are met:

- Records must have a temporary retention status under a current disposal authorisation issued by the State Archivist (e.g. Council's core retention and disposal schedule).
- Digitised reproductions must be accessible and held in a trusted system for the life of its temporary retention period.
- The reproduction must be a clear, complete and accurate copy of the physical source record that is fit for purpose.

The (temporary retention) physical source record should be retained for a period of 2 months allowing for identification and remediation of any issues. All permanent physical source records are excluded from this Policy.

The destruction of all records, including source records, must be endorsed by the CEO or authorised delegate and must be documented.

Each source records disposal authorisation has several general conditions that need to be met before the original source records can be destroyed. Council must determine whether:

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- records need to be kept in a particular format to satisfy governance requirements and whether such requirements prevent the destruction of the original physical source record.
- records are likely to become permanent value in the future (e.g., where records are sentenced based on significance).

#### Resourcing

Appropriately trained and skilled staff are required to manage this disposal process in alignment with best practise and the required legislation.

Where the digitisation and destruction of original physical records is outsourced to a third party, such as a contractor or shared service provider, Council remains responsible for ensuring that the service provider meets the minimum requirements of this policy.

### Key Responsibilities

Having regard to the *Public Records Act 2002* and the Queensland Government Records Governance Policy this policy nominates responsibilities as set out in the table below:

RESPONSIBLE OFFICER	RESPONSIBILITY	
CEO	Approve the destruction of digitised records.	
Executive Leadership Team	Take a lead role in records management and foster a positi innovative, and collaborative recordkeeping culture.  Obtain an understanding of document retentions and which records can be destroyed after digitisation.	
Managers	Respond to requests from the Records Officer in respect of records available for destruction.  Obtain an understanding of document retentions and which records can be destroyed after digitisation.	
Provide guidance to Managers in respect of retent Take a lead role in advising appropriate Managers records are due for disposal. Provide guidance in respect of records available for destruction after digitisation.		

# **Definitions**

TERM	DEFINITION
Source Records	Documents or records that have been copied, digitised or migrated from one format or system to another. The source records are those that remain following the successful conversion or migration.

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TERM	DEFINITION		
	Source records may be an original record, or a reproduction generated by an earlier copying, conversion, or migration process.		
What are records?	Any recorded information created or received by an organisation in the course of their business or conduct of their affairs. A record provides evidence of activities. This is irrespective of the technology or medium used to generate, capture, manage, preserve and access those records.		
Records management	focus on ensuring legislative and regulatory requirements are met, to fulfil business needs, accountability requirements and community expectations.		

Adopted by Council "Date" by Resolution "Number"

Mark Crawley Chief Executive Officer

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### 10.6 STORES FUEL STOCKTAKE VARIANCE

Attachments: NIL

Author: Julianne Meier - Director Corporate Services

**Date:** 6 April 2022

**Key Outcome:** A well governed, responsive Council, providing effective leadership

and management, and respecting community values

**Key Strategy:** Maintain a focus on integrity, Accountability and Transparency in all

that we do

# **Executive Summary:**

An annual stocktake of diesel fuel has been conducted and this report is presented to explain and write off the variance of 13,158.50 litres of fuel, with an average value of \$23,948.47.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

That Council writes off 13,158.50 litres of fuel, with an average value of \$23,948.47.

# **Background:**

Council operates a number of camps during the year, which are based closer to the actual worksites to optimize costs involved in road construction. A number of fuel pods are utilised to move fuel from the sites to the plant. Council has more than 20 fuel pods that are regularly used to move fuel, either transferring it to another pod or issuing it to a piece of plant.

All fuel should be recorded within Council's inventory system and any fuel losses are required to be written off. The minimum requirement is, Council coordinate a stock take yearly to ensure losses are not carried forward.

A thorough audit has been conducted of the fuel management process within Council. A review of access permissions has taken place and permissions provided where relevant. Of the 22 pods and main tank at Council's Depot, 7 showed positive variances, and 15 showed negative variances. The main tank showed a negative variance of 15,614.86 liters.

The positive variances most likely represented deliveries or transfers that were simply not recorded correctly as inventory, (some 25,109 litres of delivered fuel was not recorded as inventory).

The negative variances likely represent fuel that has either been transferred to another tank, or over issued, and not recorded correctly. Overall, transfers from the large tank to a pod, or a pod to a pod are sometimes challenging to keep up with and this could have caused some of the variances.

Once the stock take was completed there was 11,950.5 litres surplus to the amount of inventory recorded. This was partially due to the 25,109 litres that was purchased and not recorded as inventory. The system should have shown 25,109 litres of surplus fuel.

Officers therefore recommend 13,158.5 litres of fuel with an average value of \$23,948.47 be written off. The value of the fuel is taken to be the value at the time it was initially received, not today's value. The request to write off fuel is for completeness, there is no adjustment required in the system.



It should be noted some fuel losses would have been lost due to its nature. After the fuel cools down to normal, the volume will shrink. If it's cold outside and less than 60 degrees when the fuel is delivered, after the fuel is pumped into a temperature-controlled tank and warms to normal, the fuel will expand.

In future, all fuel purchases and issues shall be maintained by Stores Officers only. Fuel is considered inventory and needs to be managed by the Stores department. The officers have been working with the works department throughout the audit process to resolve various anomalies.

Training is being implemented prior to the commencement of the works season, and fortnightly stock takes of fuel shall be undertaken. A report shall be provided to the Works Department to review and provide feedback each fortnight.

## **Consultation (Internal/External):**

- Works Coordinator
- Works Department
- Stores Officers
- Finance Department

#### **Legal Implications:**

Nil.

# **Financial and Resource Implications:**

 Any losses are required to be written off by Council where they exceed the officer's delegation. The loss is expected to be within operational budgetary parameters.

#### **Risk Management Implications:**

Inventory is required to be managed through a stock management system. Where
part of the inventory is not processed correctly, the inventory balances could be
incorrect. Fuel is highly portable and subject to theft. This risk is somewhat mitigated
by regular review and reporting in a timely manner.



### 10.7 RFT 22-0551 PSA GRASS CUTTING SERVICES

Attachments: NIL

Author: Julianne Meier - Director Corporate Services

**Date:** 13 April 2022

**Key Outcome:** A well governed, responsive Council, providing effective leadership

and management, and respecting community values

**Key Strategy:** Maintain a focus on integrity, Accountability and Transparency in all

that we do

#### **Executive Summary:**

A Request for Tender was called for the Supply of Grass Cutting Services. The tender has now been evaluated and a Preferred Supplier is presented to Council for approval.

# **RECOMMENDATION:**

That Council resolve to enter into a Preferred Supplier Arrangement with Bynoe CACS Ltd for the Supply of Grass Cutting Services for a period of three years.

### **Background:**

Bynoe CACS Ltd have been providing grass cutting services to Council for many years. The existing arrangement had expired. A number of meetings were held to prepare revised scope of works, review the levels of service, and provide maps detailing the mowing areas. The scope of works and levels of service were refined, but mostly remained the same.

Pursuant to section 233 of the *Local Government Regulation 2012 (Qld)*, officers identified a need and set out to establish a Preferred Supplier Arrangement for the Supply of Grass Cutting Services, which allows Council to engage a single supplier. The legislation states:

### 233 Exception for a preferred supplier arrangement

- (1) This section applies to a medium-sized contractual arrangement or large-sized contractual arrangement for goods or services if a local government
  - a. needs the goods or services
    - i. in large volumes; or
    - ii. frequently; and
  - b. is able to obtain better value for money by accumulating the demand for the goods or services; and
  - c. is able to describe the goods or services in terms that would be well understood in the relevant industry



The Request for Tender for the Preferred Supplier Arrangement for the Supply of Grass Cutting Services (CN: 22-0546) was issued by Carpentaria Shire Council on 19 February 2022 and closed on 15 March 2022 at 2:00PM.

Whilst there was interest in the tender, only two (2) suppliers submitted tenders for the Preferred Supplier Arrangement for the Supply of Grass Cutting Services:

- Bynoe CACS Ltd
- DC Quirk Contracting

#### Assessment:

Council utilises an electronic procurement software Vendor Panel for the purpose of managing the tender process. Tenderers are required to upload their submissions via an electronic portal, and evaluating officers are then invited to assess the tenders after signing a Conflict-of-Interest Declaration. No officers are able to view vendor responses until the tender has closed.

Each officer when evaluating a tender is expected to provide comments to support their scoring. Once evaluation has completed scoring is aggregated.

The tender assessment panel included the following officers:

- John Martin ERSCON Consulting Engineers
- Nick Lennon ERSCON Consulting Engineers
- Richard Azar Procurement Coordinator

The tender assessment criteria included a 40% price weighting and a 60% non-price weighting as detailed below in the table below.

Tender Assessment Criteria

	Criteria	Weighting
Price	Price	40%
	Demonstrated contribution to development of local business and	10%
	community	
Non-Price	Capability	20%
	Capacity	20%
	Compliance with proposed contract	5%
	OH&S System	5%
TOTAL		100%



These assessment criteria were used to score each of the tenders received. A summary of the tender assessment is provided in tables below.

Tender Assessment Summary

render, teeseement summary					
	Bynoe CACS Ltd		DC Quirk Contracting		
Criteria	Assessment Panel Score	Weighted Score	Assessment Panel Score	Weighted Score	
Price	10	40.00	5	20.00	
Demonstrated contribution to development of local business and community	9	9.00	9	9.00	
Capability	9	18.00	7	14.00	
Capacity	9	18.00	7	14.00	
Compliance with proposed contract	9	4.50	9	4.50	
OH&S System	9	4.50	6	3.00	
Total		94.00		64.50	

#### Vendor Panel Responses Summary

Supplier	Indicated Price inc GST	Score	Recommendation
Bynoe CACS Ltd	\$172,600.00	94.00	Accept
DC Quirk Contracting	\$510,400.00	64.50	Decline

The price indicated above is an annual cost and the contract special conditions allow for the price to be locked in until June 2023 at which time the contractor can apply for the application of the latest CPI increase.

Whilst the assessment panel was mostly of the view that DC Quirk Contracting provided an excellent contribution to the development of local business and community; and very good responses to the tender assessment criterion and they were very confident that they would be able to meet the requirements of the tender, their pricing was not comparable to Bynoe CACS Ltd.

Bynoe CACS Ltd had provided excellent responses to the tender assessment criterion and their pricing was superior.



The officer's recommendation is therefore in line with Vendor Panel summary that Council resolve to enter into a Preferred Supplier Arrangement with Bynoe CACS Ltd for the Supply of Grass Cutting Services for a period of three years.

# **Consultation (Internal/External):**

- Mark Crawley Chief Executive Officer
- Director of Engineering Michael Wanrooy
- ERSCON Consulting Engineers
- Relevant Mangers

# **Legal Implications:**

Nil.

# Financial and Resource Implications:

Within budgetary parameters.

# **Risk Management Implications:**

• Risk is assessed as low.



#### 10.8 COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT REPORT

Attachments: NIL

Author: Cherie Schafer - Manager Economic & Community

Development

**Date:** 8 April 2022

**Key Outcome:** A safe, healthy, and equitable community that celebrates

diversity and enjoys a quality lifestyle

**Key Strategy:** Continue to support activities and programs that provide for the

youth within the Shire

#### **Executive Summary:**

This report provides information and updates to Council on various activities and programs that are facilitated within the Community, Cultural Services and Economic Development portfolio of Council.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

That Council:

- note the Community Development Report; and
- 2. that those matters not covered by resolution be noted.

#### 1. MATTERS FOR INFORMATION:

#### 1.1 Normanton Childcare

The Normanton Childcare Centre provides an important service to the community and is operated by Council Monday to Friday from 7.30am to 5.30pm. The Centre is licensed for 29 children, 8 in the babies end and 21 in the big kids end.

- The centre is still experiencing staff shortages and have not been able to take on any more children as they would exceed the staff to child ratio.
- Currently the childcare can take 4 in the babies end and 10 kids in the bigger end based on the staff available.

#### 1.2 Normanton and Karumba Pool Statistics

Statistics and general information for the Normanton and Karumba Pools for the month of March have been provided in the table below.



Presently Council's operating hours for both pools are 3pm to 6pm seven days a week including school holidays.

- It is proposed that both pools close over the winter period as per last year. Close dates will be from Monday 30th May until Monday 3rd September. Council may review the opening dates dependant on how cold the winter period is in 2022.
- Council went to Expressions of Interest (EOI) for the operation of the pools recently and received two responses. The EOI process has not provided any certainty around the future operations of the pools. Options are still being considered, and discussions with an interested party are ongoing.

Monthly Statical report		ımba days a week	Normanton 3pm – 6pm 5 Days a week			
·	February	March	February	March		
Adults	131	136	19	27		
Youth	122	129	148	367		
Total	353	265	167	394		

## 1.3 General updates

## **Events organised by Council:**

## **Upcoming Events:**

ANZAC Day - 25th April

## Normanton

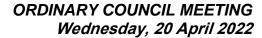
- Dawn Service:
  - 5am traditional rum and milk at the Albion Hotel followed by the March at 6:00am.
  - Breakfast at the Albion Hotel after the service.
- Morning Service:
  - Assemble 9:45am at the Normanton State School to march to the cenotaph at 10:00am.
  - Morning tea to follow the service at the Normanton Shire Hall.

## Karumba:

- o Dawn Service:
- 6:00am start at Sunderland Park followed by breakfast at the Karumba Recreation Club.

## Normanton Gala Ball – 6th August

Preparation for the Ball has started with an initial kick off meeting held 30/03/2022. This year Council is holding the Ball as a charity event, with proceeds going towards the RFDS.





The Ball will be held on the  $6^{\text{th of}}$  August 2022, and will once again be in the Burns Philp Building. Tickets will be sold through Eventbrite with more information and details to be finalised in the coming weeks.



## TRAIC Project – Your life, Your Story:

Funded by the Queensland Health tackling Regional Adversity through Integrated Care scheme, the \$66,000.00 funding is given to one regional Council each year to target a mental health issue in the Shire.

There have been several meetings held with the TRAIC committee to go over project deliverables in detail. The committee has selected the film crew who has done similar projects in other regions and have a good understanding of what is required of the project. The committee is looking to partner with mental health workers and clinicians who will be on hand during the interviews to provide support for any traumatic memories and feelings that may come up and can provide ongoing care or a referral if they feel it is needed.

Filming may start as early as end of May to early June.

## **Events held in March:**

## <u>Livin Org Event, Funded through QLD Health – 16th March</u>

Livin Org Facilitators and John Coutis visited Normanton on Wednesday 16th March to deliver a mental health and wellbeing event to Schools in Normanton, Karumba and to community.

Approximately 100 children from years 4-10 sat down for talks with John, Michael Hase and Antonio Winterstein about their struggles with Mental Health and how it is important to make sure you are looking after your Mental Health as much as your Physical Health. Students in Normanton joined together at the Normanton State School, and students in Karumba enjoyed a talk from John Coutis on Friday.

Approximately 20 community members came along to the Fred Edwards Sporting Facility to listen to presentations from the men that was relevant to and older audience.

Excellent feedback was received from all in attendance.





## **Grant applications for the month of March**

## **Gambling Community Benefit Fund**

The Gambling Community Benefit Fund (GCBF) is Queensland's largest one-off community grants program and distributes approximately \$60 million each year to not-for-profit community groups. The GCBF allocates funding to these groups to help them provide services, leisure activities and opportunities for Queensland communities.

Commencing in 2022, the GCBF funding program will change. There will be 4 funding rounds, with 3 rounds having grants available of up to \$35,000 and 1 super round with grants of up to \$100,000 available.

Council has applied for \$65,000 under the Community Gambling fund for Female Faces in Public Space.

If successful, the funding will be used to produce display outlining individual stories of females from the professional fishing industry. The displays will be put at a location in Karumba yet to be determined.

## Sports AUS funding for regional sporting events

Stream One (non-competitive) - Small community sporting events

Local Government Areas in Very Remote, Remote, Outer Regional and Inner Regional areas. Potential grant amount: between \$1,000 - \$10,000 (GST ex)

Stream Two (competitive) – Large regional sporting events

Local Government Areas in Very Remote, Remote, Outer Regional and Inner Regional areas. Potential grant amount: between \$15,000 - \$50,000 (GST ex)

Council has submitted an application to assist non-for-profit sporting groups run a week long event showcasing a different sport on each day between Normanton and Karumba. If successful the funds will be used to assist running of the event, purchase sporting equipment, pay for catering and other items needed. The weeklong sporting event will kick off on the 25th June and finish on the 3rd July, 2022.

## **Applications Approved:**

## Saluting Their Service Commemorative Grants Program (the program)

The fund looks to preserve Australia's wartime heritage; involve people around the country in a wide range of projects and activities that highlight the service and sacrifice of Australia's service personnel in wars, conflicts and peace operations; and promote appreciation and understanding of the experiences of service and the roles that those who served have played in shaping the nation.

There are 2 categories of grants available:

## **Community Grants (CG)**

Grants to a maximum of \$10,000 are available for local, community-based projects and activities.

## **Major Grants (MG)**

Grants between \$10,001 and \$150,000 are available for major commemorative projects and activities that are significant from a national, state, territory and/or regional perspective.



Council has been successful in its application for \$150,000 under the project name "We are One". The funding will be used to erect two life size bronze statues of soldiers, one indigenous and one non-Indigenous soldier at the Normanton cenotaph. The project is not due to be completed until late November 2022 to early December.

The below picture is just an example of what the sculptor may look similar to and is not the exact replica.



## Community Donations and Fee Waivers approved under the CEO delegation.

1. The Queensland Police Normanton request the fee waiver of the Normanton Shire Hall to run a Domestic Violence steering meeting.

A fee waiver of \$390 has been approved under the Delegation of the Chief Executive Officer as requested.

- 2. Mount Isa school of the Air requests a fee waiver for:
  - the Normanton Shire Hall to run a family group day
  - the use of the Normanton Pool for a free swim

A fee waiver of \$413 has been approved under the Delegation of the Chief Executive Officer as requested.

- 3. Bynoe CACS requests fee waivers for the following items to host a family fun night.
  - The table and chair donation trailer
  - John Henry Oval, use of the public toilets
  - Two additional bins

A fee waiver of \$795 has been approved under the Delegation of the Chief Executive Officer as requested. All items to be picked up and dropped off by Bynoe.

## Consultation (Internal/External):



- Chief Executive Officer Mark Crawley
- Director Corporate Services Julianne Meier
- Manager of Economic and Community Services Cherie Schafer

## **Legal Implications:**

Nil

## **Financial and Resource Implications:**

Within budget.

## **Risk Management Implications:**

 Risks are relatively low - supports Council's aim of engaging with the community as well as providing key activities and facilities.



# 11 REPORTS FROM DIRECTOR OF ENGINEERING - ROADS & SERVICES

## 11.1 DOE REPORT

Attachments: NIL

Author: Michael Wanrooy - Director of Engineering

**Date:** 13 April 2022

**Key Outcome:** 5.1 - Integrated and timely provision and management of sustainable

infrastructure and assets

**Key Strategy:** 5.1.3 Plan and implement urban improvement works which enhance

local character and identify, conserve and improve the region's

streetscapes and provide iconic parkland.

## **Executive Summary:**

This report provides information and updates to Council on various activities and programs that are facilitated within the Director Engineering's portfolio.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

That Council:

- 1. receive and note the Director of Engineering Report as presented; and
- 2. that those matters not covered by resolution be noted.

## 1. Actions Arising from Previous Meetings

Reference	Action	Status
1/11/2018	Investigate and prepare a report including scope of works and estimate of costs to reinstate the grid on the Old Croydon Road for Council's consideration.	In Progress
	The Grid is programed to be installed after Easter	
9/12/20	Install "No boat trailer" signs along Massey Drive to Clarina Street  Terry Casey's crew has installed the boat trailer parking signs advertising the new boat trailer park.	In Progress
October Meeting	Undertake a sign audit on Carpentaria LRRS network and present at December Meeting	In Progress
	Audit is completed for Burketown Road. Audits	
	Wet season delaying audits on Iffley Road, Kowanyama Road and the Dunbar to Koolatah to Oriners Road.	
December Meeting	Add Premix to grooves at the Scrutton River Floodway.	Not Started
December Meeting	Design for Armstrong Creek to include straightening  Will present design to Council	Completed
January	Repair copper log fencing at NTN Cemetery	ln



Reference	Action	Status
Meeting	Council made an inspection and most of the copper log fence is in poor condition. A replacement fence made of composite materials is being organised. A wallaby proof fence will also replace the existing old perimeter fence at the back and sides.	Progress
January Meeting	Investigate the existing street lighting luminaires to be able to convert to LED  A report is presented in Item 6.2	Completed
March Meeting	Are there alternatives to repair scour on the footpath in Philp Street besides filling with gravel as every wet season it erodes repeatedly  Council to investigate and undertake solutions	Not Started
March Meeting	Repair leak on the Median Strip  The leak was caused by a faulty gate valve and was repaired.	Completed

## 2. Miscellaneous Projects

- 2.1. Lilyvale subdivision intersection works Michael Pickering is organising a marketing sales plan for the lots in stage 1. Internal roadworks will start in the next few weeks.
- 2.2. TMR Emergent works will start on 89B from 19th April. There will be gravel carted over badly damaged and boggy sections. Council has received an initial PO for 200K for works up to the Gilbert River. The amount will be increase due to the damage.
- 2.3. CN-17815 2021 DRFA works on 89B Ch. 0 to Ch. 180. One third of the works have been completed. Looking to restart this works within the next few weeks with Camps being sent to the area.
- 2.4. The stabiliser crew has been undertaking stabilised rehabilitations works on 89A using the 558K RMPC variation. The works are located approximately 120km 150km south of Normanton and involves treating 7 patches between 60m to 640m long. The stabilized portion of the works are completed, and sealing is expected after Easter. The Crew is currently mobilising to Glencoe on 89B to start 6km of new bitumen works. The new project is identified as CN-17937 on 89B (Ch.63.49 to 69.37) approx. 6km past the Glencoe turnoff.
- 2.5. Stop Shop Crossing Council has completed the asphalt works at the intersection. Council has submitted a works order to Ergon to upgrade the existing streetlight at the corner of the tennis courts to LED with an additional outreach luminaire required to point towards Landsborough Street. TMR will be receiving the electrical bill and this was arranged with Ergon as well. Concrete islands and line marking will start after the Easter break.
- 2.6. Reef Project: Council is working with Catchment Solutions to obtain approvals and required reports for the delivery of the reef project. The project includes installing 10 habitat concrete reef structures. We have discussed with Catchment Solutions to look at the location offshore approximately 20km into the Gulf.
- 2.7. Weather Station in Karumba Council has engaged QTEC to install the Weather Station at the Karumba Aerodrome. The weather station will monitor wind speed, wind direction, temperature, relative humidity, air pressure, solar radiation, and rainfall. The rain gauge will include a tipping bucket and all the multi-parameter weather sensors will be connected to a 4G telemetry communications system. The sensors will be



- mounted on a 3m BOM ALERT galvanised prefab tower and will include a 100W solar panel with controller and batteries. The public can access the data via Council's Guardian dashboard.
- 2.8. Terry's RMPC crew have used the Council tractor and slasher, whipper sniped around guideposts and headwalls, and sprayed herbicide between Normanton to Karumba. They are currently slashing using Council's tractor on the Normanton to Croydon Road. Greg Brooks is currently slashing 89A from Boundary to Normanton.
- 2.9. Town Services Apart from their normal town duties, they have poisoned approximately 20% of weed regrowth in Karumba.

Table: TMR Projects progress report for 2021 – 2022

Projects	Value	Claimed	Progress
CN-12529 2019 TMR DRFA REPA Works on 84A, 89A, 89B and 92A - Total Value \$2,146,085.20, claimed to June 2021 \$1997,841.66	\$ 148,243.54	\$ 148,243.54	100% completed
ATSI TIDS - Dunbar Creek - New Causeway and approach on the Kowanyama Road - Total Value \$925,000, claimed to June 2021 \$157,430.12	\$ 767,569.88	\$ 767,569.88	100% completed
89B CN-15386 Aus. Government Stimulus - Ch. 30680 - Ch. 35800 - Total Value \$2,215,489.68, claimed to June 2021 \$2,090,163.68	\$ 125,326.00	\$ 125,326.00	100% Completed
2021 TMR Emergent Works - Total Value \$1,450,000, claimed to June 2021 \$336,225.13	\$ 1,113,774.87	\$ 1,113,774.87	100% Completed
Additional 2021 TMR Emergent variation approved.	\$ 591,532.71	\$ 591,532.71	100% Completed
89B – CN16288 Aus. Government Stimulus - Ch. 35800 - Ch. 40800- Total Value \$2,387,935.00, claimed to June 2021 \$1,372,600.00	\$ 1,015,335.00	\$ 1,015,335.00	100% Completed
89A – CN16065 (North and South Approach of Flinders River)- Total Value \$5,433,960.70, claimed to June 2021 \$4,812,778.69	\$ 621,182.01	\$ 621,182.01	100% Completed
89A – CN1607 (Donors Hill, Approx. 130km south of Normanton) - Total Value \$4,516,126.80, claimed to June 2021 \$3,999,438.60	\$ 439,205.20	\$ 439,205.20	100% Completed
89A – Variation to CN1607 (Augustus Downs Intersection seal upgrade)- Total Value \$374,838, claimed to June 2021 \$262,386.60	\$ 112,451.40	\$ 112,451.40	100% completed



2021 - 2022 RMPC	\$2,044,550.00	\$1,713,002.00	84% Completed
2021 - 2022 RMPC Variation 1 - Rehabilitation works 89A	\$558,000.00		50% - Sealing after easter
2020 - 2021 TIDS (TMR Contribution) - Burketown Road Sealing	\$910,000.00	\$861,434.43	100% Completed Claims being Prepared
ATSI-TIDS Magnificent Creek	\$989,212.00	\$989,212.00	100% completed.
TIDS - 2/1200x450 new culverts at gully 1 to 2km past the Gilbert River	\$67,000.00	\$24,315.40	Culverts ordered
CN-17673 Pedestrian Crossing at Stop Shop	\$439,913.10		50% completed- Asphalt works done
CN-17218 - Pave and Seal AG Stimulus Package 3 on 89B (last remaining 4.8km section between the Karumba turnoff and Glencoe)	\$2,393,605.80	\$2,318,080.80	99% Complete. Linemarking remaining
CN-17815 - 2021 DRFA works on 89B Ch. 0 to Ch. 180	\$2,551,476.10	\$829,180.30	32% Completed
Variation to CN-17815 - 2021 DRFA works on 89B Ch. 180 to Ch. 303	\$606,412.60		Not Started
CN-17937 - Pave and Seal AG Stimulus Package 4 on 89B (Ch.63.49 to 69.37) approx. 6km past the Glencoe turnoff	\$2,924,640.60		Stab Crew just mobilised to area
7.2km Pave and Seal AG Stimulus Package 5 on 89B approx. 13km past the Glencoe turnoff - Contract to be finalised May 1st and completed by end of June			
Total	\$18,419,430.81	\$11,669,845.54	63%





Photo: New Asphalt Works for the Pedestrian Refuge Crossing.



Photo: New Asphalt Works for the Pedestrian Refuge Crossing.





**Photo:** 89A – Rehabilitation Works (RMPC Variation)



**Photo:** 89A – Rehabilitation Works (RMPC Variation)

## 3. Update on Shire Flood Damage Works



- 3.1. Colin Charger and Crew undertaking ongoing 2020 DRFA Works on the McAllister Road.
- 3.2. Brenton Murray and Crew undertaking ongoing 2020 DRFA Works on the Normanton Burketown Road.
- 3.3. Emergent grade works are being undertaken on the Iffley Trenton / Broadwater Road.
- 3.4. Emergent grade works are being undertaken on the Delta / Stirling / Miranda Roads.
- 3.5. First camp will be sent to Wondoola, by Wednesday 13/4/22 to start works on the Iffley Road.
- 3.6. The second camp will head out to Delta by Wednesday 20/4/22.
- 3.7. 7 Mile camp will mobilize on 27/4/22, Bang Bang camp on 29/4/22 and Stirling camp by 1/5/22.
- 3.8. Cameron Young and crew undertaking ongoing 2020 DRFA works on the Broadwater Road and should finish by 19/4/22. They will then move to the Stirling Camp.

## 4. Trades Report

- General housing plumbing, electrical and carpentry maintenance in Normanton and Karumba
- Undertook maintenance and checks on camps ready to go out.
- Completed the dump point relocation in Normanton by finishing it with a LED streetlight and bollards.
- Repaired leak at gate valve in median strip at Landsborough St.
- Cleaning out Fire Hydrants
- Completed the Normanton Dump point relocation
- Water plant fibre upgrades



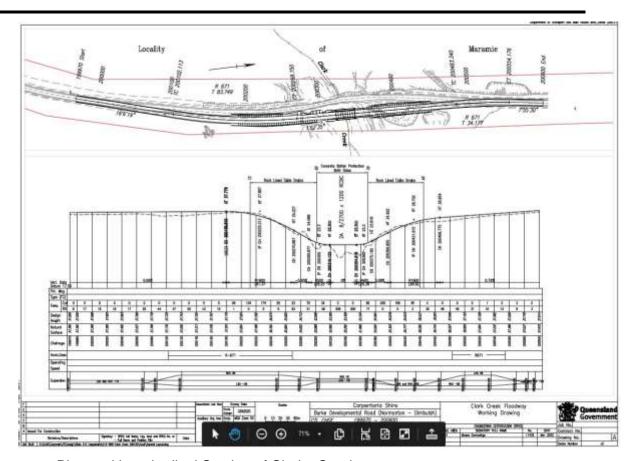


Photo: New Dump Point

## 5. New Projects/Grant Applications

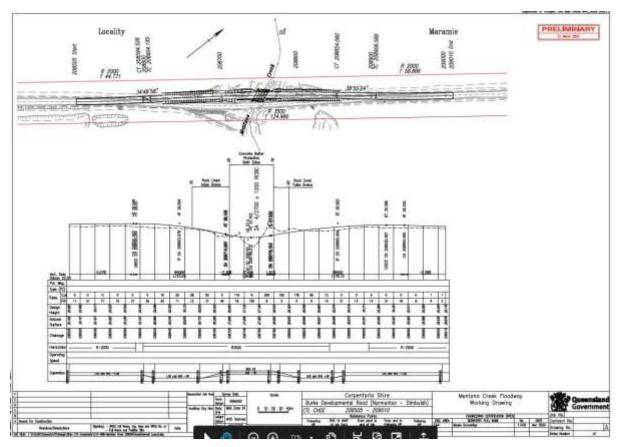
- 5.1. Council is currently working with TMR for a Contract in mid-March for a 7.2km section on 89B approximately 70km North of Normanton which will become package 5 of the Australian Government Stimulus package. The package is expected to be formalized in the form of contracts by May 1st.
- 5.2. Council has submitted an application for \$1.34 Million for a new causeway at Plains Creek and a nearby creek for ATSI-TIDS funding on the Kowanyama Road.
- 5.3. Council has submitted a submission with the RAUP round 9 to undertake additional yellow line marking required at the turning nodes as required by CASA for both aerodromes and apron upgrade for Karumba. A transformer in Karumba to run the aerodrome lights is also required to be upgraded. Council is seeking approximately a total of 40K to complete all the works which will be 50% funded. As this is mandatory works Council will need to budget \$20,000 for the 2022-23 financial year.
- 5.4. Council has provided TMR with an estimate of \$3million for the upgrade of Clarke and Mentana Creeks. TMR will look for funding to bring the project to construction stage. This may take a few years. Designs have been completed for both creeks.





Plan and Longitudinal Section of Clarke Creek





Plan and Longitudinal Section of Mentana Creek

## 6. Reports



6.1. Armstrong Creek Realignment – Council is preparing the designs for the Armstrong Creek Realignment. The pink shows the existing road and the grey, the new alignment. A3 copies will be provided at the meeting.

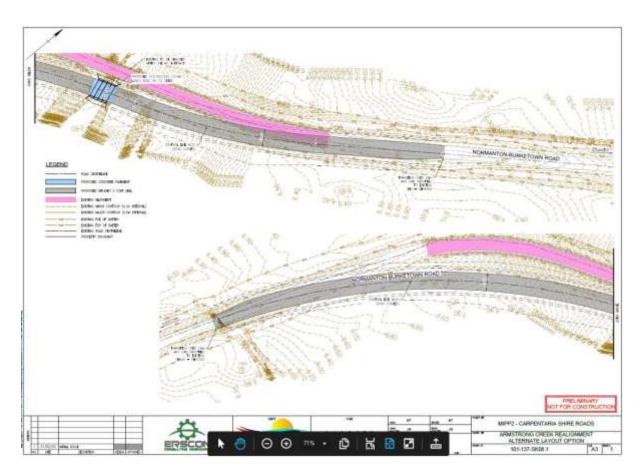


Diagram - Plan view of Armstrong Creek upgrade



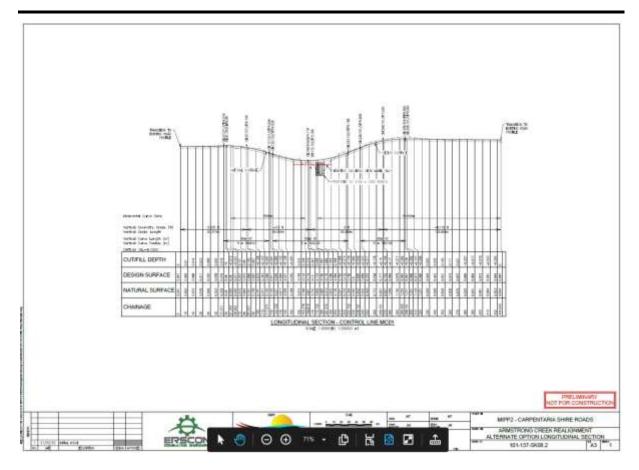


Diagram - Longitudinal Section of Armstrong creek upgrade

## 6.2. LED Street Luminaire report

Council has three accounts with Ergon for the street lighting with invoices received monthly. Our report is based on the billing period from 31/12/20 to 31/12/21 as we can determine a full year of charges from our records.

Description	Normanton	Daily Rate	Karumba	Daily Rate					
Account 1	\$ 17,103.71	\$ 46.86	\$ -	\$ -					
Account 2	\$ 5,008.32	\$ 13.72	\$ -	\$ -					
Account 3	\$ 12,336.54	\$ 33.80	\$ 18,070.62	\$ 49.51					
Total	\$ 34,448.57	Average \$31.46/day	\$ 18,070.62	Average \$49.51/day					
Total Both Tov	Total Both Towns = \$52,519.19								

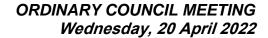
Council is charged for 253 luminaires in Normanton and 149 luminaires in Karumba. The combined total for both towns is 402 luminaires of which 16 luminaires are considered energy efficient.



Table below indicates the number, wattage and type of luminaires in Normanton and Karumba that is charged to Council.

Luminaire LED CFL 32W	Code LED34	Normanton 15	Karumba	light	Owner	A	
	LED34	15			OWINCE	Account	Rate
CFL 32W				34	Ergon	CSC	1
(Compact							
Fluorescent)	C1x32	1	1	32	Ergon	CSC	1
Mercury							
Vapour	M125	1		139.2	Ergon	CSC	1
Mercury Vapour	M250	1		273.3	Ergon	CSC	1
· ·	IVIZOU	1		2/3.3	Ergon	CSC	
Mercury Vapour	M50	72	55	65	Ergon	CSC	1
Mercury							
Vapour	M50	6	7	65	CSC	CSC	3
Mercury							
Vapour	M80	8		92.4	Ergon	CSC	1
Mercury							
Vapour	M80	5		92.4	CSC	CSC	3
Mercury							
Vapour	M400		1	431	Ergon	CSC	1
High							
Pressure							
Sodium	S150	11	6	173	Ergon	CSC	1
High							
Pressure		_					_
Sodium	S150	3		173	CSC	CSC	3
High							
Pressure	C2E0	17	10	272	F====	CCC	1
Sodium	S250	17	18	273	Ergon	CSC	1
High Pressure							
Sodium	S250		2	273	CSC	CSC	3
High	3230			2/3	CSC	CSC	3
Pressure							
Sodium	S70	98	45	85.2	Ergon	CSC	1
High	3,0		.5	55.2	-18011		
Pressure							
Sodium	S70	15	14	85.2	CSC	CSC	3
Total		253	149				

A 40 -90 Watt LED Street luminaire costs anywhere between \$400 to \$500 to buy and possibly add another \$500 to install each light. This equates to approximately \$1000 per luminaire. To replace 386 luminaires would require approximately \$386,000.





If Council were to replace the 386 luminaires with an outlay of \$386,000, Council may save up to \$30,000 to \$35,000 per year in energy cost.

6.3. Budget

Nil



#### 11.2 NDRRA/QDRF REPORT

Attachments: 11.2.1. Appendix A - 2019 Expenditure Summary 4

11.2.2. Appendix B - QRA19 Completion Sketch 
11.2.3. Appendix C - 2020 Expenditure Summary 
11.2.4. Appendix D - QRA20 Completion Sketch 
↓

11.2.5. Appendix E - Betterment Projects 11.2.6. Appendix F - EOT Approvals 1

Author: John Martin - Consultant Engineering

**Date:** 13 April 2022

**Key Outcome:** 5.2 - A safe and sustainable road network

**Key Strategy:** 5.2.1 Plan and deliver a safe, sustainable and efficient road network.

## **Executive Summary:**

**QRA19:** The QRA19 project is approximately 99.8% complete. Submissions 1 to 5 were completed ahead of their deadlines. Submission 6 (Mitchell River and Town Streets) is the only active submission within the QRA19 Project and currently has an EOT until 30 June 2022. Submission 3 has been acquitted and Council have received the final payment. Three (3) submissions have been submitted for acquittal.

**QRA20:** The QRA20 project is approximately 54.4% complete. Setout and construction has commenced on the remaining roads with five (5) crews progressively mobilising to camps over the next month. The deadline for the QRA20 works is 30 June 2022. An EOT request until 30 September 2022 has been submitted to QRA for two (2) submissions containing northern roads due to restricted access from flood waters.

**QRA21:** Four (4) submissions have now been approved by QRA and Council has received the 30% prepayments. The remaining submission has been lodged on QRA MARS system and is awaiting approval. Construction work will commence once all QRA20 scope has been completed with the deadline for the QRA21 works being 30 June 2023.

**QRA22:** Carpentaria Shire Council was activated for REPA, Emergency Works and CDO relief measures for two (2) flooding events Ex-Tropical Cyclone Seth and Far North Queensland Low Pressure Trough. Damage pickup and emergency works are in progress throughout the Shire on roads that are currently accessible from Normanton. Damage assessment has commenced, and submissions are currently being prepared in the QRA MARS system.

**OTHER:** The Desilting of the Normanton Sewerage Lagoons and Normanton to Burketown Road betterment projects are in the process of being acquitted. The Monsoon Trough Flood Impact Study project has been acquitted and Council has received the final payment. Armstrong Creek Causeway Betterment Project has been approved with a deadline of 30 June 2023 and Council has received the 30% prepayment.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

That Council:

- 1. accepts the NDRRA/QDRF Report as presented; and
- 2. that those matters not covered by resolution be noted.



## Background:

#### 2019 QRA Event

- 1. The QRA19 REPA submissions have a total RV of approx. \$68million (construction budget of \$54.2million).
- 2. Approximately 99.8% of the project has been completed with an estimated Expenditure Ratio of 0.96. Refer to Appendix A and B for construction progress.
- 3. Construction on Dunbar Kowanyama Road and Dunbar Koolatah Road were completed ahead of the 31 December 2021 EOT deadline. Dunbar Kowanyama Road is aligning closely with recommended value and has a current expenditure ratio of 0.90.
- 4. Submissions 1 to 5 were completed ahead of their deadlines between 30 September and 31 December 2021. Submission 6 (Mitchell River and Town Streets) is the only active submission within the QRA19 Project with an EOT until 30 June 2022. The full list of projects is detailed in Appendix F.
- 5. Submission 3 has been acquitted by QRA and Council have received the final payment. Three (3) submissions have been submitted for acquittal with audits currently taking place at the request of QRA. Acquittal documentation for the remaining completed submission within the QRA19 project is currently being prepared.

## 2020 QRA Event

- 1. Four (4) REPA submissions have been approved with a total RV of \$48.7million (construction budget of \$38.2million).
- 2. Approximately 54.4% of the project has been completed with an estimated Expenditure Ratio of 0.90. Refer Appendix C and D for construction progress.
- A total construction RV of approximately \$18million is remaining to be constructed before the 30 June 2022 deadline. An EOT request until 30 September 2022 has been submitted to QRA for two (2) submissions containing northern roads due to restricted access from flood waters. A decision from QRA in regards to the EOT request is expected shortly.
- 4. Setout for remaining roads within the QRA20 project is currently underway and construction has commenced on accessible roads to Normanton. Crews are progressively mobilising to camps over the next month to commence work for the 2022 construction season. A full five (5) crews are expected to be in operation by early May.
- 5. QRA has approved a total of thirteen (13) betterment projects for construction. The full list of projects is provided in Appendix E.



## 2021 QRA Event

- Submission 1 (Eastern Roads), Submission 3 (Northern Roads), Submission 4 (Far Northern Roads) and Submission 5 (Koolatah – Dixie Road) have now been approved by QRA and Council has received the prepayments for these submissions. Submission 2 (Western Roads) has been lodged on QRA MARS system and awaiting approval by QRA.
- 2. QRA21 construction work will commence once all QRA20 scope has been completed in the 2022 construction season to ensure that submission deadlines for the QRA20 project are met.
- 3. The QRA21 program of work has a deadline of 30 June 2023.

## 2022 QRA Event

- 1. Carpentaria Shire Council was activated for REPA, Emergency Works and CDO relief measures for two (2) flooding events on the 17 February 2022 (Ex-Tropical Cyclone Seth) and 18 February 2022 (Far North Queensland Low Pressure Trough).
- 2. Emergency works have commenced throughout the Shire on roads that are currently accessible and will continue in the upcoming months to restore access where required.
- 3. Damage pickup is in progress throughout the Shire on roads that are currently accessible from Normanton. All damage pickup on roads in the South has been completed and will continue over the upcoming months as more roads in the North become accessible.
- 4. Damage assessment is in progress with submissions currently being prepared in the QRA MARS system.

#### Other

- 1. The Desilting of the Normanton Sewerage Lagoons and Normanton to Burketown Road betterment projects are in the process of being acquitted. The Monsoon Trough Flood Impact Study project has been submitted to QRA for acquittal.
- 2. The Monsoon Trough Flood Impact Study has been acquitted and Council has received the final payment.
- Armstrong Creek Causeway Betterment Project (RV \$793,339) has been approved by QRA under National Flood Mitigation Infrastructure Program (NFMIP) 2020-21 funding. The project has a deadline of 30 June 2023 and Council has received the 30% prepayment.

## **Consultation (Internal/External):**

Mark Crawley - Chief Executive Officer



- Michael Wanrooy Director of Engineering
- John Martin and Nick Lennon ERSCON Consulting Engineers

## **Legal Implications:**

Nil.

## **Financial and Resource Implications:**

- QRA 19 Trigger Point contribution \$32,408
- QRA 20 Trigger Point contribution \$29,363
- QRA 21 Triger Point contribution \$30,180

## **Risk Management Implications:**

- High QRA20 Construction has a deadline of 30 June 2022. There is a high risk that
  work will not be completed by this deadline based on current programing and number
  of crews. An EOT was requested to complete the scope.
- Moderate QRA21 Construction has a deadline of 30 June 2023. There is a
  moderate risk that work will not be completed by this deadline based on current
  programing the number of crews.

## **CARPENTARIA SHIRE COUNCIL**

SUMMARY OF QRA19 EXPENDITURE

CURRENT 31/03/2022
Project Completed 99.8%
Forecast Project Expenditure to RV Ratio 0.96



		30	hmission 1 - C	SC.0006-1815	CHEC
Road Name	Construction Recommended Value	Expenditure	Complete (%)	Expected Expenditure Ratio	Notes
Dunbar Koolatah Road	\$ 40,500.00	\$ 15,456.00	100%	0.38	Market rate to be adjusted to reflect the actual cost of Mitchell River Flood Camera.
Donors Hill to Augustus Downs Road	5 1,445,604.64	5 1,535,618.45	100%	1.06	
Tiey Road	5 7,360,093.97	5 6,199,675.18	100%	0.84	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with QRA20 Iffley Road. When assessing roads together, expenditure expected to align clisser to combined RV.
Normanton to Burketown Road	5 7,225,068.50	5 4,377,613.36	100%	0.88	Cost savings incoured due to reduced gravel head distances as a result of utilising several gravel pits along the road. Scop was unable to be completed before the approved deadline. Expenditure aligns closer to RV of the sampleted scope.
TOTAL	\$ 16,071,267.11	5 14.128.542.99			

*Expected expenditure ratio is the ratio of final expenditure divided by the recommended value. (i.e. 1.5 is 50% over budget, 0.8 is 20% under budget)

Submission: 3 CSC.0009.1819.REC								
Road Name	Construction Recommended Value	Expenditure	Complete (%)	Expected Expenditure Ratio	Nones			
Koolatah to Dixie Road	3 926,965.19	5 1,110,759.03	100%	1.23	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with Koolafah - Drumduff Road. When assessing roads together, expenditure aligns closely with the combined RV			
Nardoo to Leichardt Road	5 5,141,264.01	5 3,695,466.15	100%	0.72	Grevel push up costs for Washpool pit (used for Normanton to Burketown and Nandoo to Leichardt Road) booked to Normanton to Burketown Road. When assessing both simultaneously expenditure is predicted to be less than the combined RV.			
Trenton Road	5 2,792,987.71	5 2,962,735.54	100%	1.06				
TOTAL	5 8,867,216.91	\$ 7,796,960.72						

Saftmission 5 CSC,0015,18191,02 C									
Road Name	Construction Recommended Value	Expenditure	Complete (%)	Expected Expenditure Natio	Rotes				
Stirling to Miranda Downs	\$ 619,559.74	5 1,216,859.79	100%	2.00	Costs for pit establishment, pushing up of gravel and stockpiling for Glancoe to Miranda and Lotusvale to Stirling booked to this road. When assessing all roads together the expenditure aligns closer to the RV				
Koolatah to Drumduff	5 328,481.44	5 767,991.85	100%	2.14	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with Koolatah - Dinie Road and Duntur - Koolatah Road. When assessing roads together, expenditure expected to align closer to Av.				
Lotusvale to Stirling	5 884,520.02	\$ 789,866.77	100%	0.89	Some savings expected as costs for pushing up gravel booked to Stirling to Miranda Downs Road.				
Glencoe to Miranda Downs	\$ 2,147,220.96	\$ 1,595,013.87	100%	0.74	Some savings expected as costs for pushing up gravel booked to Stirling to Miranda Downs Road.				
Inkerman Access	5 496,648.83	5 760,964.00	100%	1.53	Signicent costs to push up material at Clarke Pit saley booked to this road, despite being utilized by other roads within the Shire.				
Double Lagoon Access	\$ 152,260.02	\$ 64,872.76	100%	0.43	Cost savings as camp and mobilisation costs booked to Delta Downs Road.				
Delta Downs Road	5 1,109,261.09	5 1,870,170.21	100%	1.69	Costs to push up material at Ulyvale Pit booked to this road, despite being utilised by several roads within the Shire. Excessive gravel hauf distance.				
Shady Lagoon Access	5 687,326.20	\$ 499,451.99	100%	0.73	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with simultaneously constructed QRA20 Shady Lagoon Access. When assessing roads together expenditure is expected to align slosely with the combined RV.				
Mucton Hole Access	5 177,693.65	\$ 129,496.94	100%	0.73	Costs saving incurred due to no camp establishment costs required as the cress worked from town.				
Buttand Plains Access	\$ 122,507.79	\$ 23,117.60	100#	0.19	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with Ourbar - Kowanyams Road. When assessing roads together, expenditure aligns closely with combined RV.				
Dorunda Access	5 92,876.62	5 9,263.84	100%	0.26	Costs saving incurred due to no camp establishment costs required and a reduced cree size to complete the small scope of works.				
Dunbar to Koolatah	\$ 695,191.97	\$ 527,323.14	100%	0.76	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with Dunbar - Kowariyama Road, When assessing roads together, expenditure aligns closely with combined RV.				
TOTAL	5 7,455,550.33	5 8,274,392.76	1						

			ahmission 4 C		LIUSC:
Boad Name	Construction Recommended Value	Expenditure	Complete (%)	Expected Expenditure flatto	Notes
Glenore Access	5 909,509.81	5 996,811.47	100%	1.10	
Inverteigh Access	5 5,671.11	5 1,006.35	100%	0.18	Construction completed in less than one day, majority of costs booked to adjacent from anton to Burketown Road
Inverteigh Access (Secondary)	5 6,592.06	5 -	100%	0.00	Construction completed in less than one day, majority of costs booked to adjacent Normanton to Burketown Road.
Inverteigh West Access	\$ 26,659.05	S 2,164.49	100%	0.08	Construction complete. Costs blocked to adjacent Normanton to Burketown road as construction was completed in less than one day.
Lorraine Access	\$ 521,767.79	\$ 592,898.65	100%	1.14	Camp and establishment overlaps with simultaneously constructed Nardoo to Leichardt, when assessing roads together expenditure aligns closer to combined. By
McAlister	5 807,881.37	\$ 913,616.35	100%	3.13	Overlapping camp and establishment costs for the remaining QEA18 Ten Mile scope broked to this road.
Mundjura Access	\$ 249,585.28	5 306,648.19	100%	1.29	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with Tranton Road and Pioneer Access. When assessing roads together, expenditure aligns closiny with combined RV.
Pinneer Access	5 43,016.66	5 41,464.03	100%	0.96	
Warrenvale Access	5 116,685.20	\$ 156,490.87	100%	1.34	Cost savings as construction was completed simultaneously with QRA18 scope of work with overlapping camp and mobilisation costs.
Wernadinga Access	5 358,899.18	5 197,117.92	100%	0.55	Cost savings from simultaneous construction with QRASS Warnadings Access Scope of work.
Wondools Bypass	5 344,937.20	5 454,607.18	100%	1.25	Cost overlaps with simultaneously constructed Weindoola Access. When assessing roads together, expenditure aligns closer to RV.
Wondoela Access	\$ 224,681.17	\$ 251,821.21	100%	1.12	Cost overlaps with simultaneously constructed Wondoole Sypacs. When assessing roads together, expenditure aligns closer to RV.
Broadwater to Iffley	5 2,980,296.59	5 3,437,835.41	100%	135	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with Claraville Road, Haydon Access and Broadwater Access. Cost savings due to provincity of road from Normanton.
Claraville	5 554,687.54	5 604,058.82	100%	1.09	
Broadwater Access	5 7,458.24	5 7,218.54	100%	0.97	
Haydon Access	\$ 157,107.01	\$ 157,880.88	100%	1.00	
Reumayer Valley Access	5 346,224.08	5 368,745.11	100%	1.07	
Old Craydon (Unsealed)	\$ 407,664.35	5 209,049.49	100%	0.51	Costs saving incorred due to no camp establishment costs required as the crew worked from sown.
Cowan Downs Access	5 154,166.61	5 59,744.94	100%	0.39	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with simultaneously constructed Donors Hill Access and Donnors Hill to Augustus Downs, when assessing roads together expenditure is expected to align closely with the combined RV.
Kelwood Access	5 44,292.78	\$ 74,048.69	100%	1.67	QRAID and QRA20 scope were constructed together and booked to the same QRAID job number. When assessing together expenditure is expected to align below the combined RV due to reduced scope.
Donors Hill Access	5 33,867.33	5 19,755.24	100%	0.58	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with simultaneously constructed Costan Downs, Neumayer Valley Access and Downers Hill to Augustic Downs, when assessing youts together expenditure is expected to align closely with the combined RV.
Karumba Pipeline Service Access	5 1,631,989.21	5 1,442,706.89	100%	0.88	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with simultaneously constructed QRA20 Karumba Pipeline Service Access. When assessing roads together expenditure is expected to align closely with the combined RV.
TOTAL	5 9.953,599.54	5 10,295,198.22	1		

Submission 6 CSC, 0025, 1819E, REC								
Ruad Flame	100000	enstruction emended Value	8	penditure	Complete (%)	Expected Expenditure Ratio	Notes	
Wondools Access (Flood Gauge)	5. 50,000.00		5	16,313.00	100%	0.79	Market rate to be adjusted to reflect the actual cost of Flood Gauge.	
Cut Kitching Drive	5	5,611.27	5	1,958.07	100%	0.35	Expenditure incorrectly booked, expected to align closer to RV.	
Dunbar - Koolatah Road (Mitchell River Crossing)	5	509,158.00	5	- 1	0%	1.00	QRA19 Mitchell River Crassing scape of works to be rolled over and rectored under QRA22 event funding	
Ellis Street	5	22.56	\$	~	0%	1.00	No contruction has commenced.	
Jubilee Way	1.5	239.11	\$		0%	1.00	No contraction has commerced.	
Old Hospital Road	1.5	1,434.10	\$	811.24	0%	1.00	Expenditure incorrectly booked, no contruction has commenced.	
Palmer Street KBA	1.5	6,025.50	5	1,958.07	0%	1.00	Expenditure incorrectly booked, no contruction has commenced.	
Russell Street	5	1,176.50	5		DN-	1.00	No contraction has commenced.	
Simpson Street	1.5	117.69	9	811.24	0%	1.00	Expenditure incorrectly booked, no contruction has commenced.	
TOTAL	1.5	567,850.69	5	41.921.62			1	



## **CARPENTARIA SHIRE COUNCIL**

SUMMARY OF QRA20 EXPENDITURE

CURRENT 31/03/2022
Project Completed 54.4%
Forecast Project Expenditure to RV Ratio 0.90



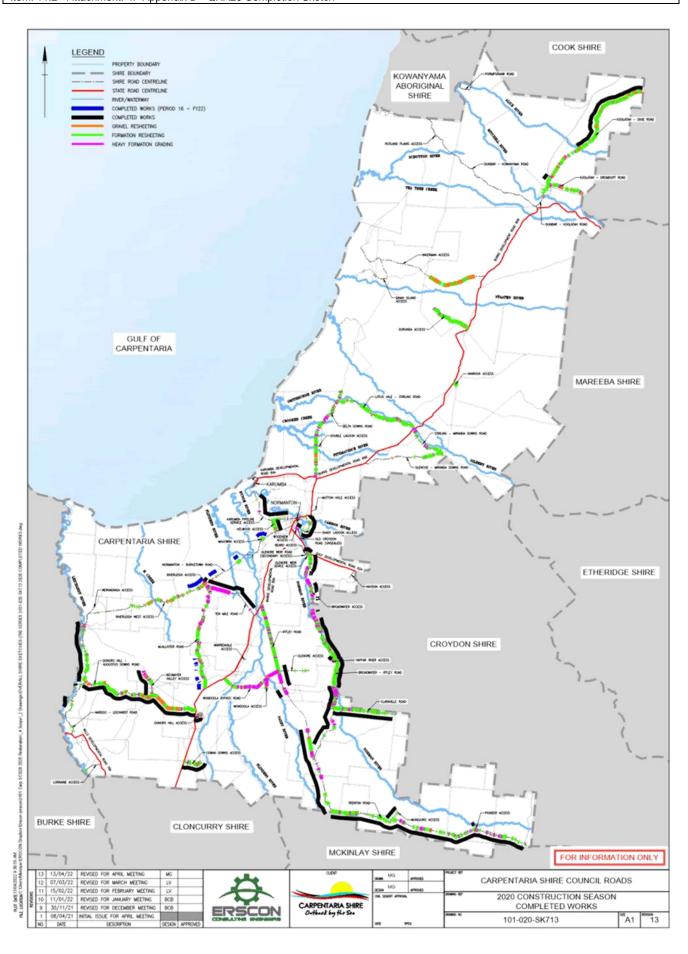
					Submission)	L+C5C-003%	AND RINGS
Road Name		Comstruction	Expe	inditure	Complete (%)	Expected Expenditure Ratio	Notes
Magowra Access	5	83,030.08	5 3	6,625.32	100%	0.68	Savings incurred due to crew working from town and no camp establishment required.
Cowan Dewns Access	- 5	295,151.76	5 29	0,955.99	100%	0.99	
Donors Hill Access	ś	205,044.29	5 14	9,183.38	100%	0.71	Overtapping camp and establishment costs with simultaneously constructed QRA19/20 Cowan Downs, QRA19/20 Donnors Hill to Augustus Downs and QRA19 Donnors Hill Access. When assessing roads together expenditure is expected to align closely with the combined RV
Kelwood Access	s	327,771.72	5	1,451.21	100%	0.00	All expenditure booked to the simultaneously constructed QRA19 Kelecood Access.
Ten Mile Road	5	540,570.23	5 36	4,124.49	100%	0.67	Sevings incurred due to crew working from fown and no camp establishment required.
Karumba Pipeline Service Access	5	168,026.92	5 1	HE, 185, 18	100%	0.58	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with simultaneously constructed QSA18 Carumba. Pipeline Service Access. When assessing roads together expenditure is expected to elign isolately with the combined RV.
Neumayer Valley Access	s	371,455.57	5 31	15,979.52	100%	0.90	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with simultaneously constructed Donors Will - Augustus Downs Road. When assessing roads together expenditure is expected to align closely with the combined RV.
Inverleigh Access	s	27,279.28	s	2,405.86	100%	0.09	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with simultaneously constructed Ten Mile Road. When assessing coads together expenditure is expected to align closely with the combined RV.
Denors Hill - Augustus Downs Road	5	4,556,053.77	5 3,81	7,289.84	100%	0.84	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with simultaneously constructed Neumayer Valley Access. When assessing roads together expenditure is expected to align closely with the combined RV.
Augustus Downs Access	s	28,213.06	s	4,675.13	100%	0.17	Overlapping comp and establishment costs with simultaneously constructed Nardoo to Leichardt Road. When assessing roads together expenditure is expected to align closely with the combined RV.
Nardoo - Leichardt Road	5	1,169,208.98	5 31	10,583,55	95%	0:81	Road partially constructed before vertices on shutdown, re-establishment costs required to construct remaining works are expected to increase expenditure and align closer to RV.
Normanton - Burketown Road	15	1,430,691.51	\$ 54	2.366.00	32%	1.07	Accrued costs processing, currently under construction.
McAllister Road	1.5	2,474,714.58	5 4	2,301.97	17%	0.97	Accrued costs processing, currently under construction.
Lorraine Access	5	43,982.34	5	194.73	0%	1.00	
TOTAL	5	11.921.389.43	5 6.91	4.322.23			

^{*}Expected expenditure ratio is the ratio of final expenditure divided by the recommended value, (i.e. 1.5 is 50% over budget, 0.8 is 20% under budget)

					Submission	1 050,0007.5	1930CALC
Road Name		Construction remanded Value		spenditure	Complete (%)	Espected Expenditure Satio	Notes
Shady Lagoon Access	5	79,713.47	5	33,938.70	100%	0.46	Overtapping camp and establishment costs with simultaneously constructed QRAIS Shady Lagoon Access. When assessing roads together expenditure is expected to align closely with the combined RV.
Delta Downs Road	1.5	1,598,239.95	\$	576,997.32	0%	1.00	
Dorunda Access	5	1,298,533.76	5	5,704.99	0%	1.00	<u> </u>
Glencoe - Miranda Downs Road	1.5	516,884.05	5	6,208.10	0%	1.00	
Inkerman Access	1.5	1,804,651.21	\$	119,453.34	0%	1.00	
Lotus Vale - Stirling Road	- 5	1,627,243.38	5	144,015.33	0%	1.00	
Stirling - Miranda Downs Road	5	359,425.65	5	1,724.19	0%	1.00	
Vanrook Access	- 3	149,018.33	5	659.78	0%	1.00	
TOTAL	5	7,447,710.00	5	888,701.95			

			Submission	4 CSC OOTR 1	STOCHEC
Road Name	Construction Recommended Value	Espenditure	Camplete (%)	Expected Expenditure Ratio	Notes
Koolatah - Dixie Road	\$ 4,041,152.28	52,799,897.74	47%	1.08	Road partially constructed before wetseason shutdown, remaining works will be completed as soon as accessible in the 2022 construction season.
Dunbar - Koolatah Road	\$ 217,384.80	5 46,948.36	0%	1.00	
Koolatah - Drumduff Road	\$ 793,815.29	5 6,295.33	0%	1.00	
TOTAL	\$ 5,052,352,37	\$ 2,847,139,43			

		7	Submission	Z = CSC.0056	ARZOLAGO
Raad Firms	Construction Recommended Value	Expenditure	Complete (%)	Espected Espenditure Ratio	Notes
Woodview Assess	5 27,893.25	5 12,175.40	100%	0.44	Savings incurred due to crew working from town and no camp establishment required.
Beard Access	5 25,541.78	5 7,809.23	100%	0.11	Construction completed in less than one day, savings incurred due to crew working from town and no camp establishment required.
Glenore Weir Service Access	5 41,470.85	5 31,310.36	100%	0.75	Overlapping costs with adjacent Glenore Weir Road (Secondary Access), when assessing together expenditure is expected to align closely with the combined RV.
Glenore Weir Road (Secondary Access)	5 11,748.18	\$ 13,417,00	100%	1.14	Overlapping costs with adjacent Glenore Weir Service Access, when assessing Assets trigether expenditure is expected to align closely with the combined RV.
Pioneer Access	5 34,977.91	5 41,893.69	100%	1.20	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with simultaneously constructed Trenton Road and Mundjuro Access. When assessing roads together expenditure is expected to align closely with the combined RV.
Claraville Road	5 1,229,536.07	5 752,657.62	100%	18.0	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with simultaneously constructed Broadwater- iffley Road. When assessing roads together expenditure is expected to align closely with the combined River.
Treaton Road	\$ 2,751,917.36	\$ 1,802,365.91	100%	0.65	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with simultaneously constructed Mundjuro Access and Pioneer Access. When assessing roads together expenditure is expected to align closely with the combined RV.
Mundpire Access	5 94,246.86	\$ 17,504.33	100%	0.40	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with simultaneously constructed Trenton Road and Florier Access. When assessing roads together expenditure is expected to align closely with the combined RV.
Yappar River Access	\$ 72,257.77	5 43,836.63	100%	0.60	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with simultaneously constructed Broadwater - liftley fload. When assessing roads together expenditure is expected to align closely with the combined RV.
Yappar River Access (Secondary Access)	\$ 43,445.97	5 883.37	100%	9.02	Overlapping camp and establishment costs with simultaneously constructed Broadwater iffley Road. When assessing roads together expenditure is expected to align closely with the combined RV.
Broadwater - littley Road	5 3,524,272.79	5 2,350,933.70	86%	0.77	Road partially constructed before wetreason shutdown, re-establishment costs required to construct remaining works are expected to increase expenditure and align closer to RV.
Ittley Road	5 4,345,707.86	\$2,107,451,57	42%	1.03	Road partially constructed before wetseason shutdown, remaining works will recommence in mid April.
Glenore Access	5 52,564.27	5 1,019.93	0%	1.00	
Wondoola Access	\$ 471,158.12	5 223,574.26	0%	1.00	
Wondoola Bypass Road	5 1,021,560.02	5 21,795.57	0%	1.00	
TOTAL	\$ 13,768,314-21	\$ 7,456,126.34			



Appendix E - Approved Betterment Projects

Project	Value
Normanton to Burketown Pavement Improvements and Sealing (Project 11/12)	Project RV \$3.1million Construction value \$2.5million
Normanton to Burketown Pavement Improvements and Sealing (Project 13)	Project RV \$0.96million Construction value \$0.76million
Desludging of the Normanton Sewerage Lagoon	\$974,558
Disaster Coordination Shed	\$375,000
Karumba Airport Weather Station	\$87,000
Karumba Chlorine Generator	\$180,000
Normanton Water Treatment Plant Pipework Upgrades	\$150,000
Normanton Water Treatment Plant Storage Upgrades	\$40,000
Investigation into New Karumba Sewage System	\$80,000
Glenore Weir Intake, Pipework and Valve Set Upgrades	\$320,000
Karumba Foreshore	\$500,000
Normanton Stormwater Upgrades	\$228,882
Armstong Creek Causeway	\$793,339

Project has been completed

# Appendix F – EOT Approvals

C. hariarian Dafarance	Frankling Types	Bunjage	Previous Time	EOT Duration	EGT
CONTRACTOR PROPERTY.	running type	Trojecc	Limit	(months)	EO approvar
CSC.0006.1819E.REC	QRA19 REPA	Submission 1	30-Jun-21	3	30-Sep-21
CSC.0010.1819E.REC	QRA19 REPA	Submission 2	30-Jun-21	6	31-Dec-21
CSC.0009.1819E.REC	QRA19 REPA	Submission 3	30-Jun-21	3	30-Sep-21
CSC.0019.1819E.REC	QRA19 REPA	Submission 4	30-Jun-21	¥	30-Sep-21
CSC.0015.1819E.REC	QRA19 REPA	Submission 5	30-Jun-21	6	31-Dec-21
CSC.0025.1819E.REC	QRA19 REPA	Submission 6	30-Jun-21	12	30-Jun-22
CSC.0016.1819E.REC	2018-19 Betterment	Normanton to Burketown Sealing P11/12	30-Jun-21	4	31-0ct-21
CSC.0017.1819E.REC	2018-19 Betterment	Normanton to Burketown Sealing P13	30-Jun-21	4	31-0ct-21
CSC.0040.1819E.DWS	2018-19 Betterment	Desilting of the Normanton Sewer Lagoons	30-Jun-21	3	30-Sep-21



#### 11.3 WATER AND WASTE REPORT

Attachments: NIL

**Author:** Ben Hill - Manager Water and Sewerage

**Date:** 12 April 2022

**Key Outcome:** 5.3 - A safe and sustainable water network

**Key Strategy:** 5.3.1 Plan, deliver and manage efficient and sustainable, high quality,

water supply systems.

## **Executive Summary:**

Normanton Water Treatment Plant (WTP), Karumba Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) and Normanton STP are operating effectively. The following items of interest are discussed in further detail within the report:

- Water levels at Glenore Weir are approximately 3.50m (AHD).
- Total treated water was 76.4ML for the month.
- The SCADA upgrades are completed at the WTP with minor issues being ironed out as they arrive.
- Operations staff undertook refresher training on the approved DWQMP.
- Eleven low pressure sewer pumps were replaced in Karumba.

## **RECOMMENDATION:**

That Council:

- accepts the Water and Wastewater Report as presented for the period ending 31st March 2022; and
- 2. that those matters not covered by resolution be noted.

## **Background:**

## **Glenore Weir**

The water level at Glenore Weir was measured at 7.80m on the DNRME gauge (3.50m AHD). The Bureau of Meteorology recorded 42.6mm rainfall at Normanton Airport during the month.



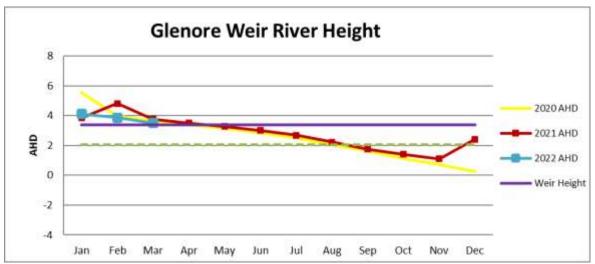


Figure 1: Glenore Weir River Height on the last day of the month.

## **Normanton Water Treatment Plant**

For the month, 72.4ML was pumped from Glenore Weir and 4.0ML from the Normanton bore for a total of 76.4ML of raw water (see Figure 1).

Normanton consumed 45.2ML (59.2%) and 25.6ML (33.6%) was pumped to Karumba, approximately 4.4ML (5.8%) was used for backwashing and bulk water supply/storage. The remaining 1.4% was recorded as systems losses.

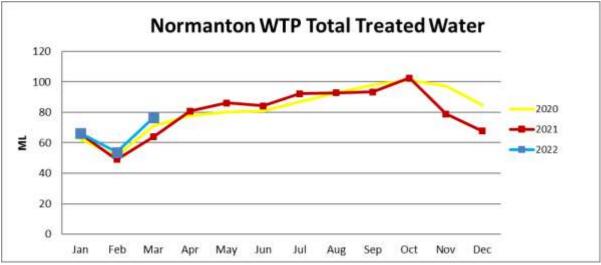


Figure 2: Total raw water treated

## **Maintenance and Upgrades**

The SCADA upgrade that has taken place recently has pretty much been wrapped up. As it is a major technical process, there are still minor issues popping up from time to time that the contractors work through as required. The next phase of the project is to bring on additional equipment that is not currently being monitored on the existing system. A similar upgrade will also occur at Karumba STP which will bring the two systems better into line with each other.



As discussed in last month's report, the amended Drinking Water Quality Management Plan (DWQMP) was approved by the Department of Regional Development, Manufacturing and Water (RDMW). All water and waste staff undertook refresher training on all of the elements within the plan.

New pumps are scheduled to be installed at Glenore Weir after Easter as part of the Glenore Weir rectification works. The pumps are a slightly larger size than the existing and will be able to operate more efficiently.

## Normanton Sewage Treatment Plant and Reticulation Network

Normanton Sewerage Treatment Plant (STP) received approximately 10.9ML (see Figure 3) of wastewater for the month. The treated effluent has seen improvement since the completion of the de-silting project and met the requirements of Council's Environmental Authority (licence).

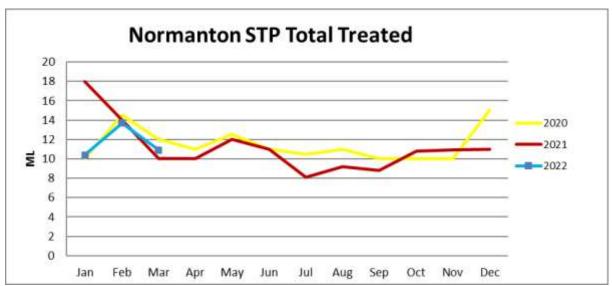


Figure 3: Total volume treated at Normanton STP

## **Maintenance and Upgrades**

Plant performance and clarity continue to improve since the de-silting project has been completed. Additional maintenance work is now being carried out with the new operator being engaged to assist in Normanton.

## **Karumba STP and Low Pressure Network**

Karumba Sewage Treatment facility treated approximately 3.2ML (see Figure 4) for the month.



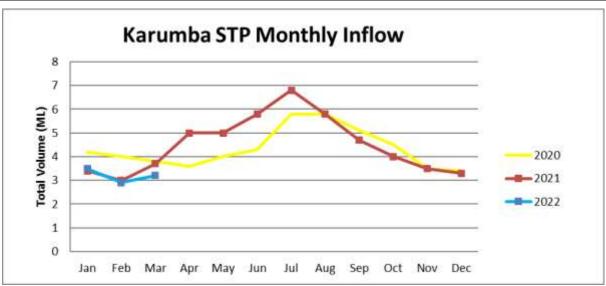


Figure 4: Total Monthly inlet flow for Karumba STP.

## Compliance

Samples from the treatment plant were analysed and found to be within range of all parameters as set out in the Environmental Authority.

## **Maintenance and Upgrades**

For the month, eleven low pressure pumps were replaced in the field after failing. The membranes continue to be nursed through until funding can be allocated for their replacement. Additional work has been carried out on them that has slightly increased their productivity, however they are still running at a significantly reduced capacity which means longer run times, additional maintenance and significant electricity costs.

The new forklift at Karumba has been well received and is utilized on an almost daily basis. It has also been used to lift and replace pumps in the field, particularly at the caravan parks where pumps can be difficult to remove. The operator has passed on a number of positive comments in relation to how much easier it has made multiple tasks.

A meeting was held with Jeff Ballard of Northern Water Management in relation to the options study for the Karumba sewerage pumping systems. A scheduled site visit will occur during April for the engineer to ensure he has all of the required information to put together a well-informed proposal. He will provide advice and recommendations for four possible scenarios, as follows:

- 1. Do nothing approach
- 2. Gravity sewer with 3-4 pump stations
- 3. Gravity sewer with 6-7 pump stations
- 4. Vacuum system

## **Karumba Waste Transfer and Normanton Landfill**

Wanless Pty Ltd have taken over the management of the waste operations (excluding rubbish collection) since early October of last year. The facilities are beginning to become cleaner and over time should operate in an efficient manner. Various netting has been



installed to prevent windblown rubbish from getting out of the facility and also better differentiate the waste streams. Photos of the improvements can be seen in Figures 5 and 6.



Figure 5: Netting behind the tyres.



Figure 6: Waste bins and surrounding netting.



Regular discussions continue with the site supervisors to maintain operations as well as monthly virtual meetings with managers and directors. As discussed previously, Wanless are looking at installing ramps to allow easier access to residents to place waste in the bins. In the meantime, waste that cannot be put into the bins can be placed neatly on the ground for the operator to collect, it has been requested that a sign be installed to signify the lay-down point.

#### **Finance**

Table 1 below shows the Water and Waste budget and expenditure for the year to date.

Table 1. Finance and budget for the year to date

Row Labels	Sum of Original Budget	Sum of Order Value	Sum of YTD Actual	Sum of Total Actual
☐ Operating Expenditure				
Landfill/ Waste Transfer Operations	751,328	164,190	587,192	751,382
Refuse Collection	262,536	0	157,011	157,011
Sewerage	1,510,568	15,882	859,687	875,568
Water	2,567,893	12,874	1,629,914	1,642,788
Operating Expenditure Total	5,092,324	192,946	3,233,804	3,426,750
☐ Operating Income				
Landfill/ Waste Transfer Operations	-845,960	0	-919,872	-919,872
Sewerage	-1,599,000	0	-1,494,788	-1,494,788
Water	-1,840,000	0	-1,845,534	-1,845,534
Operating Income Total	-4,284,960	0	-4,260,194	-4,260,194
Grand Total	807,364	192,946	-1,026,390	-833,444

#### Consultation (Internal/External):

- Michael Wanrooy Director of Engineering.
- Ben Hill Manager Water and Waste.
- Executive Leadership Team
- Trades and operational staff.

#### **Legal Implications:**

Low – within normal operational parameters.

#### **Financial and Resource Implications:**

Medium – upgrades required for 2020/21 financial year to remain compliant.

### **Risk Management Implications:**

Nil.



#### 11.4 WORKSHOP REPORT

Attachments: NIL

Author: William Bollen - Workshop Foreman

**Date:** 12 April 2022

**Key Outcome:** 5.1 - Integrated and timely provision and management of sustainable

infrastructure and assets

**Key Strategy:** 5.1.1 Develop a Strategic Infrastructure and Asset Management Plan

to guide the provision, maintenance, decommissioning, replacement

and enhancement of Council assets and infrastructure.

#### **Executive Summary:**

This report provides information and updates to Council on various maintenance and repairs that are facilitated within the Workshop.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

That Council:

1. receive the Workshop Report as presented; and

2. that those matters not covered by resolution be noted.

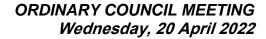
#### Background:

Full wet season work nearing completion. The availability of parts is still an issue and are still holding up projects.

Current	and Completed Tasks
P4408 Fuel Trailer	Wheel bearings replaced, brake pads replaced, brake adjuster wedge replaced.
P4406 Fuel Trailer	Wheel bearings replaced, brake pads replaced, brake adjuster wedge replaced.
P4407 Fuel Trailer	Wheel bearings replaced, brake pads replaced, brake adjuster wedge replaced.
P6906 Fuel Tank	Repair fuse holders.
P4016 Triple Deck	Service and clean radiator 1980hrs Machine is currently expensive parts replaced.
P3531 Tractor	250hr Service and inspect slasher, replace L/H steer Tyre 1642hrs.
P5506 Pressure Cleaner	Replace washdown bay cleaner.
P4013 Mower	Remove cutter deck and gear box from machine.
P4511 Mower	Fit cutter deck from 4013.
P4512 Mower	Repair oil leak in transmission PTO shaft leak.



P3033 Tractor	Replace inner guard switches, dismantle rear of transmission to access PTO shaft and seals.
P1877 Colorado	Front struts and brakes replaced.
P1784 Colorado	Drive Hilux back to Karumba and re-fit cleaner's boxes.
P5800 Yanmar Bore Motor	Service and install at McAllister, pump leaked out coolant and oil, possibly/likely over heated and gathering quotes for replacement.
P4000 Road Broom	Repair lift holders straightening with heat, replace single jockey wheel.
P3811 Stabiliser	Repair hydraulic temp sender connecting, check for overheating of oil, filter stock reordered and spare air filters on urgent freight. 463hrs.
P3515 Grader	500hrs Service and Tandems currently being repaired/ adjusted, not all service parts for tandem arrived so repairs delayed. 8421hrs.
P4016 Tiple Deck	Replace Starter Motor 1999hrs.
P3516 Grader	Failed O-ring on injector oil pump causing oil leak, steering malfunction possible bypassing spool/valve in top of frame.
P358 Fuel Trailer	Check over and grease, adjust brakes as required, Biocide added.
P7018 Generator	Service and run.
P3717 Grader	Install replacement stereo.
P2520 Service Truck	Replace fan shroud, front springs, bearings, exhaust brakes/PDF, waiting on rear shoes to arrive.
P2402 WTP Truck	Waiting for T70 Torx bits to arrive, needed to remove hubs which will allow us to replace brakes, callipers and rear rotor.
P3137 Backhoe at Karumba	Bonnet and side covers ordered.
P3011 Skid Steer	Throttle peddle assembly ordered.
P1104 Carpenter's Hilux	Replace windscreen, service vehicle and replace tyres with A/T's.
P1111 Hilux	Rotate and replace front tyres.
P3531 Tractor	Replace inching peddle return spring.
P2902 Truck	Inspect A/C and clean.
P1664 Cruiser	Replace windscreen.
P2801 Hino	Waiting for A/C pipe to arrive.
P4501 Forklift	Rear tyres repaired.





P2511 Water Truck Replace front struts, leaf spring and pins/bushes.	P2511 Water Truck	Replace front struts, leaf spring and pins/bushes.
----------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------	----------------------------------------------------

Plant currently on the waiting list for repairs for either parts or diagnosing:

Plant not currently being used:

All Council Plant currently undergoing Wet Season Maintenance

### **Consultation (Internal/External):**

Nil.

### **Legal Implications:**

• Nil.

## **Financial and Resource Implications:**

• Nil.

## **Risk Management Implications:**

Within normal operating parameters.



#### 11.5 BUILDING AND PLANNING REPORT

Attachments: NIL

Author: Elizabeth Browning - Engineering Records Operator

**Date:** 12 April 2022

**Key Outcome:** 4.1 - Sustainable urban and rural development

**Key Strategy:** 4.1.1 Ensure development accords with Carpentaria Shire Council's

planning scheme, planning instruments, codes and legislation.

The report is to advise Council of relevant planning and building activities within the Shire for the month of March 2022.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

That Council note and accept the content of the Building and Planning Report as presented.

### Background:

### **Planning Applications Received**

DA No.	Applicant	Address	Application Type	Status
1/2204	M & J Grunske c/- Ausnorth Consultants Pty Ltd	29 Col Kitching Drive, Karumba QLD 4891 (also known as 29 Karumba Point Road, Karumba QLD 4891)	Reconfiguring a Lot (into 3 lots)	Received

## **Planning Applications Approved**

DA No.	Applicant	Address	Application Type	Status
1/2202	Australian Parklands Pty Ltd c/- GMA Certification Group	Sunset Caravan Park, 39-53 Palmer Street, Karumba QLD 4891	Boundary Siting Dispensation	Approved

### **Building Applications Received by Building Certifier**

DA No.	Applicant	Address	Application Type	Value
1/2206	Bynoe Properties Pty Ltd as trustee for Bynoe Properties Unit Trust	59 Landsborough Street, Normanton QLD 4890 (Lots 88-93 N14812)	Construction of new Supermarket, Fuel outlet and Caretakers Residence 408	\$7,408,595.70

#### **Building Permits Issued**



DA No.	Applicant	Address	Application Type	Value
N/A				

### Applications pending waiting on further information (Applicants advised)

DA No.	Applicant	Address	Application Type	Date Received
N/A				

### Consultation (internal/external)

- Elizabeth Taylor Consultant Town Planner
- Michael Pickering Consultant Town Planner
- Lisa McKay Director/Principal Planner (LM Planning Solutions Pty Ltd)
- Peter Watton Building Certifier

## **Legal implications**

N/A

## **Policy Implications**

N/A

#### **Financial and Resource Implications**

N/A

### **Risk Management Implications**

Low – risks are within normal operational parameters



# 11.6 TOWN PLANNING APPLICATION - BUILDING WORK ACCESSABLE AGAINST THE PLANNING SCHEME - REQUEST FOR A SITING DISPENSATION

**Attachments:** 11.6.1. Appendix 1 - Copy of Survey Plan showing proposed

new lot boundaries <u>↓</u>

**Author:** Elizabeth Browning - Engineering Records Operator

**Date:** 12 April 2022

**Key Outcome:** 4.1 - Sustainable urban and rural development

**Key Strategy:** 4.1.1 Ensure development accords with Carpentaria Shire Council's

planning scheme, planning instruments, codes and legislation.

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:**

Council is in receipt of an application for Reconfiguring a Lot at 29 Col Kitching Drive, Karumba. The site is more properly described as Lot 1 on SP223904, Parish of Norman, County of Norman. The application is Code Assessable.

Council approved a previous application on the same site for reconfiguration (1 lot into 2 lots) in 2018. This application did not proceed.

The application is generally in accordance with the Carpentaria Shire Planning Scheme and is recommended for approval subject to conditions.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

That Council resolve:

In accordance with the *Planning Act 2016*, as amended, that the applicant be notified that the application for a Development Permit for Reconfiguring a Lot (one (1) lot into three (3) lots) at 29 Col Kitching Drive, Karumba, more properly described as Lot 1 on SP223904, is approved, subject to the conditions detailed below:

### A. ASSESSMENT MANAGER CONDITIONS (COUNCIL)

#### General

- 1. The development shall be undertaken substantially in accordance with the Survey Plan showing the proposed new reconfiguration, creating three (3) Lots, except as modified by any conditions below, to the satisfaction of the Chief Executive Officer or delegate.
- 2. Any future building work on each newly created lot shall be carried out generally in accordance with any relevant Council requirements.
- 3. The Home-based business currently operating on the site is required to be contained wholly within Proposed Lot 1, to the satisfaction of the Chief Executive Officer or delegate.
- 4. This approval, granted under the provisions of the *Planning Act 2016*, shall lapse four (4) years from the day the approval takes effect, in accordance with the *Planning Act 2016*, if the development has not been commenced.

#### **Site Access**



 The three (3) new lots created, shall each have formed, sealed access to a standard satisfactory to Council and completed prior to the Council endorsement of the Plan of Survey, to the satisfaction of the Chief Executive Officer or delegate.

#### **Urban Services and On Street Works**

- 6. All stormwater and runoff from the new lots created is to drain to a lawful point of discharge and drain in such a way that it does not concentrate flow on any abutting properties, nor does it create ground erosion problems on adjoining properties, to the satisfaction of the Chief Executive Officer or delegate.
- 7. The applicant is to meet any cost of any connections or upgrades required to all urban services (water, sewer, electricity, telecommunications, drainage) for Proposed Lots 4 and 5. If required, water supply, sewerage and on street works are to be constructed to the relevant standards stated in Schedule 1, Part 3 of the Shire of Carpentaria Planning Scheme.
- 8. Any work associated with connecting to urban services and constructing on street works for each of the proposed lots, shall be undertaken in accordance with an approved plan and shall be established/connected, prior to the Council endorsement of the Plan of Survey, to the satisfaction of the Chief Executive Officer or delegate.
- 9. Should any of the Council's assets be damaged during the construction of any crossovers and driveways servicing each lot, or associated works, the cost of the reinstatement of all such assets shall be met by the applicant and completed prior to the Council endorsement of the Plan of Survey, to the satisfaction of the Chief Executive Officer or delegate.
- 10. A notation is to be placed on the Rates Notice of the three (3) new lots, stating that any new dwelling house is required to have a minimum finished floor level of 4.0 metres and to be sited towards the front of the lot, with a setback of 6.0 metres to the road frontage. Only Class 10 buildings (non-habitable) are permitted to be located towards the rear of the lots with the understanding that short-term inundation may potentially occur in the future; to the satisfaction of the Chief Executive Officer or delegate.

### **Plan of Survey**

- 11. The Plan of Survey creating the three (3) proposed lots must be lodged with Council for endorsement and then with the State government for registration, following completion, to Council specifications and standards, of any Urban Services and On Street Works required under Conditions 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, above.
- B. REFERRAL AGENCY CONDITIONS NIL
- C. SUBMISSIONS- NIL
- D. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED NIL



#### E. APPLICABLE CODES FOR SELF ASSESSABLE DEVELOPMENT

- Shire of Carpentaria Planning Scheme
- Standard Building Regulation 1993
- Building Act
- Building Code of Australia
- Water and Sewerage Act 1949

#### F. RIGHT OF APPEAL

Appeal Rights from the Planning Act 2016 are attached.

#### **TOWN PLANNING REPORT**

This report has been prepared by Council's Town Planning Consultant, Liz Taylor.

#### RECONFIGURATION OF A LOT - CODE ASSESSMENT

#### 1.0 SITE AND APPLICATION SUMMARY

FILE NUMBER: 1/2204

APPLICANT: Mark & Julieanne Grunske

C/- AusNorth Consultants Pty Ltd

PO Box 38

MACHANS BEACH QLD 4878

**REGISTERED LAND** 

**OWNERS:** 

Mark & Julieanne Grunske

**LOCATION:** 29 Col Kitching Drive, Karumba QLD 4891

REAL PROPERTY

**DESCRIPTION:** 

Lot 1 SP223904

**SITE AREA**: 5,719 m²

**EXISTING USE:** Residential dwelling and Home- based business

**PROPOSED USE:** Three (3) Lots for residential development

**TYPE OF APPLICATION:** Reconfiguring a Lot – Code Assessment

TOWN PLANNING Residential Zone

**ZONING:** 

SUBMISSIONS: Not Applicable

REFERRAL AGENCIES: Nil



CONCURRENCE AGENCY Nil

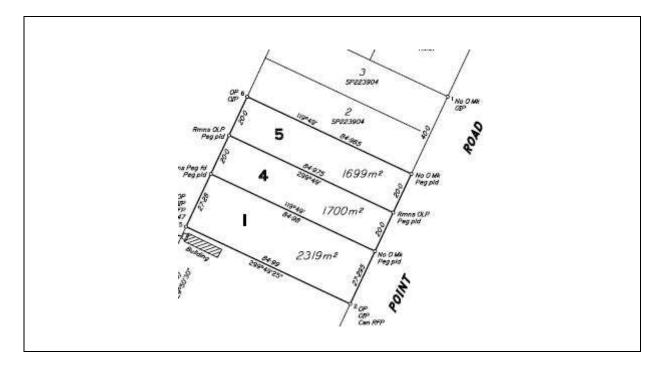
ADVICE AGENCY Nil

#### 2.0 PROPOSAL

The application is for reconfiguration to subdivide existing Lot 1 SP223904 with an area of 5,719m² into three (3) residential lots, as follows:

- Proposed Lot 1 residential lot with an existing dwelling and an area of 2,319m² and a frontage of 27.3 metres; and
- Proposed Lot 4 residential vacant lot with an area of 1,700m² and a 20.0 metre frontage; and
- Proposed Lot 5 residential vacant lot with an area of 1,699m² and a 20.0 metre frontage.

Refer Proposal Plan of the three (3) proposed Lots, below.



#### 3.0 STATUTORY PLANNING CONSIDERATIONS

Under the provisions of the Shire of Carpentaria Planning Scheme, the site is located within the Residential Zone. The intent and objective of this zone are as follows: -

The Residential Zone

The intent and objective of this zone are as follows: -



The Residential Zone is intended to develop as the residential area, in the towns of Normanton and Karumba, with little intrusion of non-residential uses. The acceptable non-residential uses are Home-based Industries, Community Facilities or uses that provide a local or community service to the residents of the area.

#### Residential Objectives

- (a) The primary uses in the Residential Zone will be for Dwelling Houses and supporting Community Infrastructure that needs to locate within or adjacent to the residential areas:
- (b) Other residential buildings and residential uses should be located and designed to minimize any adverse impacts and to maximize the impacts on, and the benefits to, the built environment; and
- (c) The health and safety of residents and visitors are maintained.

The proposed development is compliant with the Intent and Objectives of the Residential Zone.

#### 4.0 DEVELOPMENT REQUIREMENTS

The application requires assessment against the following Codes:

- Reconfiguring a Lot Code; and
- General Development Code.

As no development is proposed on the site in association with this application it is not necessary to undertake an extensive assessment of this application against all relevant provisions of the Planning Scheme.

### 4.1 Reconfiguring a Lot Code

Column 1 Specific Outcomes	Column 2 Probable Solutions for Assessable Development1	Comments
RESIDENTIAL ZONE		
Vehicular Access		



Lot reconfigurations mulallow for good access to the proposed defined use or unclass and assist in the implementation of the rochierarchy.	e of a lot has appropriate and practical vehicular access to a road such that the access	Complies
	Any new road has a carriageway width of 8m within a road reserve of 20m.	N/A
On-site Services a Facilities	d	
A range of adequate, sa and reliable on-site service and facilities must provided.		Can comply
	(i) water supply;	
	(ii) sewage treatment;	
	(iii) drainage;	
	(iv) power supply; and	
	(v) telecommunications.	
Residential Use		
Each new lot or separated part of a lot has adequated useable area to allow for:-	_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Complies
(i) a dwelling unit a ancillary buildings	000-2	
far as practicab		
avoids placing peop and works at r from flooding a other hazard;	k (III) If not a rear lot, a	
(ii) adequate useal open space for toccupants;	l otrin with the	
(iii) parking for at lea	et	



|--|

## 4.2 General Development Code

The assessment against this Code is set out below:-

Column 1 Specific Outcomes	Column 2 Probable Solutions for Assessable Development1	Comments
Boundary Roads		
Proposals aid in the orderly and proper acquisition of land.	A new road having one half the width of any other road in that locality is provided where a proposal for such a road occurs at the boundary of the land and the land is in two or more ownerships. Concrete kerb and channel is required along the frontage or frontages in urban areas.	N/A
Electricity		
Residential, Commercial and Industrial uses are supplied with electricity where supply is practical.	The proposal demonstrates that a supply of electricity is approved, where a supply is practical, prior to Council's endorsement on the plan of survey.	Can comply
External Works		
Any defined uses or use classes are to provide for external works relative to its size and scale and location in an urban or rural area.	Proposals include:-  (i) in non-urban areas the construction of	Can comply



BOSINESS FAFEINS			
		concrete kerb and channel is to be for the full length of the frontage or frontages of the site if such standard of kerb and channel exists within 100m of the development;	
	(ii)	grading of the footpath for the full length of the frontage or frontages of the site;	
	(iii)	crossings over channel and footpath;	
	(iv)	a constructed footpath for the full length of the frontage or frontages of the site if such standard of constructed footpath exists within 100m of the development;	
	(v)	where the road is not fully paved, the paving of the road with bitumen between the existing pavement and the channel if such standard of paved road exists within 100m of the development; and	
	(vi)	where the road is not paved, the construction of the carriageway and the paving with bitumen from the lip of the channel to the centre-	



	line for half the width of the carriageway or for a width of 6 metres, whichever is greater. Where concrete kerb and channel is not required, for a width of 6 metres if such standard of road exists within 100m of the development.	
Landscaping  The visual amenity in any locality is enhanced by proposals that incorporate landscaping appropriate to the area in the density and height of the vegetation proposed.  Visual screening by mounds, screen walls, or the planting of trees and shrubs.	Existing vegetation to be retained.	Can comply
Lighting  Any proposed lighting has no adverse impacts on the surrounding residential areas.	The level of illumination at the boundary of the site does not exceed 8 lux measured at any level upwards from the ground level.  Lighting is shielded or screened in a manner that causes minimal impact on adjoining properties.	N/A
Parking, Loading and Unloading  Car parking does not hinder or obstruct the use of any area by pedestrians or other vehicles.	Parking spaces comply with Table 6.10 - Areas and Dimensions.	N/A



Parking areas are laid out in such a manner as to provide adequate access to each parking space and

to permit free circulation of vehicles entering, leaving and parking. Access to parking spaces is provided from an aisle with an unobstructed width of at least 6.2 metres.

For a parallel parking space the minimum dimensions are 6.2 metres by 2.6 metres.

Car parking spaces for particular uses are in accordance with Table 6.11 - Number of Car Parking Spaces Required.

The gradient of a parking space does not exceed 10 per cent.

Parking areas are:-

- (i) drained, sealed, marked and signed;
- (ii) readily accessible for vehicular use and designed so that vehicles can enter and leave the premises in forward gear;
- (iii) not closer than 3 metres from the alignment of any structure;
- (iv) not closer than 3 metres to any boundary of the site;
- (v) landscaped;
- (vi) provided with trolley



walkways and devices to facilitate safe pedestrian circulation; and	
(vii) provided with motorbike and cycle parking spaces.	
Parking areas are located within the site on which the use is to be conducted.	
Adequate space is provided for the loading, unloading and fuelling of vehicles, for the parking of trailers and for the picking up and setting down of passengers.	
Heavy vehicles used for the cartage of livestock are not parked in a Residential Zone except for the prime mover exclusive of any trailers.	N/A
Where parking a heavy vehicle on land used for residential purposes occurs, provision is made to house the vehicle in a Class 1 or Class 10 building;  Or  The vehicle is parked behind the front building alignment.	
Rainwater storage tanks have a minimum capacity of 4,500 litres.	Site is within Council service area and new lot/s can be connected.
	pedestrian circulation; and  (vii) provided with motorbike and cycle parking spaces.  Parking areas are located within the site on which the use is to be conducted.  Adequate space is provided for the loading, unloading and fuelling of vehicles, for the parking of trailers and for the picking up and setting down of passengers.  Heavy vehicles used for the cartage of livestock are not parked in a Residential Zone except for the prime mover exclusive of any trailers.  Where parking a heavy vehicle on land used for residential purposes occurs, provision is made to house the vehicle in a Class 1 or Class 10 building;  Or  The vehicle is parked behind the front building alignment.



	tanks are not supplied, a dam, dams or bore supply is available.	
Sewerage  Outside the Council service area acceptable methods of sewage and sullage waste disposal protect the environment and the health of residents.	Methods of sewage disposal comply with the Department of Natural Resources and Mines On-site Sewerage Code and AS/NZS 1547:2000.	Site is within Council service area and new lot/s can be connected.
Storage Storage of equipment, materials, machinery or tools has no detrimental effect on the visual amenity of a residential area.	All equipment, materials, machinery or tools of trade in any business, profession, trade or hobby are housed in a Class 1 or Class 10 building or screened.	N/A
Vegetation  The visual amenity of the surrounding uses and of the Shire is protected.  A defined use or use class does not adversely impact on the ecological or landscape values of vegetation.	Trees and shrubs whether natural growth or planted are retained on the site except where on the site of a proposed building construction or posing a fire hazard to the development.  Vegetation is retained within:-  (i) 50 metres of the high bank of a river; and/or  (ii) 25 metres of the bank of any other watercourse.	Can comply
Drainage and Filling  The drainage or filling of land to enable its use.	Council requirements, which will be a condition of development, are met.	Can comply



	The movement of material shall not cause a dust nuisance.  There is no adverse impact on adjacent premises.	
Site Access  The movement of vehicles, including emergency vehicles, into and out of the site is facilitated.	The site layout facilitates the movement of traffic without impacting on the flow of traffic on the adjoining road or roads.	Can comply
Awnings Over Footpaths  In the Commercial Zone protection for pedestrians from severe climatic conditions is to be provided.	Proposals to provide covered walkways or awnings over pedestrian walkways.	N/A

#### 5.0 FLOODING/STORM SURGE/EROSION PRONE AREA

The local area is shown on mapping as prone to flooding and inundation. Extracts of a site survey showing the contours of each proposed lot are reproduced below.

The existing house on proposed lot 1 has a finished floor level of 4.0 metres, with a ground level of RL3.92 at the site frontage, sloping to a drainage channel/depression at RL 2.0 at the rear of the lot.

Proposed Lot 4 has a ground level of RL3.92 at the site frontage, sloping to RL 3.7 mid-lot and a drainage channel/depression at RL2.0 at the rear of the lot.

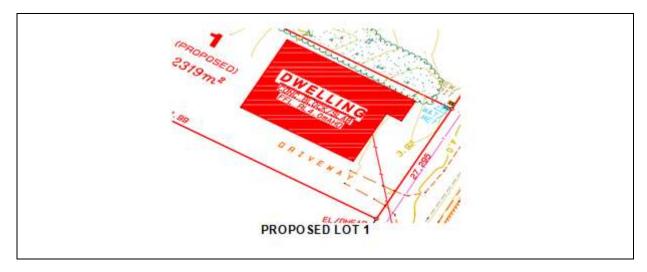
Proposed Lot 5 has a ground level of RL4.0 metres at the site frontage, sloping to RL3.70 metres mid -lot and a drainage channel/depression at the rear at RL2.0 metres.

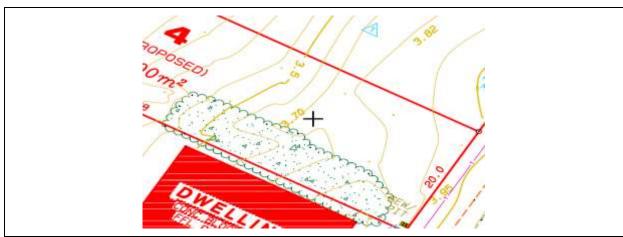
A telephone conversation was held on 22 March 2022 with Julianne Grunske, one of the landowners, who lives in the existing house on Proposed Lot 1. Julianne has advised that she has lived there for 20 years and has never had any inundation into



her house and no flooding. On that basis it is proposed to specify the following by condition on any approval:

CONDITION – A notation is to be placed on the Rates Notice of the three (3) new lots, stating that any dwelling house is required to have a minimum finished floor level of 4.0 metres or 250 millimetres above existing ground whichever is the highest level and to be sited towards the front of the lot, with a setback of 6.0 metres to the road frontage. Only Class 10 buildings (non-habitable) are permitted to be located towards the rear of the lots with the understanding that short-term inundation may potentially occur in the future.







#### PROPOSED LOT 4



#### 6.0 CONCLUSION

The proposed application for reconfiguration (1 lot into 3 lots) can generally comply with the relevant provisions of the Planning Scheme and is recommended for approval.

#### Consultation:

• Technical Officer, Planning and Town Planning Consultant, Liz Taylor.

### **Legal Implications:**

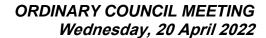
Planning Act 2016, Council's Town Planning Scheme.

### **Policy Implications:**

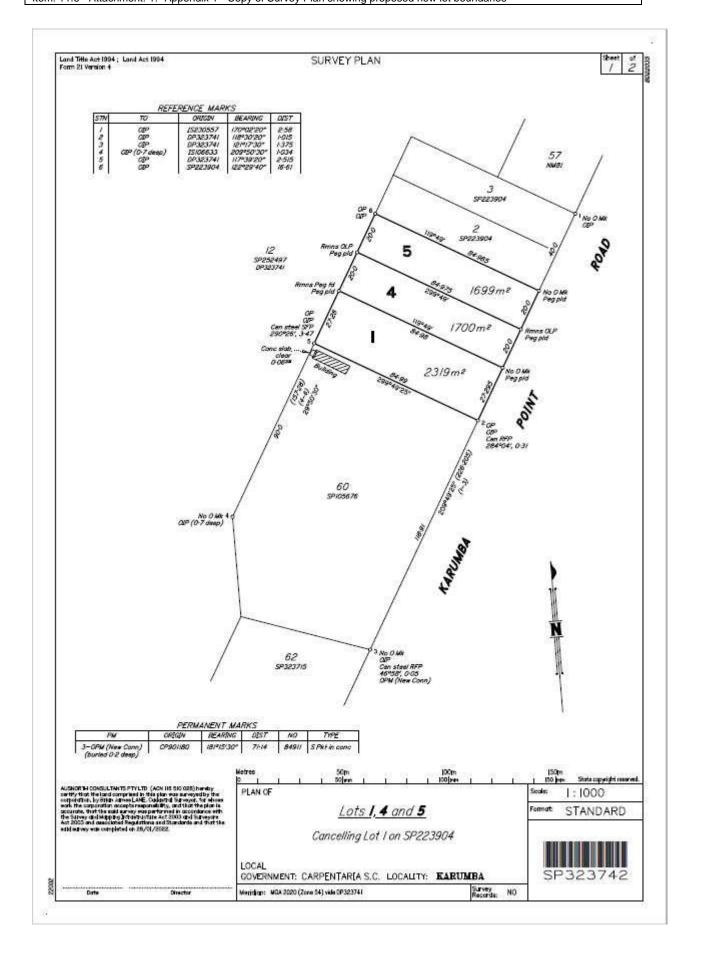
Nil

## **Financial & Resource Implications:**

Nil









- 12 GENERAL BUSINESS
- 13 CLOSURE OF MEETING